A Cure for Connection

Market Contraction of the contra

Remedy Your
Ailing Vocabulary
with 3,000+
Vibrant Alternatives
to the Most
Overused Words

A Cure for Common the Common

K.D. Sullivan



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Introduction

I'm reading a very interesting book.

Can you tell from the preceding sentence exactly what I mean by *interesting*? Not really. But what if I say, "I'm reading a very *helpful* book" or "I'm reading a very *comprehensive* book"? By changing just one word in this sentence to a more specific word, I convey a different meaning and give you more information about what I want to say. That's the goal of *A Cure for the Common Word*—to help you learn to more precisely convey your intended meaning when you write and when you speak.

Many of us tend to use the same words over and over. Even though it is estimated that the average person knows more than twenty thousand words, he or she uses only about 10 percent of those in daily life. Often it's out of habit or because it's easier to use the same old words, but sometimes it's because we don't fully understand the nuance of some alternative words or when it might be appropriate—and more powerful—to use them.

Granted, sometimes a vague or ambiguous word is just what you want—for example, when you are being discreet or want to leave your words open to interpretation. For example, if friends set you up on a less-than-stellar blind date, you can gracefully get out of giving a negative opinion by vaguely describing your date as a "nice" guy.

If you do want to be specific, then by expanding your repertoire of words, when you write and speak you will be able to use the most precise word for your meaning, not just the first word that comes to mind. And by using these more precise words, you will be able to communicate *exactly* what you mean and will do so in a quick and concise manner.

Using the same example of our blind date—and assuming this time that the date with Rich was a positive one—see what happens when we use different alternatives for our "nice" guy?

Rich has a **nice** personality.

Substitute an alternative remedy for *nice*:

personality. Rich has a(n) _

cordial Rich is warm, sincere, and friendly.

cultured Rich is refined in his manner and enlightened and

knowledgeable in the arts.

gentle Rich is never severe or harsh in any way.

gracious Rich is kind and courteous and has a compassionate nature.

A Cure for the Common Word is for anyone from middle-school age to adult, for those who write and speak in their profession and those eager to improve their vocabulary to be more effective in what they say.

For example, did you know that in the preceding sentence, eager is exactly the right word, rather than anxious, which many people would have used? That's because eager means having or showing keen interest or intense desire, whereas anxious means uneasy and apprehensive about an uncertain event.

How to Use This Book

This book includes one hundred of the most commonly overused words in the English language, based on research from several sources. Because these common words can often be vague, limiting, or confusing in a sentence, we'll show you how choosing specific alternatives to these common words helps you to more precisely convey your intended meaning.

Before we describe the elements of this book, let's take a brief look at the definitions of a few terms used throughout the book:

connotation—the associated or secondary meaning of a word or an expression in addition to its explicit or primary meaning

definition—a statement of the meaning of a word, phrase, or term, as in a dictionary entry

impression—a strong effect produced on the intellect, feelings, conscience, etc. meaning—what is intended to be, or actually is, expressed or indicated nuance—a subtle difference or distinction in expression, meaning, response, etc.

Each of these refers to going beyond the definition of a word, to the subtleties of what you mean—or what is perceived.

Now a guide to help you with the symptoms of and cures for the common words in this book.

A number of elements are associated with each of the one hundred common words in this book. The following descriptions will help you gain the most use of the alternatives offered in this book.

On each left-hand page, you'll see

- **The common word.** Be alert because of the one hundred common words, a few are the same word in spelling but not in definition. You're not seeing double.
- The common word's part of speech.
- A brief definition or definitions of the common word. Some common words are given only one definition, but other common words can be defined more than one way, all similar in nature.
- **Seven alternatives to the common word.** The meanings of these will all appear on the right-hand page.
- A more thorough list of alternatives for the common word. Though this list may not include all synonyms, we've listed the most relevant and/or powerful alternatives. A traditional thesaurus—in print or online—may list more words in all their forms, including their parts of speech.
- And for fun, a famous quote. The quote gives an example in which one of the alternatives was just the right word—the precise cure for what the speaker wanted to say.

On each right-hand page, you'll find

- **The diagnosis.** Each of the common words has some symptoms that need a cure. The diagnosis of the problem will be *vague*, *limiting*, or *confusing*.
- A sentence using the common word. Think of this as our "patient." Here's where you'll see how the common word may not convey clearly what you want to say (vague), doesn't say enough of what you'd like to convey (limiting), or could have different meanings (confusing).
- **The sentence's meaning.** Here are the "symptoms" of the common word—what the sentence means as written and how using the common word may keep us from understanding what's truly meant.
- Expanded alternatives and meanings. These "remedies" to our diagnosis are just a few of the many options you can choose from to highlight a primary point you want to make or a meaning you want to imply. Note that these alternative meanings and explanations are not definitions. Some alternatives are very similar and offer only slight nuances—subtle connotations or implications that evoke slightly different feelings or perceptions of what's meant. Others show how changing the word can dramatically change the actual meaning of the sentence. So look for key words to differentiate the implications of using each alternative.
- **A second quote.** Another fun, inspirational, or witty quote illustrates how choosing one of the alternative words gives a sentence—or sentiment—power and precise meaning.

A Wealth of Words

Because English has welcomed influences from so many other languages, you have a wealth of word choices to consider. Here are a few statistics you may not be aware of:

• The English language consists of more than a million words, if you include technical and scientific terms.

- The Oxford English Dictionary (OED), Second Edition, contains approximately 291,500 main entries with a total of more than 600,000 definitions, and Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, Eleventh Edition, contains approximately 25,000 main entries and more than 400,000 definitions!
- Experts estimate that the average educated person knows about 20,000 words and uses about 2,000 in a week.

It's actually pretty great that we have so many ways to express ourselves, and it can be fun discovering and using just the right word to say so precisely/exactly/perfectly/ideally/eloquently what we want to say/express/convey/write/communicate.

One of the very best ways that you can improve your vocabulary and develop your writing and speaking skills is to read, read, read. As you do, be aware of how effective writers present their ideas in ways that enable you to know and feel exactly what they're saying, as if you're right in the middle of the action.

I hope that the examples and alternatives to the common words in this book give you a great deal of information of what's possible. And I hope that this is a springboard for you to try new words, not only with the common overused words in this book, but in all your writing and speaking.

This book is for all those who are eternally curious, who have a joy in learning, and who ask and seek when they don't know.

Have fun!

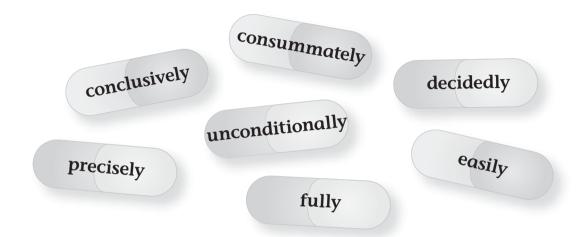
absolutely

PART OF SPEECH

adverb

DEFINITION

positively; certainly; having no restriction, exception, or qualification



cures for the common word

easily	straight out
entirely	sure enough
exactly	surely
fully	thoroughly
ideally	truly
positively	unambiguously
precisely	unconditionally
purely	unquestionably
really	utterly
right on	wholly
	entirely exactly fully ideally positively precisely purely really



Frodo: "You're late." Gandalf: "A wizard is never late, Frodo Baggins. Nor is he early. He arrives **precisely** when he means to."

J. R. R. TOLKIEN

Bob is **absolutely** the right person for the job.

We know from this sentence that Bob is a good choice, but we'd like more information on how that was determined or why he is so right for the job.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for absolutely:

Bob is _____ the right person for the job.

conclusively There were some questions as to whether Bob was right for the job,

and this puts an end to any debate.

consummately Bob has the highest degree of qualifications for the job.

decidedly There was never any hesitation that Bob was right for the job.

easily Neither discussion nor considering other candidates was even neces-

sary, because Bob is without question right for the job.

fully Bob is right for the job in every manner and degree.

precisely For some or many reasons, Bob is exactly the right choice—even if

he doesn't match an original profile of who would be right.

unconditionally Bob is right for the job, with no conditions or limits on that

perspective.



activity

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

a specific deed, action, or function



cures for the common word

act	exercise	pursuit
avocation	game	racket
bag	hobby	scene
ball game	interest	scheme
bit	job	stunt
deed	labor	task
endeavor	occupation	undertaking
enterprise	pastime	venture
entertainment	project	work



There are some **enterprises** in which a careful disorderliness is the true method.

HERMAN MELVILLE

DIAGNOSIS vague

Matt stayed after school to spend time on his **activity**.

We're unsure whether Matt is spending time on something fun—or not fun. The following alternatives give us more information.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for activity:

Matt stayed after school to spend time on his ______.

enterprise Matt is doing something that involves his ingenuity or is related to

something entrepreneurial.

exercise Matt is doing something as a means of practice or training.

job Matt is performing work as part of the routine of his occupation,

possibly for pay.

pastime Matt is enjoying a hobby or something that amuses him.

project Matt is working on something he has contemplated or devised

either for fun or to meet an obligation, such as a science project.

pursuit Matt is putting in an effort to attain something that meets special

criteria for him, a quest, such as practicing and honing a particular

skill.

task Matt has a commonly assigned piece of work to be finished within a

certain time.



offect affect

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to produce a material influence upon or alteration in



cures for the common word

act on	inspire	prevail
alter	interest	prompt
change	involve	regard
disturb	moderate	relate
impinge	modify	stir
impress	motivate	sway
incline	move	touch
induce	overcome	transform
influence	perturb	upset



Some painters **transform** the sun into a yellow spot, others transform a yellow spot into the sun.

PABLO PICASSO

DIAGNOSIS vague

Your decision will **affect** the outcome.

We know the outcome will be altered, but not how much your decision will be an influence, or if it will be positive or negative or to your advantage or the advantage of others.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for affect:

Your	decision will	the outcome.
------	---------------	--------------

alter The outcome will be different in some ways, but without completely

changing it into something new.

influence You have the power or capacity to cause a change in indirect or

intangible ways—presumably in your favor—and this may indicate

negative interference.

modify Your decision will cause fundamental changes to the outcome and

may even give a new orientation to the end.

prompt Your decision will spur on action.

sway Your decision will have a controlling influence, possibly in a way

that benefits you but not necessarily others.

transform Your decision will greatly change the outcome in a positive way.

upset Your decision will unexpectedly defeat an anticipated outcome.



amazing

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

causing great surprise or sudden wonder



cures for the common word

affecting	dazzling	remarkable
alarming	dumbfounding	shocking
astonishing	electrifying	staggering
astounding	flabbergasting	startling
bewildering	impressive	striking
blown away	moving	stunning
bowled down	overwhelming	stupefying
bowled over	perplexing	touching
dazing	put away	unexpected



Love is the only **shocking** act left on the face of the earth.

SANDRA BERNHARD

The magician performed amazing tricks.

