Ensemble methods: bagging

By Marios Michailidis



Examined ensemble methods

- Averaging (or blending)
- Weighted averaging
- Conditional averaging
- Bagging
- Boosting
- Stacking
- StackNet



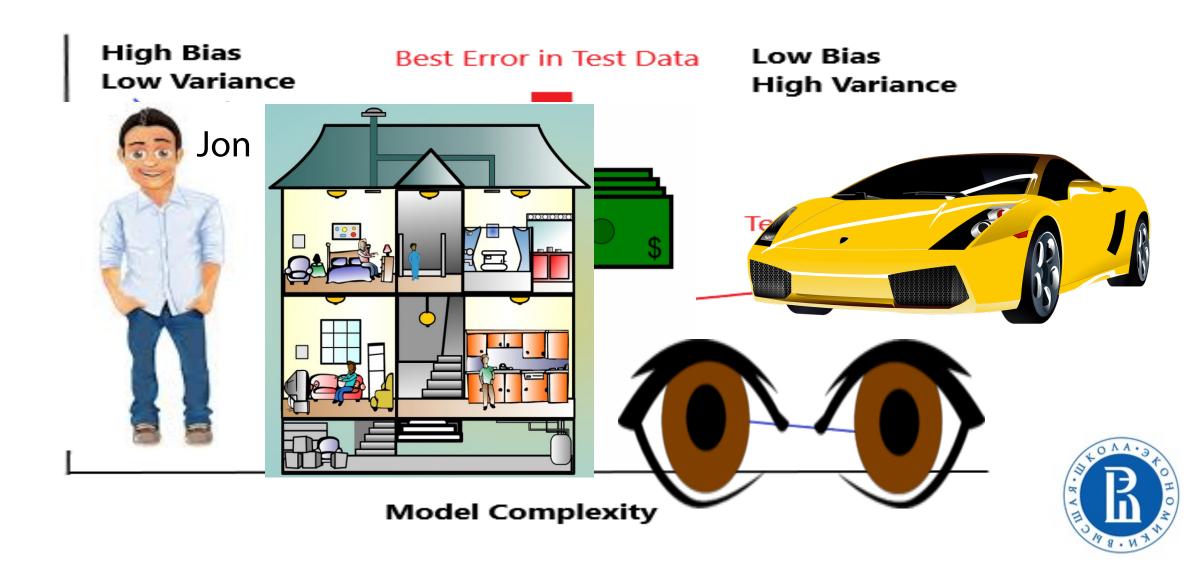
What is Bagging

Means **averaging** slightly different versions of the same model to improve accuracy





Why Bagging



Parameters that control bagging?

- Changing the seed
- Row (Sub) sampling or Bootstrapping
- Shuffling
- Column (Sub) sampling
- Model-specific parameters
- Number of models (or bags)
- (Optionally) parallelism



Examples of bagging

BaggingClassifier and BaggingRegressor from Sklearn

```
# train is the training data
# test is the test data
# y is the target variable
model=RandomForestRegressor()
bags=10
seed=1
# create array object to hold bagged predictions
bagged_prediction=np.zeros(test.shape[0])
#loop for as many times as we want bags
for n in range (0, bags):
     model.set params(random state=seed + n)# update seed
     model.fit(train,y) # fit model
     preds=model.predict(test) # predict on test data
     bagged prediction+=preds # add predictions to bagged predictions
#take average of predictions
bagged_prediction/= bags
```

