Introductory Astronomy

Week 4: Stars

Clip 1: Introduction



Plan

- Stars are Suns so start by learning what we can about our local star
- To compare to other stars, need to find luminosity, temperature, size, and mass
- Combine statistics with stellar models to understand how stars work



The Sun Shines – but How?

- Sun is big and hot so luminous $L_{\odot} = 3.83 imes 10^{26} \, \mathrm{W}$
- How does it stay hot?
- Chemical (rearrange electrons electromagnetic) burning produces $10^{-19}\,\rm J$ per atom, or $6\times 10^7\,\rm J$ per kg.
- Need to burn $6.4 \times 10^{18} \,\mathrm{kg/s}$ so run out in $10^4 \,\mathrm{y}$
- Kelvin-Helmholtz (gravitational) energy would last $10^7 \, \mathrm{y}$



Credits

 Sky Simulation: Starry Night http://www.starrynight.com/