We were all amazed at the wonder of the magician's tricks, but *amazing* doesn't specify whether the experience was intellectual or emotional, positive or negative. There are different ways to be amazed.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *amazing*:

The magician performed ______ tricks.

alarming The tricks were startling and caused a sudden fear or panic.

bewildering The tricks confused us, especially because of their complexity, vari-

ety, and multitude of objects and considerations.

dumbfounding The tricks were so remarkable that we didn't know what to say.

electrifying The tricks startled us and thrilled us.

Impressive The tricks made such an impression on us that we marveled at how

the magician was able to accomplish them.

remarkable The tricks were uncommon in an extraordinary way.

shocking The tricks were extremely startling, distressing, or offensive.



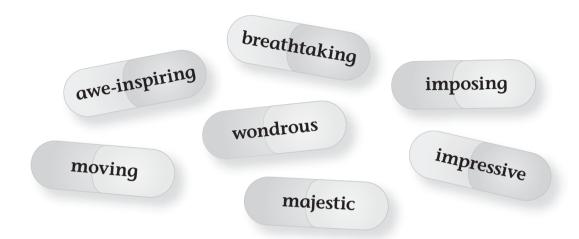
awesome

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

very impressive; inspiring; terrific, extraordinary



cures for the common word

alarming	formidable	nervous
astonishing	frantic	outstanding
awe-inspiring	frightening	overwhelming
awful	grand	shocking
beautiful	horrifying	striking
breathtaking	imposing	stunning
daunting	impressive	stupefying
dreadful	intimidating	stupendous
exalted	magnificent	terrible
fabulous	majestic	terrifying
fearful	mind-blowing	wonderful
fearsome	moving	wondrous



Thunder is good, thunder is **impressive**; but it is lightning that does the work.

MARK TWAIN

The view of Bryce Canyon's rock formations was **awesome**.

Awesome is an all-encompassing description of the rock formations, which made a significant impression on us, but limits us from knowing just how the view impacted us.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for awesome:

The view of Bryce Canyon's rock formations was ______.

awe-inspiring The view inspired awe by its exceptional beauty.

breathtaking The view was exciting, thrilling, and astonishing, figuratively taking

our breath away, because we'd never seen anything like this before.

imposing The formations were very impressive because of their great size, dig-

nity, and stately appearance.

impressive The view gave us a feeling of respect and admiration for what nature

had created.

majestic The view had an air of authority and dignity—superior to mundane

matters.

moving The view was stirring and evoked strong feelings or emotions.

wondrous The view is to be marveled at, and we appreciated its wonder,

uniqueness, or other special qualities.



The speed of communications is **wondrous** to behold. It is also true that speed can multiply the distribution of information that we know to be untrue.

EDWARD R. MURROW

bad bad

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of poor or inferior quality; defective; deficient



cures for the common word

abominable	disagreeable	offensive
amiss	dissatisfactory	poor
atrocious	dreadful	repulsive
awful	erroneous	rough
bad news	fallacious	sad
beastly	faulty	skuzzy
bottom out	harmful	sleazy
bummer	imperfect	slipshod
careless	inadequate	stinking
cheap	incorrect	substandard
corrupt	inferior	synthetic
crummy	injurious	unacceptable
defective	lousy	unfavorable
deficient	off	unsatisfactory



You'd be surprised how much it costs to look this cheap.

DOLLY PARTON

DIAGNOSIS vaque

One of the judges felt the contestant's **bad** costume ruined the performance.

Using *bad* doesn't indicate what the judge thought was so awful about the costume, and the alternatives tell us more about how the quality of a costume could ruin a whole performance.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for bad:

One of the judges felt the contestant's _____ costume ruined the performance.

atrocious The contestant's costume was shockingly dreadful, abominable—

extremely awful.

cheap Nothing negative about something being inexpensive, but *cheap*

gives the implication that it is also of poor quality.

defective The costume wasn't working properly during the performance.

inferior The contestant's costume didn't meet high enough expectations to

make a good impression.

offensive The contestant's costume was disagreeable and repugnant to the

senses, morally or otherwise.

sleazy The costume was flimsy, and the connotation is that it didn't show

the class or sophistication it probably should have.

slipshod The costume was sloppy, and the judge could tell it was put together

carelessly.



Revenge is not always sweet, once it is consummated we feel **inferior** to our victim.

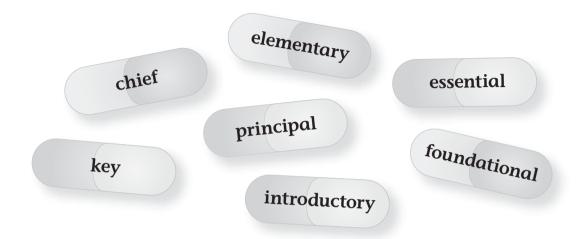
18 basic

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

elementary; of, being, or serving as a starting point; fundamental



cures for the common word

basal	foundational	primary
beginning	fundamental	primitive
capital	indispensable	principal
central	inherent	radical
chief	intrinsic	rudimentary
easy	introductory	simplified
elemental	key	substratal
elementary	main	underlying
essential	necessary	vital



In the television age, the **key** distinction is between the candidate who can speak poetry and the one who can only speak prose.

RICHARD M. NIXON

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Our textbook covered the **basic** concepts of advertising.

We can tell that the concepts in the book are necessary in any study of advertising, but the definition of what is considered *basic* isn't clear.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for basic:

Our textbook covered the _____ concepts of advertising.

chief These are the most important concepts, though there are different

perspectives on what is most important.

elementary The concepts covered pertain to the rudimentary principles of

advertising.

essential The concepts covered are indispensable and should not be

disregarded.

foundational These concepts represent the groundwork on which more advanced

study will be based.

introductory The concepts covered serve as only a starting point, with much

more to be learned.

key The major and pivotal concepts are covered; key may also mean the

concepts are presented in a brief or condensed manner.

principal Concepts of highest importance are covered.

CUREDI

All men who have turned out worth anything have had the **chief** hand in their own education.

beautiful

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

having qualities that give great pleasure or satisfaction to the senses or mind



cures for the common word

alluring	enticing	marvelous
angelic	excellent	pleasing
appealing	exquisite	pretty
attractive	fair	radiant
beauteous	fascinating	ravishing
bewitching	fine	refined
charming	foxy	resplendent
classy	good-looking	shapely
comely	gorgeous	splendid
cute	graceful	statuesque
dazzling	grand	stunning
delicate	handsome	sublime
delightful	ideal	superb
divine	lovely	taking
elegant	magnificent	wonderful



To love for the sake of being loved is human, but to love for the sake of loving is **angelic**.

ALPHONSE DE LEMARTINE

The **beautiful** statue caught our attention.

We know the statue is appealing and attention grabbing, but we're not sure exactly in what way.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for beautiful:

The ______ statue caught our attention.

alluring The statue has a tempting, enticing, or seductive quality.

angelic The statue is befitting an angel, especially in beauty or in expressing

virtue.

delicate The details or craftsmanship of the statue is exquisitely fine or

dainty.

elegant The statue is luxurious in style or design.

fascinating There's something about the look or meaning of the statue that is of

great interest or attraction.

graceful The statue is pleasing or attractive in line, proportion, or movement.

stunning The statue is strikingly impressive, especially in beauty or

excellence.



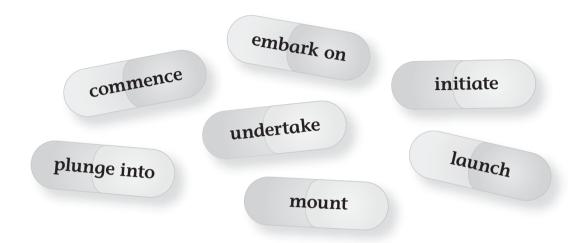
begin

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to perform the first or earliest part of some action; to commence; to start



cures for the common word

activate	generate	make
actualize	get going	make active
break ground	give impulse	motivate
bring about	go ahead	mount
cause	go into	occasion
commence	impel	open
create	inaugurate	originate
effect	induce	plunge into
effect embark on	induce initiate	plunge into prepare
embark on	initiate	prepare
embark on enter on	initiate instigate	prepare produce
embark on enter on enter upon	initiate instigate institute	prepare produce set about
embark on enter on enter upon establish	initiate instigate institute introduce	prepare produce set about set up



Two of the most difficult tasks a writer can **undertake**, to write the truth about himself and about his mother.

TIME MAGAZINE

The military will **begin** the offensive in twenty-four hours.

The use of *begin* tells us when the action will start, but it doesn't give us a clear idea of the military's role and intent.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for begin:

The military will _____ the offensive in twenty-four hours.

commence The military is taking the first step to set the offensive in motion.

embark on The military is about to begin a major offensive.initiate The military will take the lead in the offensive.

launch The military will enter enthusiastically into the offensive.

mount The military will be increasing the amount or intensity of the

offensive.

plunge into The military will forcibly thrust into the offensive, or perhaps it is

moving ahead suddenly.

undertake The military is taking it upon itself to achieve its objective.



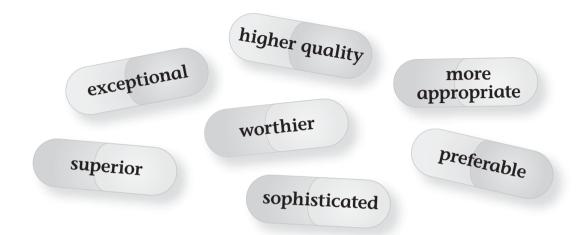
better

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

greater in excellence or higher in quality



cures for the common word

bigger
choice
exceeding
exceptional
finer
fitter
greater
higher quality

improved
larger
more appropriate
more desirable
more fitting
more select
more suitable
more useful

more valuable
preferable
preferred
prominent
sophisticated
superior
surpassing
worthier



The qualities of an **exceptional** cook are akin to those of a successful tightrope walker: an abiding passion for the task, courage to go out on a limb and an impeccable sense of balance.

BRYAN MILLER

George is a **better** choice for lead guitarist.

We'd like to know what particular quality makes George the better choice and why better than someone else.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for better:

George is a _____ choice for lead guitarist.

exceptional George is an unusually excellent lead guitarist, making him one of a

select, exclusive group.

higher quality George's talents are above those of others who were compared.

more appropriate George is the better choice for reasons beyond his playing skills; for

example, he may look better for the part or have good connections

in the industry.

preferable George is the choice over others, but *preferable* still doesn't tell us

exactly why.

sophisticated George's music appeals to the tastes of a more discerning or knowl-

edgeable audience.

superior George's talents are above those of the average guitarist.

worthier George is more deserving of the gig of lead guitarist.

CURED!

The risk of a wrong decision is **preferable** to the terror of indecision.

MAIMONIDES

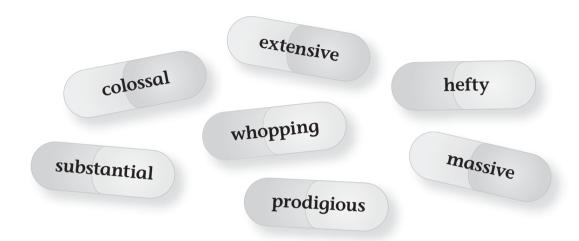
big big

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

large, as in size, height, width, or amount



cures for the common word

ample	gigantic	oversize
brimming	heavy-duty	ponderous
bulky	heavyweight	prodigious
burly	hefty	roomy
capacious	huge	sizable
chock-full	hulking	spacious
colossal	humungous	strapping
commodious	husky	stuffed
considerable	immense	substantial
copious	jumbo	thundering
enormous	king-sized	vast
extensive	mammoth	voluminous
fat	massive	walloping
full	monster	whopping



Old age is like climbing a mountain. You climb from ledge to ledge. The higher you get, the more tired and breathless you become, but your views become more **extensive**.

INGMAR BERGMAN

Casey stood beside the **big** marble columns of the Acropolis.

We all have different perspectives on size, and *big* in this sentence doesn't give us a familiar frame of reference, whereas some of the alternatives give us a much better sense of the columns' enormity.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *big*:

Casey stood beside the _____ marble columns of the Acropolis.

colossal Generally meaning "extraordinarily great in size," in architecture

colossal can also pertain to a classical order whose columns span two

or more stories of a building.

extensive The columns extend over a great area.

hefty The columns are clearly heavy and weighty.

massive The columns are large and bulky.

prodigious Many things can be big, but *prodigious* gives the sense that to you

they are unusually great in size.

substantial Not only are the columns big in size, but they are also of solid and

strong construction.

whopping An informal way to say, "Those columns are huge!"



Why does a slight tax increase cost you two hundred dollars and a **substantial** tax cut save you thirty cents?

PEG BRACKEN

boring

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

uninteresting and tiresome; dull



cures for the common word

bomb	interminable	stuffy
bromidic	irksome	stupid
characterless	lifeless	tame
colorless	monotonous	tedious
commonplace	platitudinous	threadbare
drab	plebeian	tiresome
drag	prosaic	tiring
drudging	repetitious	trite
dull	routine	unexciting
flat	spiritless	vapid
ho-hum	stale	wearisome
humdrum	stereotypical	well-worn
insipid	stodgy	zero



Poetry is like fish: if it's fresh, it's good; if it's **stale**, it's bad; and if you're not certain, try it on the cat.

OSBERT SITWELL

Michael and Beth sat through a **boring** movie.

From this sentence, it's likely a safe bet that Michael and Beth didn't enjoy the movie, but we don't know what specific qualities made it so dull.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for boring:

Michael and Beth sat through a _____ movie.

interminable The movie was so monotonously or annoyingly long that they

thought it would never end.

monotonous The movie was severely lacking in variety.

stale The movie had no novelty; it was just like movies they'd seen over

and over before.

stodgy The movie was unduly formal and traditional.

The movie was tiresome because it was so long, slow, or dull.

unexciting The movie wasn't at all stimulating or thought-provoking.

wearisome The movie was so lacking in interest that Michael and Beth were

mentally tired out.



Golf without bunkers and hazards would be tame and **monotonous**. So would life.

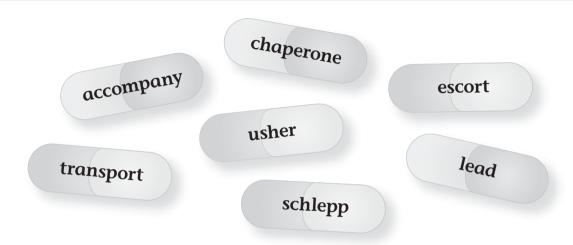
bring

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to carry, convey, lead, or cause to go along to another place



cures for the common word

accompany	escort	piggyback
attend	fetch	ride
back	gather	schlepp
bear	guide	shoulder
carry	heel	take
chaperone	hump	take along
companion	import	tote
conduct	lead	transfer
consort	lug	transport
convey	pack	truck
deliver	pick up	usher



You can **lead** a man to Congress, but you can't make him think.

MILTON BERLE

DIAGNOSIS confusing

Please **bring** the stars of the show backstage.

Choosing *bring* in this sentence is very neutral and doesn't tell us much about the speaker's perspective or opinion—about you or the stars of the show.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for bring:

Please _____ the stars of the show backstage. accompany You're being asked to come backstage along with the stars, suggesting you are a welcome participant as opposed to someone doing a iob. chaperone As part of your task, you may need to ensure propriety or restrict the activity of the stars or others in some way. escort Choosing *escort* can give a sense of respect for the stars or can suggest that the stars require some supervision. lead In this case, you will go before the stars in order to show the way. schlepp Schlepp gives the sense that the person speaking isn't very impressed or thrilled about accompanying the stars backstage. transport This implies you'll need to use some sort of car, cart, etc., to convey the stars, since it's doubtful you'll need to physically carry them. usher You will lead the stars backstage and possibly introduce them to the appropriate person or people.



When you **escort** someone, escort him all the way to his destination; if you help someone, help him thoroughly.

CHINESE PROVERB

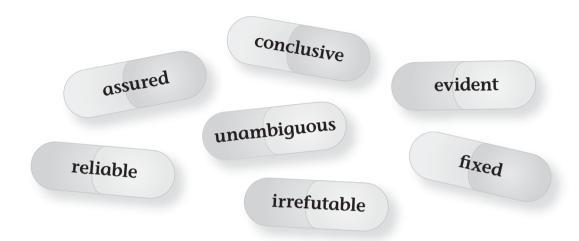
certain

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

confident; free from doubt or reservation



cures for the common word

incontrovertible absolute secure assured indubitable set infallible believing sound calm irrefutable sure clear known true conclusive plain unambiguous convinced undeniable positive definite predestined unequivocal evident real unerring firm reliable unmistakable fixed safe unquestionable verifiable guaranteed sanguine



We have no **reliable** guarantee that the afterlife will be any less exasperating than this one, have we?

NOEL COWARD

DIAGNOSIS confusing

The outcome of the election was **certain**.

In this sentence, we can't clearly tell whether the certainty of the election was perceived in a positive or negative light.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for certain:

The outcome of the election was ______

assured The sense is that the outcome was promised or guaranteed in

advance, and this can have either a positive or a negative

connotation.

conclusive The outcome served to settle a question.

evident The outcome of the election is obvious and easily seen or

understood.

fixed This offers a negative connotation, implying that the outcome was

arranged in advance privately and possibly dishonestly.

irrefutable It would be impossible to deny or disprove the outcome.

reliable People will be confident that the outcome is dependable, accurate,

and honest.

unambiguous The outcome has a single clearly defined meaning.



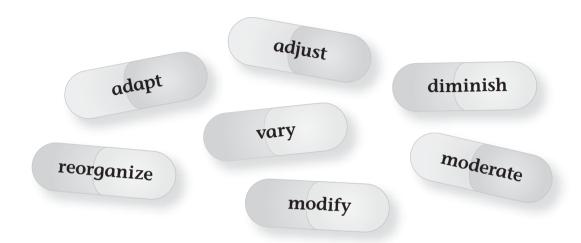
change

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to make different from what it is or from what it would be if left alone



cures for the common word

accommodate	modify	revolutionize
adapt	modulate	shape
adjust	mutate	shift
alter	naturalize	substitute
alternate	recondition	tamper with
commute	redo	transfigure
convert	reform	transform
diminish	regenerate	translate
diverge	remake	transmute
diversify	remodel	transpose
evolve	renovate	turn
fluctuate	reorganize	vacillate
make over	replace	vary
make innovations	resolve	veer
moderate	restyle	warp



Age does not **diminish** the extreme disappointment of having a scoop of ice cream fall from the cone.

JIM FIEBIG

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Martha always wants to **change** the rules in the middle of the game.

We can infer from this sentence that the speaker is not happy about the rule changing, but how unhappy may be better clarified by how and how much Martha wants to change the rules.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *change*:

Martha always wants to ______ the rules in the middle of the game.

adapt Martha wants to make logical or fitting changes that make sense.

adjust Now Martha wants to change the rules so they fit or conform—but

to her perspective and not necessarily to anyone else's.

diminish Martha wants to put less emphasis on the rules of the game, perhaps

because it's not going well for her.

moderate Martha feels there are too many rules or they are too strict, so she

wants to reduce the excessiveness of them.

modify Martha wants to change the form or quality of the rules, but only

slightly.

reorganize Martha wants to completely rearrange the rules.

vary Martha wants to change the rules slightly to avoid monotony.



Not being able to control events, I control myself, and I **adapt** myself to them, if they do not adapt themselves to me.

MICHEL DE MONTAIGNE

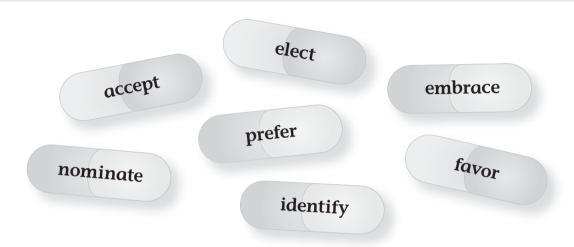
choose

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to select from a number of possible alternatives; to decide on and pick out



cures for the common word

accept	fancy	set aside
adopt	favor	settle upon
appoint	finger	sift out
cast	fix on	single out
co-opt	glean	slot
crave	identify	sort
cull	judge	tag
decide on	love	take
designate	name	tap
desire	nominate	want
determine	opt for	weigh
elect	predestined	will
embrace	prefer	winnow
excerpt	see fit	wish
extract	select	wish for



History will never accept difficulties as an excuse.

JOHN F. KENNEDY

DIAGNOSIS limiting

This year the foundation will **choose** two charities to support.

Using *choose* in this sentence gives complete information but doesn't give us the sense of how the members of the foundation feel or think about the two charities.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *choose*:

This year the foundation will ______ two charities to support.

accept The charities were suggested or offered (as opposed to sought out),

and the foundation will respond affirmatively to supporting them.

elect In this case, the charities were voted on and won the votes.

embrace The foundation willingly and eagerly wants to support these two

charities.

favor The foundation prefers these two charities and may have treated

them with partiality in comparison to other charities.

identify This tells us that the foundation recognized these two charities; the

connotation is that the foundation recognized *and* chose them.

nominate The foundation is proposing these two charities to support.

prefer The foundation members like these two charities better and value

them more highly than others.



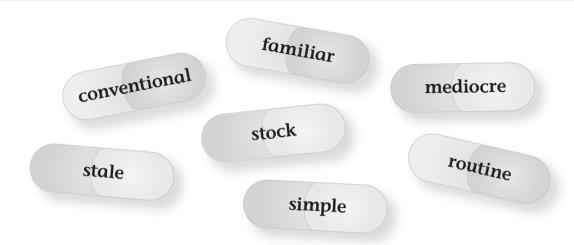
common

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

ordinary; widespread; general; of frequent occurrence; usual; familiar



cures for the common word

accepted
average
banal
bourgeois
casual
characteristic
colloquial
conventional
current
customary
daily
everyday
familiar
frequent
general

habitual
hackneyed
homely
humdrum
informal
mediocre
monotonous
natural
obscure
passable
plain
prevailing
prevalent
prosaic
regular

routine
run-of-the-mill
simple
stale
standard
stereotypical
stock
trite
typical
undistinguished
universal
unvaried
usual



wearisome

workaday

Great spirits have always faced violent protest from **mediocre** minds.

ALBERT EINSTEIN

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Claire selected a **common** theme for her term paper.

As the multiple definitions of this word indicate, *common* can mean such a wide variety of things—some positive and some negative—so we are unclear as to what it means in this sentence.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *common*:

Claire selected a ______ theme for her term paper.

conventional The theme is ordinary rather than different or original, but this

doesn't usually have a negative connotation.

familiar The theme is one known by many people.

mediocre The theme is of only ordinary or moderate quality; it is barely

adequate.

routine The theme is unimaginative and in this sentence has a negative

connotation—likely indicating the professor has seen this theme

over and over.

simple The theme is easy to understand, and we're not sure in this case if

that's good or bad.

stale The theme lacks originality or spontaneity or presents a perspective

that many have presented before.

stock Since *stock* means something kept regularly on hand, this theme

might have been taken from a list online or some overused resource.

CUREDI

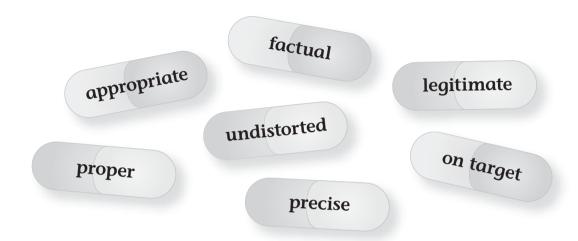
correct

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

free from error; especially conforming to fact or truth



cures for the common word

actual	impeccable	right
amen	just	righteous
appropriate	legitimate	rigorous
equitable	nice	stone
exact	OK	strict
factual	on target	true
faithful	perfect	undistorted
faultless	precise	unmistaken
flawless	proper	veracious

regular

CURED!

veridical

Cyberspace: a consensual hallucination experienced daily by billions of **legitimate** operators, in every nation.

WILLIAM GIBSON

for sure

DIAGNOSIS confusing

Be sure to use the **correct** details in the brochure.

Especially in business, *correct* can mean much more than just the facts—it can refer to etiquette or tone—so we need more description of what *correct* means for the brochure.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *correct*:

Be sure to use the ______ details in the brochure.

appropriate The details should be suitable or fitting for this particular brochure.

factual Be sure all details pertain to accurate facts.

legitimate The details need to be in accordance with established or accepted

patterns and standards.

on target This is a slang way to say that the details should reach a particular

audience or substantiate a point.

precise The details should be exactly what you want to say, neither more

nor less.

proper The details should strictly belong or be applicable to the brochure,

company, and/or image.

undistorted The details should not be altered or misrepresented.



correct

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to set or make true, accurate, or right; to remove the errors or faults from



cures for the common word

alter	help	remedy
ameliorate	improve	remodel
amend	launder	reorganize
better	make over	repair
change	make right	retouch
clean up	mend	review
cure	pay dues	revise
debug	pick up	right
do over	polish	set right
doctor	reclaim	set straight
edit	reconstruct	shape up
emend	rectify	straighten out
fiddle with	redress	touch up
fix up	reform	turn around
go over	regulate	upgrade



He who does not get fun and enjoyment out of every day . . . needs to **reorganize** his life.

GEORGE M. ADAMS

DIAGNOSIS vague

Lois will **correct** the article before it's published.

We know Lois will fix the article in some way, but using a more precise word will help us understand to what level or degree.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *correct*:

Lois will ______ the article before it's published.

clean up Lois will correct errors as well as look to rid the article of small

details or wording that is considered undesirable.

edit Now an accepted term to mean to revise or correct, edit may also

imply a professional editor's review of the article.

polish In addition to correcting errors, Lois will aim to refine and add ele-

gance to the article.

reorganize The article needs to undergo changes in organization.

review Lois will examine the article with an eye to criticism or correction.

revise Lois will fix or improve the article, or simply only update the

information.

touch up There may not even be errors in the article, but it could benefit from

slight changes.



I **edit** out the bad stuff and deliver the good stuff. Seventy-five percent of all wine is awful.

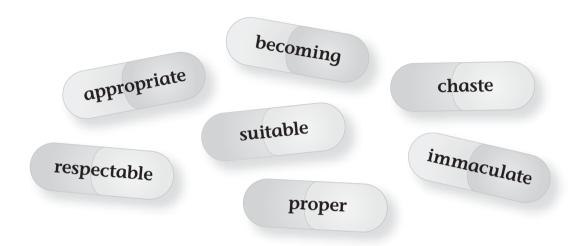
decent

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

respectable; suitable; conforming to a recognized standard of good taste



cures for the common word

adequate	fit	reserved
appropriate	fitting	respectable
approved	good	right
becoming	honest	spotless
befitting	honorable	stainless
chaste	immaculate	standard
clean	mannerly	straight
comely	modest	suitable
conforming	moral	trustworthy
continent	nice	unblemished
correct	noble	undefiled
decorous	presentable	untarnished
delicate	proper	upright
ethical	prudent	virtuous
fair	pure	worthy



The great artists of the world are never Puritans, and seldom even ordinarily respectable.

HENRY LOUIS MENCKEN

DIAGNOSIS vague

Pat needs a **decent** dress for the party.

In this sentence, it's unclear if Pat's dress needs to be in good shape, in morally good taste, or something completely different.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for decent:

Pat needs a(n) _____ dress for the party.

appropriate Pat's dress needs to be suitable and just right for this particular type

of party.

becoming Pat wants a dress that will have a pleasing effect and give her an

attractive appearance.

chaste Pat feels her dress should be conservative in style and not exces-

sively ornamented.

immaculate Pat needs her dress to be spotlessly clean, with every aspect of it in

perfect condition.

proper Pat's dress needs to conform to established standards for the

occasion.

respectable Pat hopes her dress will make a certain, esteemed impression on the

attendees.

suitable Pat would like her dress to be appropriate for the occasion and also

fitting for her character.

CUREDI

I present myself to you in a form **suitable** to the relationship I wish to achieve with you.

develop

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to bring out the capabilities or possibilities of; to cause to grow or expand



cures for the common word

actualize	enlarge	materialize
advance	enrich	perfect
amplify	evolve	polish
augment	exploit	promote
beautify	extend	realize
broaden	finish	refine
build up	heighten	strengthen
cultivate	improve	stretch
deepen	intensify	unfold
dilate	lengthen	widen
elaborate	magnify	work out



How wonderful it is that nobody need wait a single moment before starting to *improve* the world.

ANNE FRANK

DIAGNOSIS vague

The loan committee asked us to **develop** our business plan.

In order to provide the committee with exactly what they want, we need to know exactly what they want, and *develop* doesn't give us enough information.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *develop*:

The loan committee asked us to _____ our business plan.

augment The committee likes what we have but wants us to give more detail

to the information we already have included.

enrich We need to add or change information to make our plan more

desirable.

improve We need to raise the quality of the information in the business plan.

lengthen The committee feels our plan is too slight and wants a more sub-

stantial document.

perfect Our plan is pretty good, but the committee wants us to make it flaw-

less—or as close as possible—to give us the best opportunity of

approval.

refine Our plan needs to be more precise or in clearer form.

strengthen To increase our chances for a loan, the bank wants us to make our

plan stronger—for example, by giving more information on our

financial status.



One thousand days to learn; ten thousand days to refine.

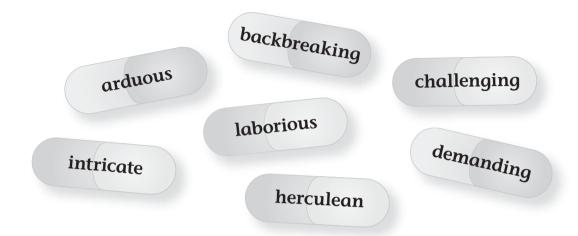
JAPANESE PROVERB

difficult

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION not easily or readily done



cures for the common word

ambitious	hard	prohibitive
arduous	hard-won	rigid
backbreaking	heavy	severe
bothersome	herculean	strenuous
burdensome	immense	titanic
challenging	intricate	toilsome
crucial	irritating	tough
demanding	labored	troublesome
effortful	laborious	trying
exacting	onerous	unyielding
formidable	painful	uphill
galling	problem	upstream
gargantuan	problematic	wearisome



To build may have to be the slow and **laborious** task of years. To destroy can be the thoughtless act of a single day.

SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL

vaque DIAGNOSIS

A **difficult** job can wear you out, or it can be satisfying.

From this use of difficult, it's unclear whether we are talking about a job that is hard physically or mentally and in what way it is not easy.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for difficult:

cally or mentally.

A(n) ______ job can wear you out, or it can be satisfying. arduous The job is physically strenuous, requiring a great deal of energy and vigor. backbreaking The job is an exhausting physical task, demanding great effort and endurance. challenging Though the job is not easy, it's an undertaking that is stimulating. demanding The job requires more effort and time than is generally considered to be due. herculean The job is very hard to perform, requiring great physical or mental strength. intricate The job is complicated and hard to understand. laborious

The job requires a lot of work, exertion, or perseverance either physi-



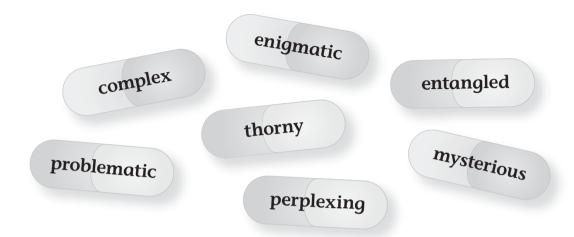
The story of civilization is, in a sense, the story of engineering—that long and **arduous** struggle to make the forces of nature work for man's good.

difficult

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION complicated; hard to comprehend



cures for the common word

formidable abstract paradoxical abstruse hard perplexing hidden problematic baffling bewildering inexplicable profound complex intricate puzzling confounding involved rambling subtle confusing knotty labyrinthine dark tangled deep loose thorny delicate ticklish meandering enigmatic mysterious troublesome unclear enigmatical mystifying entangled obscure unfathomable esoteric obstinate unintelligible



Some problems are so **complex** that you have to be highly intelligent and well informed just to be undecided about them.

LAURENCE JOHNSTON PETER

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Romantic relationships can be **difficult**.

Difficult in this case is a little ambiguous. It has a negative connotation, but it doesn't give us the full picture of how the relationship is challenging.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for difficult:

Romantic relationships can be ______.

complex Some relationships can be so complicated or intricate that they're

hard to understand or deal with.

enigmatic Relationships can be baffling, puzzling, and mysterious, which may

be a positive to some people.

entangled Relationships can be intertwined with difficulties, including any-

thing from emotional to logistical complications.

mysterious Relationships can involve secrets or unexplained aspects, which may

have a positive or negative connotation.

perplexing Relationships can be confusing and marked with uncertainty or

doubt.

problematic Relationships can make great mental demands that seem hard to

comprehend, solve, or even believe.

thorny Relationships can be full of difficulties or complexities; *thorny*

clearly has a much more negative connotation.



The way of the troublemaker is **thorny**.

AMERICAN UMPQUA INDIAN PROVERB

52 direct

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

honest; straightforward; frank; candid



cures for the common word

absolute	frank	sincere
bald	genuine	straight
blunt	guileless	straightforward
candid	matter-of-fact	truthful
categorical	open	unambiguous
downright	outspoken	unconcealed
explicit	plain	undisguised
express	plain-spoken	unequivocal
forthright	point-blank	unreserved



He was always smoothing and polishing himself, and in the end he became **blunt** before he was sharp.

G. C. (GEORG CHRISTOPH) LICHTENBERG

DIAGNOSIS vague

Betty was very **direct** in all her remarks.

Being *direct* can be considered admirable or impolite, so using a more precise alternative will let us know how we feel about Betty's remarks.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for direct:

Betty was very _____ in all her remarks.

blunt Betty spoke abruptly, which is not usually considered a positive way

to speak.

candid Betty seemed to speak free from reservation or disguise, meaning

she was being honest; candid often has the connotation of the hon-

esty being refreshing.

explicit Betty fully and clearly expressed her remarks, leaving nothing she

thought as merely implied.

forthright Betty's remarks were characterized by her direct manner or speech,

without subtlety or evasion.

outspoken Betty was free and unreserved in her remarks; *outspoken* often has a

negative connotation.

unambiguous There was no doubt about what Betty's remarks meant, because they

expressed a single, clearly defined meaning.

unequivocal Betty's remarks were not subject to conditions or exceptions, leaving

no doubt about her meaning.



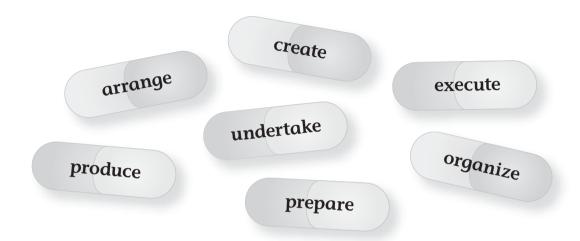
George Orwell's contention was that it is a sure sign of trouble when things can no longer be called by their right names and described in plain, **forthright** speech.

54 do

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to perform, execute, carry out



cures for the common word

accomplish	end	perform
achieve	engage in	perk
act	execute	prepare
arrange	finish	produce
bring about	fix	pull off
cause	fulfill	see to
complete	get ready	succeed
conclude	look after	take on
cook	make	transact
create	make ready	undertake
determine	move	wind up
discharge	operate	work
effect	organize	wrap up



Don't agonize, organize.

FLORYNCE KENNEDY

DIAGNOSIS limiting

If you want to have a successful event, John at On Board Entertainment can **do** it.

We know that John is the right person to go to, but since the verb *do* can stand in for hundreds of actions, we don't have enough information about John's specific role in the successful event.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for do:

If you want to have a successful event, John at On Board Entertainment can ______ it.

details of the event.

create The event will evolve from John's own thought and imagination.

execute John will ensure that the event is carried out in accordance with an

established plan—his, the client's, or both.

organize John will coordinate each of the interdependent parts of the plan

for united action—in this case, a successful event.

prepare John may actually get ready each aspect of the event—from the

smallest detail to the largest.

produce John will supervise the entire event, contributing creatively and

possibly also financially.

undertake John has agreed to take it upon himself to work on this event and is

committed to making it a success.

CUREDI

The significant problems we face cannot be solved at the same level of thinking we were at when we **created** them.

easy

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

capable of being accomplished or acquired with ease; posing no difficulty



cures for the common word

accessible	manageable	pleasant
apparent	manifest	pushover
basic	mere	relaxed
child's play	natural	royal
cinch	no bother	simple
clear	no problem	slight
comfortable	no sweat	smooth
effortless	no trouble	snap
elementary	obvious	straightforward
evident	painless	uncomplicated
facile	paltry	undemanding
inconsiderable	picnic	uninvolved
light	plain	untroublesome
little	plain sailing	yielding



The world is full of **obvious** things which nobody by any chance ever observes.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Professor Waddingham made the new math seem easy.

Thank goodness someone can make the new math seem easy, but in this sentence we're not sure exactly *how* the professor managed to make it less difficult.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *easy*:

Professor Waddingham made the new math seem ______.

accessible She showed us how to easily approach and use the math.

effortless She taught us a way to learn the math that required little or no

effort.

elementary She helped us learn by showing us the fundamental and simplest

aspects of the math.

manageable She found a way to make us feel in control of learning the math

instead of lost by it.

obvious She was able to show us the math in a way that we easily

understood.

painless This is an informal way to say that she made learning the math

seem like it required little or no hard work.

uncomplicated She was able to make the math seem simple instead of complex or

involved.



Suffering, once accepted, loses its edge, for the terror of it lessens, and what remains is generally far more **manageable** than we had imagined.

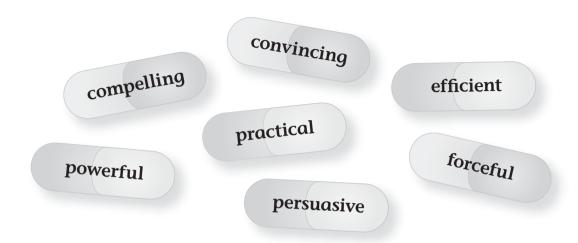
effective

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

producing the intended or expected result; adequate to accomplish a purpose



cures for the common word

able	energetic	resultant
active	forceful	serviceable
adequate	forcible	serving
capable	impressive	sound
cogent	live	striking
compelling	moving	successful
competent	operative	sufficient
convincing	persuasive	telling
direct	potent	trenchant
effectual	powerful	useful
efficacious	powerhouse	valid
efficient	practical	virtuous
emphatic	producing	yielding



It's pretty hard to be **efficient** without being obnoxious.

KIN HUBBARD

DIAGNOSIS limiting

The speechwriter used very **effective** language.

We can infer that the language was successful in getting the writer's point across well, or it evoked in the reader the writer's desired effect, but it's not clear how the language was used to accomplish the writer's goal.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *effective*:

The speechwriter used very ______ language.

compelling The language had a powerful and irresistible effect, engaging us to

keep reading.

convincing By the use of argument or evidence, the language brought us to a

firm belief the writer intended for us.

efficient The language functioned in the best possible manner with the least

waste of time and effort; however, efficient doesn't lend itself toward

a creative feel.

forceful The writing was powerful and vigorous, as opposed to soft or gentle

and coercing.

persuasive The language was able to persuade us into thinking, seeing, or feel-

ing just as the writer intended.

powerful The writer used language with great reason, authority, or influence

and impacted us—an ideal goal for a speech.

practical The language used achieved the intended effect, but *practical* doesn't

give the impression of a speech that was outstanding or that moved

people to action.

Being **powerful** is like being a lady. If you have to tell people you are, you aren't.

CTUREDA

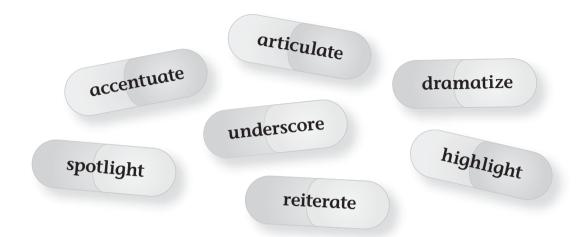
emphasize

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to lay stress upon; to single out as important



cures for the common word

accent	impress	prioritize
accentuate	indicate	pronounce
affirm	insist on	punctuate
articulate	italicize	reiterate
assert	maintain	repeat
charge	make clear	rub in
dramatize	mark	spot
enlarge	pinpoint	spotlight
enunciate	play up	underline
headline	point out	underscore
highlight	press	weight
assert charge dramatize enlarge enunciate headline	maintain make clear mark pinpoint play up point out	repeat rub in spot spotlight underline undersco n



A talent for drama is not a talent for writing, but is an ability to **articulate** human relationships.

GORE VIDAL

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Emphasize your work experience when applying for a job.

You always want to present yourself at your best when applying for a job, but in this sentence we don't have enough information about *how* exactly to best present your work experience.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for emphasize:

	your work experience when applying for a job.
accentuate	In addition to your other qualities, single out your work experience to present as important.
articulate	Formulate what you want to say about your work experience, and express your thoughts with clarity and effectiveness.
dramatize	Represent your work experience vividly, emotionally, or strikingly.
highlight	You want to present all of your positive attributes, but you want your work experience to be the most interesting or memorable part of your application.
reiterate	You want to mention your work experience repeatedly for emphasis.
spotlight	You have so many qualifications for the job, your work experience may be overshadowed, and you want to call particular attention to your experience.
underscore	Especially if you think your work experience is the key to winning the job—or you might not fully have other qualities the company is looking for—give extra weight to your experience.

CUREDI

Hard work **spotlights** the character of people: some turn up their sleeves, some turn up their noses, and some don't turn up at all.

62 end

PART OF SPEECH verb

DEFINITION to come to a conclusion; to terminate or cease



cures for the common word

abolish	culminate	perorate
abort	cut short	postpone
accomplish	delay	quit
achieve	determine	relinquish
break off	discontinue	resolve
break up	dispose of	settle
call off	dissolve	sew up
cease	drop	shut down
close	expire	stop
close out	finish	terminate
complete	get done	ultimate
conclude	give up	wind up
consummate	halt	wrap
crown	interrupt	wrap up
	_	



Never interrupt your enemy when he is making a mistake.

NAPOLEON BONAPARTE

DIAGNOSIS vague

We need to **end** the negotiations today.

Unfortunately, choosing *end* here doesn't give us any inclination as to whether the negotiations will end positively or negatively and successfully or not.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for end:

We need to ______ the negotiations today.

break off Meaning to "stop suddenly," break off gives the impression that it

was not a positive end of the day for either side in the negotiations.

conclude The impression is not only that the negotiations will finish but also

that the two sides will finally come to a decision or settlement.

delay The negotiations will be put off to a later time, which may be OK,

but sometimes *delay* can imply someone is hindering the progress.

finish This is a neutral term—neither positive or negative—to say the two

sides need to complete the negotiations.

Interrupt The negotiations will cease before they are complete, and the inter-

ruption may be for a reason that is not the fault of either side.

postpone This indicates delaying the negotiations to another time, but it can

also imply that they are delayed because one or both sides find the

negotiations less important than originally thought.

resolve This implies that the negotiators will reach a conclusion after a

deliberation—hopefully one that's beneficial and satisfactory to

both sides.

CUREDI

energy

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

the capacity for vigorous activity; abundant available power



cures for the common word

animation punch go ardor initiative spirit birr intensity spontaneity dash juice stamina drive life steam dynamism liveliness strength élan toughness might endurance moxie tuck enterprise muscle vehemence exertion pep verve fire vigor pizzazz force pluck vim forcefulness vitality potency fortitude power zeal get-up-and-go puissance zest



Human kindness has never weakened the **stamina** or softened the fiber of a free people. A nation does not have to be cruel to be tough.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Our yoga instructor Rada exhibits boundless **energy**.

The use of *energy* in this sentence doesn't firmly convey what impresses us about Rada—maybe her physical skills, her mental outlook, or her attitude.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *energy*:

Our yoga instructor Rada exhibits boundless ______.

drive Rada is highly motivated and focused on a course toward her goals.

endurance Rada has the ability and strength to go on and on, despite fatigue.

intensity Rada has great energy, strength, and concentration during the yoga

class—and likely outside of class also.

liveliness Rada is animated in her action and expression, which helps keep us

all upbeat.

pizzazz Beyond lively, Rada has a downright dazzling style, flair, and ener-

getic personality.

stamina Rada has a strength of physical constitution to endure fatigue and

just about anything else.

zeal Rada has such an enthusiastic and tireless devotion to yoga as an

ideal, which can be contagious.



enjoy

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to experience joy or satisfaction from; to take pleasure in



cures for the common word

adore	fancy	luxuriate in
appreciate	flip for	mind
be entertained	flip over	pleasure in
be pleased	funk	rejoice in
delight in	go	relish
dig	groove on	revel in
dote on	have fun	savor
drink in	like	savvy
eat up	love	take to



The trouble with being punctual is that nobody's there to **appreciate** it.

FRANKLIN P. JONES

I **enjoy** a break in my sunny backyard.

Choosing *enjoy* doesn't fully convey how much or why exactly I look forward to this break.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *enjoy*:

I ______ a break in my sunny backyard.

adore Choosing *adore* comes closer to telling you how much I deeply love

this escape.

appreciate I'm grateful to have the time for and I truly value this break in the

sunny yard.

delight in Beyond simply liking my break in the yard, it gives me great joy.

love Meaning "to like or desire enthusiastically," *love* is now a casual way

to say how much I really, really enjoy my break in the sunny yard.

luxuriate in This conjures up an image of lounging, reveling in my experience.

relish This break is so wonderful that I eagerly look forward to it.

savor I enjoy every minute of my break, knowing it's back to responsibili-

ties when break time is over.



enough

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

adequate for the want or need; sufficient for the purpose or to satisfy desire



cures for the common word

abundant	complete	plentiful
acceptable	copious	replete
adequate	decent	satisfactory
ample	fed up	satisfying
bellyful	full	sufficient
bounteous	had it	sufficing
bountiful	last straw	suitable
comfortable	lavish	tolerable
competent	plenteous	unlimited



To be witty is not enough. One must possess **sufficient** wit to avoid having too much of it.

ANDRE MAUROIS

We have **enough** earthquake supplies for three people for a week.

In this sentence, *enough* for one person can be starvation (or excess) for others, so choosing a more precise word gives more information—or at least a better indication of how many supplies are stored.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *enough*:

_____ earthquake supplies for three people for a week. We have We're confident that we have supplies necessary for the basic adequate requirements. ample We have more than enough supplies, which means we may be able to accommodate more people or for a longer duration. copious We have large quantities of supplies, more than ample, so we can invite in whoever needs help. plentiful We have a great quantity of supplies, but perhaps only if we stick to the prescribed number of people and/or duration anticipated. sufficient We have a quantity of supplies that can fulfill our need or requirement, but without being abundant. suitable Choosing *suitable* indicates that in addition to a proper amount of supplies, they are ones appropriate to the purpose. unlimited Not only do we have supplies immediately available, but we have a resource to provide an infinite amount for as many and as long as we need.



The supply of words in the world market is **plentiful** but the demand is falling. Let deeds follow words now.

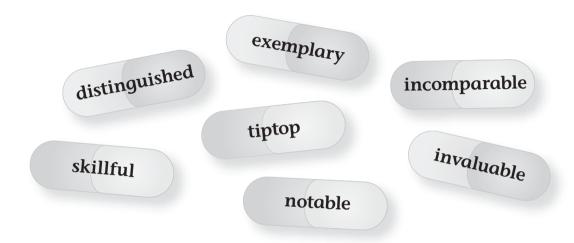
excellent

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION of the

of the highest or finest quality; exceptionally good of its kind



cures for the common word

accomplished	first-rate	remarkable
admirable	good	select
attractive	great	skillful
champion	high	splendid
choice	incomparable	sterling
desirable	invaluable	striking
distinctive	magnificent	superb
distinguished	meritorious	superior
estimable	notable	superlative
exceptional	noted	supreme
exemplary	outstanding	tiptop
exquisite	peerless	top-notch
fine	premium	transcendent
first	priceless	unsurpassed
first-class	prime	wonderful



In every phenomenon the beginning remains always the most **notable** moment.

THOMAS CARLYLE

Katie has proved to be an **excellent** CEO.

When Katie took the position of CEO, we anticipated she would be excellent—an expectation she lived up to—but *excellent* doesn't give us a clear idea of the criteria on which we're basing our assessment.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for excellent:

Katie has proved to be a(n) _____ CEO.

distinguished Katie stands above others in her character, achievements, and

reputation.

exemplary Katie is commendable and worthy of high praise and imitation.

incomparable Katie's performance is beyond comparison—matchless and

unequaled.

invaluable Katie has done such a fine job that she has proved to be priceless,

and the company would suffer greatly if she ever left.

notable Katie is worthy of notice because of her outstanding work.

skillful Katie has shown great knowledge, skill, and aptitude at her position

as CEO.

tiptop This is an informal way to say that Katie's work is of the highest

quality.



Jackie Robinson, as an athlete and as someone who was trying to make a stand for equality, he was **exemplary**.

KAREEM ABDUL-JABBAR

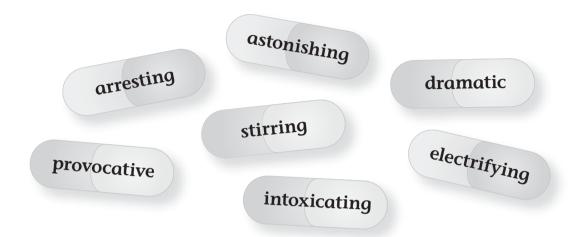
exciting

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

producing excitement or strong feeling in; stirring; thrilling; exhilarating



cures for the common word

animating	flashy	overwhelming
appealing	heady	provocative
arousing	hectic	racy
arresting	impelling	rip-roaring
astonishing	impressive	rousing
bracing	interesting	sensational
breathtaking	intoxicating	showy
dangerous	intriguing	spine-tingling
dramatic	lively	stimulating
electrifying	melodramatic	stirring
exhilarating	mind-blowing	thrilling
eye-popping	moving	titillating
far-out	neat	wild
fine	overpowering	zestful



Perhaps of all the creations of man language is the most **astonishing**.

LYTTON STRACHEY

President Kennedy was an exciting speaker.

Almost anyone who ever heard Kennedy speak—in person or on tape—likely felt strong emotion, but *exciting* doesn't specifically describe how you or I might have been affected by hearing him speak.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *exciting*:

President Kennedy was a(n) ______ speaker.

arresting He had a way of attracting and holding—practically commanding—

the attention of a crowd.

astonishing He was a great and impressive speaker, to the surprise of his

detractors.

dramatic He spoke in a way that was sensational and thrilling.

electrifying His speaking was sometimes shocking but definitely caused a surge

of emotion.

intoxicating Listening to him speak made people enthusiastic and exhilarated,

almost light-headed.

provocative He sometimes said things that were controversial, tending to stimu-

late—or provoke—discussion.

stirring As well as rousing stimulating discussion, he could also rouse people

to strong action.



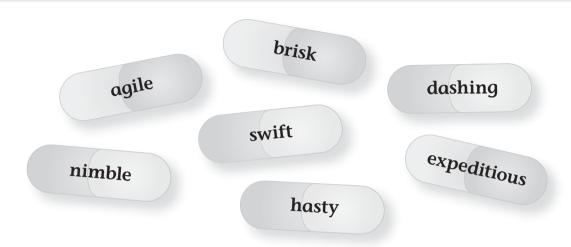
74 fast

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION auick: si

quick; swift; moving or able to move, operate, function, or take effect quickly



cures for the common word

accelerated	fleeting	posthaste
	O	
active	flying	presto
agile	hair-trigger	pronto
breakneck	hasty	quick
brisk	hot	racing
chop-chop	hurried	rapid
dashing	hypersonic	ready
double time	instant	screamin'
electric	lickety-split	snap
expeditious	like crazy	snappy
expeditive	mercurial	swift
flashing	nimble	velocious
fleet	PDQ	winged



The race is not always to the **swift**, nor the battle to the strong but that's the way to bet.

DAMON RUNYON

DIAGNOSIS vague

Everyone agreed that Boomer ran the dog course at a **fast** pace.

Choosing to use *fast* gives a pretty vivid image of Boomer racing the course, but there are a few instances where *fast* isn't the best way to run a course. The following alternatives tell us more.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *fast*:

Everyone agreed that Boomer ran the dog course at a(n) ______ pace.

agile Boomer was quick and well coordinated in his movements, and he

also displayed an ability to think quickly, reacting well to course

changes.

brisk Boomer's movements were marked by speed and vigor.

dashing As Boomer ran, he exhibited a spirited and lively energy as well as

elegance.

expeditious Boomer acted with speed and efficiency, though *expeditious* gives us

no clue as to how gracefully he performed.

hasty Boomer ran fast, but choosing *hasty* often carries a negative conno-

tation, implying he was unduly quick and rash in his movements

and choices.

nimble Boomer was quick and light on his feet, moving with rapid ease.

swift Not only was Boomer moving with great speed, acting and reacting

quickly and cleverly, swift can also invoke a wonderful image of joy

and freedom.

One cool judgment is worth a thousand **hasty** counsels. The thing to do is to supply light and not heat.

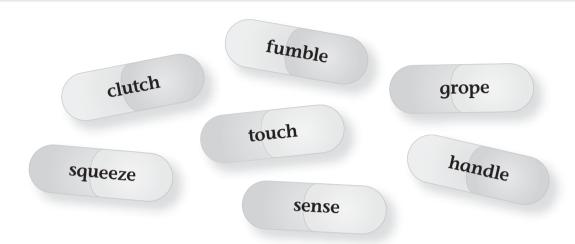
WOODROW WILSON

CHIRISIDA

76 **feel**

PART OF SPEECH verb

DEFINITION to perceive or examine by touch



cures for the common word

caress	grope	press
clasp	handle	sense
clutch	manipulate	squeeze
explore	maul	stroke
finger	palm	test
fondle	palpate	thumb
frisk	paw	tickle
fumble	perceive	touch
grapple	pinch	try
grasp	ply	twiddle
grip	poke	wield



Gentlemen, it is better to have died as a small boy than to **fumble** this football.

JOHN HEISMAN

DIAGNOSIS vague

Finally, Eric could **feel** the rescue rope.

Choosing *feel* here doesn't tell us anything about the circumstances of why Eric is feeling for the rope; whereas, the following alternatives give us a much more vivid image of the situation.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *feel*:

Finally, Eric could ______ the rescue rope.

clutch Eric is holding the rope tightly, or attempting to grasp it, indicating

he may be about to fall if he doesn't seize it quickly.

fumble Eric is feeling about clumsily for the rope; perhaps he just can't

reach it.

grope Eric is blindly feeling about with his hands with some uncertainty

because he can't see the rope.

handle Even if the rope might be difficult to grasp, Eric is able to manage it.

sense Eric has so much experience climbing that he has an intuitive or

acquired perception of where the rope is.

squeeze Eric is able to press the rope gently, maybe just to be sure it's really

there if needed.

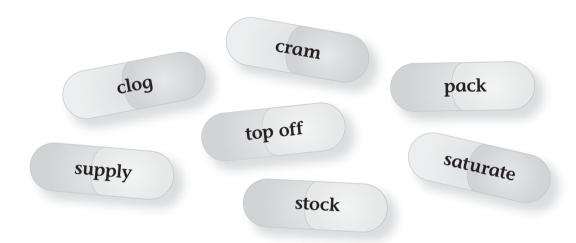
touch Eric can feel the rope, and this is more a matter of information than

giving us any clue to his situation.



PART OF SPEECH verb

DEFINITION to occupy to the full capacity



cures for the common word

block	heap	replenish
brim over	impregnate	sate
bulge out	inflate	satiate
charge	jam-pack	satisfy
choke	lade	saturate
clog	load	shoal
close	meet	stock
congest	occupy	store
cram	overflow	stretch
crowd	pack	stuff
distend	permeate	suffuse
fulfill	pervade	supply
furnish	plug	swell
glut	pump up	take up
gorge	ram	top off



The first forty years of life give us the text; the next thirty **supply** the commentary on it.

ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER

The local parks departments **fill** the streams with fish.

We know that fish are being added to the streams, but surprisingly, *fill* doesn't tell us to what degree, nor does it tells us if this is a good or bad thing.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for fill:

The local parks departments ______ the streams with fish.

clog They put in so many fish that the streams are choked up, and it's

hard to swim or boat in them.

cram They have forced in more fish than the streams can easily hold,

which is not healthy for the fish or the environment.

pack The departments have crowded the fish together, perhaps in one set-

off area of each stream.

saturate This implies that the streams are completely packed, but *saturate*

doesn't carry the same negative connotation as cram.

stock The parks departments have added fish to the streams to have an

appropriate number available.

supply The departments have added fish to the streams, but the connota-

tion here is that the streams were lacking the requisite amount.

top off

This is an informal term to indicate that the departments added just

a few fish, because the streams were almost full to begin with.



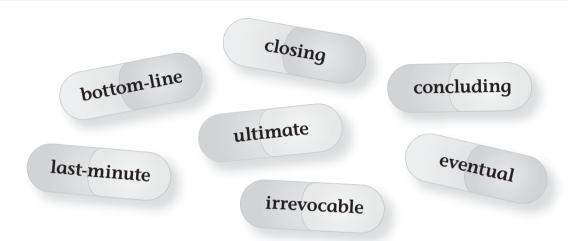
Next to a circus there ain't nothing that **packs** up and tears out faster than the Christmas spirit.

final

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION conclusive or decisive; coming to the end; last in place, order, or time



cures for the common word

absolute	determinative	latest
bottom-line	ending	latter
closing	eventual	settled
concluding	finished	supreme
crowning	finishing	swan song
decided	hindmost	terminal
decisive	incontrovertible	terminating
definite	irrefutable	ultimate
definitive	irrevocable	unanswerable
determinate	last-minute	unappealable



Final thoughts are so, you know, final. Let's call them **closing** words.

CRAIG ARMSTRONG

DIAGNOSIS vague

The company's **final** decision regarding pay increases surprised us.

Though it's clear we were surprised by the decision, *final* doesn't indicate much about what was involved in the decision or how we feel about it.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for final:

The company's ______ decision regarding pay increases surprised us.

bottom-line Whether we like the decision or not, it isn't going to change.

closing There were negotiations or discussion on the topic, and the decision

concludes those negotiations.

concluding This implies that the decision was determined by reasoning, and the

connotation is that we believe careful consideration was given to

the decision.

Even though we were surprised, we knew a decision was expected at

some point due to a process already begun and ongoing.

irrevocable The company's decision is unalterable, so it cannot be changed or

recalled.

The company's decision was made just prior to a deadline.

ultimate The company's decision was the final conclusion, ending a series of

discussions.



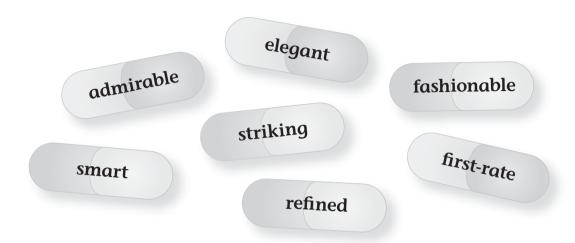
It is easy to answer the **ultimate** questions—it saves you bothering with the immediate ones.

fine

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION of superior or best quality; excellent



cures for the common word

accomplished	first-class	select
aces	first-rate	showy
admirable	five-star	skillful
attractive	good-looking	smart
beautiful	great	spiffy
capital	handsome	splendid
choice	lovely	striking
dandy	magnificent	subtle
elegant	ornate	superior
exceptional	outstanding	supreme
expensive	pleasant	top-notch
exquisite	rare	well-made
fashionable	refined	wicked



I sometimes give myself **admirable** advice, but I am incapable of taking it.

MARY WORTLEY MONTAGU

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Dorothy's parents thought Ray was a **fine** choice as their daughter's date to the country club dinner.

In this sentence, we're unsure if Dorothy's parents found their daughter's date as merely adequate or an excellent surprise—we need more information.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for fine:

Dorothy's parents thought Ray was a(n) _____ choice as their daughter's date to the country club dinner.

admirable Ray is a young man who inspires approval and respect—by his char-

acter or his actions.

elegant Ray is gracefully refined and dignified.

fashionable Ray has a stylish way of dressing.

first-rate Ray is foremost in quality above other young men Dorothy (or her

parents) might have considered as her date.

refined Ray shows a well-bred character, manner, and feelings.

smart Ray has a dashing, neat, and trim appearance.striking Ray has an impressively attractive appearance.

CURED!

One of the most **striking** differences between a cat and a lie is that the cat has only nine lives.

finish

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to get done



cures for the common word

accomplish	crown	mop up
achieve	culminate	perfect
bag it	deplete	round off
break up	determine	scratch
carry through	discharge	scrub
cease	end	settle
chuck	execute	sew up
clinch	exhaust	shut down
close	finalize	shutter
complete	fold	stop
conclude	fulfill	terminate
consume	halt	wrap
cool it	make	wrap up



The United Nations is presently unable to **break up** a skirmish between two warring Girl Scout factions, so how they're supposed to aid the world is an even bigger conundrum.

ARTHUR LOTTI

DIAGNOSIS vague

Karen and her crew had to **finish** filming at midnight.

Though we know filming had to cease, *finish* doesn't tell us whether the filming was completed or only interrupted.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for finish:

Karen and her crew had to ______ filming at midnight.

break up The filming was disrupted for some reason—and not in a good way.

finalize They were in the process of putting the entire filming of a movie in

final form.

fold This is an informal way to say that they were forced to close down

filming.

halt They had to stop filming for the evening, though we don't know if

it's temporarily or permanently.

scrub This is a slang way to say the filming has been done away with—just

plain canceled.

shut down This is a more traditional way of saying the filming was ended but

not completed.

wrap up This is the movie and TV term for completing the filming of the

final scene.



funny

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

humorous; causing amusement or laughter; comical



cures for the common word

absurd playful gay amusing good-humored priceless hilarious rich antic humorous ridiculous a scream bizarre hysterical riotous blithe jocular risible capricious joking side-splitting clever jolly silly comical killing slapstick knee-slapping diverting sportive droll laughable uncommon ludicrous entertaining unusual facetious whimsical merry farcical mirthful witty



The desire to seem **clever** often keeps us from being so.

FRANÇOIS VI DUKE (DUC) DE LA ROCHEFOUCAULD

amusing

bizarre

Michael told us a **funny** story.

In this sentence, *funny* doesn't tell us what exactly was funny about Michael's story—whether it made us laugh, was unusual, or something different.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for funny:

Michael told us a(n) ______ story.

The story was entertaining or diverting, so it raised a smile but wasn't uproarious.

The story was strikingly unconventional and far-fetched, and it led

us to wonder if it was true or not.

clever The details or plot of the story were original, and the connotation is

that the story was intriguing.

hysterical The story was so extremely funny we were laughing uncontrollably.

ludicrous The story was laughable because of some obvious absurdity or

incongruity.

whimsical The story was lighthearted and given to whimsy or fancy.

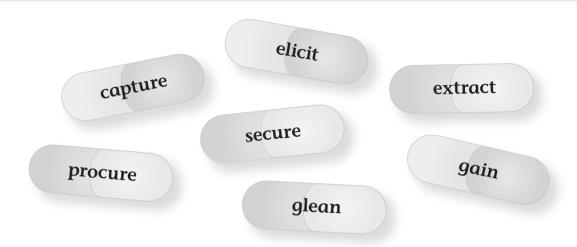
witty The story was quick and clever in its amusing insights.



PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to come into possession or use of; to acquire as a result of action or effort



cures for the common word

access	educe	parlay
accomplish	elicit	pick up
achieve	evoke	procure
acquire	extort	pull
annex	extract	rack up
attain	fetch	realize
bag	gain	reap
build up	glean	receive
buy out	grab	score
capture	inherit	secure
clean up	land	snag
come by	lock up	snap up
cop	make	take
draw	net	wangle
earn	obtain	win



The good we **secure** for ourselves is precarious and uncertain—until it is secured for all of us and incorporated into our common life.

JANE ADDAMS

I'd like to **get** more information from the president before I accept his proposal.

We're unsure of the nature of the proposal as well as how to go about getting more information from the president.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for get:

I'd like to _____ more information from the president before I accept his proposal.

capture In a different context, this might mean obtaining the information

by force or skill, but now it can also imply that I'm going to gather

or record the information from different sources.

elicit I'm going to draw the information from somewhere or someone,

which still has a negative connotation.

extract Though this might indicate drawing out by force, it can also mean

to deduce or interpret information based on several factors.

gain I'm going to acquire the information by my devoted research.

glean I'm discovering information, a little at a time, from being alert to

different resources I've investigated or things people have said.

procure I'm going to obtain the information by some special means; the

connotation is that it may be by unscrupulous and indirect means.

secure I'm going to get possession of information from a dependable

source.



Who has confidence in himself will **gain** the confidence of others.

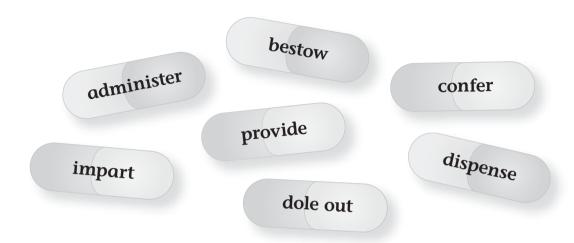
LEIB LAZAROW

give

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to impart or communicate



cures for the common word

accord	distribute	permit
administer	dole out	pony up
ante up	donate	present
award	endow	provide
bequeath	entrust	relinquish
bestow	fork over	remit
cede	furnish	sell
commit	grant	shell out
confer	hand	subsidize
consign	impart	supply
convey	lease	throw in
deed	let have	transfer
deliver	parcel out	transmit
dish out	part with	vouchsafe
dispense	pass out	will



Sometimes I need what only you can **provide**—your absence.

ASHLEIGH BRILLIANT

Give advice sparingly.

This is usually a good idea, but choosing *give* is very neutral, and doesn't tell us much about the intent behind the advice given and the reaction of the advisee.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for give:

available.

	advice sparingly.
administer	The advice is intended to contribute assistance, perhaps in a formal way.
bestow	The advice is being presented as a gift—or that is the intention of the giver, even if the receiver may not feel that way.
confer	The advice is being offered as a favor or honor, which may or may not be received with appreciation.
dispense	The advice is being distributed in parts or portions and has a connotation of being given without much emotion.
dole out	This is an informal way of saying the advice will be given in portions.
impart	Meaning "to tell, relate, and pass down," <i>impart</i> gives the sense of someone wise and knowledgeable sharing their wisdom—and it's gratefully received.
provide	The advice—almost like simple facts and information—is made

CURED!

People who have given us their complete confidence believe that they have a right to ours. The inference is false; a gift **confers** no rights.

go

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to move or proceed, especially to or from something



cures for the common word

abscond	get going	quit
advance	hie	repair
approach	hightail	retire
beat it	journey	run away
bug out	lam	shove off
cruise	leave	skip out
decamp	light out	split
depart	mosey	take flight
escape	move	take off
exit	pass	tool
fare	proceed	travel
flee	progress	vamoose
fly	pull out	wend
get away	push on	withdraw



In what other business can a guy my age drink martinis, smoke cigars and sing? I think all people who **retire** ought to go into show business. I've been retired all my life.

GEORGE BURNS

DIAGNOSIS vague

In the morning, we'll **go** to the tropical island by boat.

Choosing *go* for this sentence doesn't give us much information about the speed or urgency of our journey or the motivations for it.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *go*:

In the morning, we'll ______ to the tropical island by boat.

cruise This gives us the feeling of a leisurely pleasure trip to the island.

escape We are going to slip away to that tropical refuge, probably from the

daily routine or problems we'd like a break from.

get away We're going to take a vacation to the island.

hie We're in a hurry to get to the sunny beaches on that island.

journey Beyond heading for our destination, we're going to take our time as

we go the long distance.

proceed We're heading to the island, after an interruption of our trip.

retire This implies we are going to the island for some privacy—or are now

going to be enjoying a work-free life.



good

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION pleasant; enjoyable



cures for the common word

acceptable	first-class	serviceable
ace	functional	shipshape
admirable	gratifying	sound
agreeable	great	spanking
bully	honorable	splendid
capital	marvelous	sterling
choice	nice	stupendous
commendable	pleasing	super
competent	positive	superb
congenial	precious	superior
deluxe	prime	tip-top
excellent	reputable	valuable
exceptional	satisfying	welcome
favorable	select	wonderful



Say encouraging words to young people, make them feel **welcome** on the planet Earth (many do not). Show by example that we don't need all we have in order to be happy and productive.

PAUL LUTUS

Volunteering gives most people a **good** feeling.

It's true that most people feel they receive more from volunteering than they give, but *good* doesn't adequately express how volunteering makes most people feel.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for good:

Volunteering gives most people a(n) ______ feeling.

commendable Our volunteering is perceived by others as praiseworthy.

gratifying Volunteering gives us a pleasing feeling of satisfaction.

honorable We feel we are doing something creditable based on high principles

and character.

satisfying Our volunteering fulfills our expectations, giving a sense of full

contentment.

valuable We feel we're contributing in a helpful way, one we hope is worthy

of respect.

welcome Volunteering gives us an agreeable feeling of pleasure or satisfac-

tion—a feeling maybe we don't often experience.

wonderful Volunteering is beyond good, it's great, excellent, marvelous—so

true.



Education is a **wonderful** thing. If you couldn't sign your name you'd have to pay cash.

good

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

having the qualities that are desirable or distinguishing in a particular thing; skilled



cures for the common word

able	experienced	serviceable
accomplished	expert	skillful
adept	first-rate	suitable
adroit	masterful	suited
au fait	proficient	talented
capable	proper	thorough
clever	qualified	trained
competent	reliable	trustworthy
dexterous	responsible	useful
efficient	satisfactory	wicked



Responsible artists try to affect you sensually in a way that enlarges your experience.

PAULINE KAEL

Jack is a **good** canoe builder.

In this sentence, we understand that Jack is capable of building an outrigger, but it doesn't give us a clear idea of the extent of his training and skills.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for good:

Jack is a(n) _____ canoe builder.

accomplished Jack is good at what he does as the result of his practice or training,

and the implication is that his work is much above average.

experienced Jack's skill or wisdom comes through his experience.

masterful Jack's skills are beyond good, having and reflecting the power and

skill of a master.

responsible Without indicating his skill level, Jack has shown that we can

depend on him in terms of honesty in his work and his dealings

with us.

skillful Jack is very good at his trade.

talented Beyond skilled, Jack is creative or artistic in his work.

trustworthy Jack's skills and performance are deserving of trust or confidence.



great

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

important; eminent; distinguished; remarkable or outstanding



cures for the common word

august	highly regarded	paramount
capital	honorable	primary
celebrated	idealistic	principal
chief	illustrious	prominent
commanding	impressive	puissant
dignified	leading	regal
distinguished	lofty	remarkable
eminent	lordly	renowned
exalted	magnanimous	royal
excellent	major	stately
famous	noble	sublime
glorious	notable	superior
grand	noted	superlative
heroic	outstanding	talented



The most heroic word in all languages is revolution.

EUGENE DEBS

As a **great** leader, Nelson Mandela listens as well as he speaks.

In this sentence, *great* doesn't give us enough information to explain why Nelson Mandela is so highly thought of.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for great:

As a(n) ______ leader, Nelson Mandela listens as well as he speaks.

commanding President Mandela has an imposing and authoritative presence.

distinguished President Mandela is a wise man of great dignity, as well as an emi-

nent and distinctive leader, as evidenced in part by his great

accomplishments.

heroic President Mandela has displayed the character and attributes of a

hero, showing his boldness and daring under extreme measures.

highly regarded President Mandela is held in high esteem and respect.

idealistic President Mandela's beliefs are of high and noble principles, though

idealistic can carry a connotation of unrealistic.

magnanimous President Mandela is generous in his forgiving of insult and injury,

free from petty resentfulness or vindictiveness.

talented President Mandela exhibits special skills and abilities.



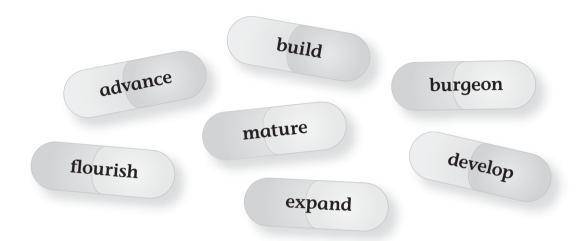
grow

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to expand or increase gradually by concerted effort



cures for the common word

abound	fill out	pullulate
advance	flourish	raise
age	gain	ripen
amplify	germinate	rise
arise	heighten	shoot
augment	increase	spread
breed	issue	sprout
build	luxuriate	stem
burgeon	maturate	stretch
cultivate	mature	swell
develop	mount	thicken
dilate	multiply	thrive
enlarge	originate	turn
expand	produce	wax
extend	propagate	widen



I hate the man who **builds** his name on the ruins of another's fame.

JOHN GAY

DIAGNOSIS vague

In going back to school, Christine knows both her knowledge and experience will **grow**.

We know that Christine's growth will be a positive experience, but *grow* doesn't clearly tell us what she is hoping for.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for grow:

In going back to school, Christine knows both her knowledge and experience will ______.

advance Christine knows her education will move her forward in life.

build Christine realizes her knowledge and experience will increase and

strengthen.

burgeon This implies Christine's knowledge and experience will develop

quickly.

develop Christine is hoping to build her skills to a more advanced level.

expand Christine realizes she is extending both the volume and the scope of

her knowledge.

flourish Christine's hoping she'll thrive in a period of her highest

productivity.

mature Christine believes her knowledge and experience will evolve toward

fuller development.

CURED!

You can't say civilization don't **advance** . . . in every war they kill you in a new way.

WILL ROGERS

happy

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

enjoying or showing joy or pleasure or good fortune



cures for the common word

blessed overjoyed gay blissful glad peaceful blithe gleeful peppy captivated gratified perky cheerful hopped up playful chipper intoxicated pleasant pleased content jolly satisfied convivial joyous delighted jubilant sparkling delightful laughing sunny ecstatic light thrilled elated lively tickled pink exultant merry up flying high mirthful upbeat



To be seventy years young is sometimes far more **cheerful** and hopeful than to be forty years old.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES JR.

DIAGNOSIS limiting

My granddaughter Taevin is such a **happy** child.

In this sentence, *happy* is just too mild a word and not expressive enough to tell us the ways Taevin displays her happiness.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *happy*:

My granddaughter Taevin is such a(n) _____ child.

cheerful She is always in good spirits.

delightful She gives us all great pleasure and delight and is very entertaining.

lively She is full of life and vital energy—and very active.

mirthful She is full of gladness and gaiety, so joyous.

peaceful She is rarely argumentative or quarrelsome.

playful She loves to play and have fun—and can find play in the simplest of

things.

upbeat She is happy, cheerful, and optimistic.

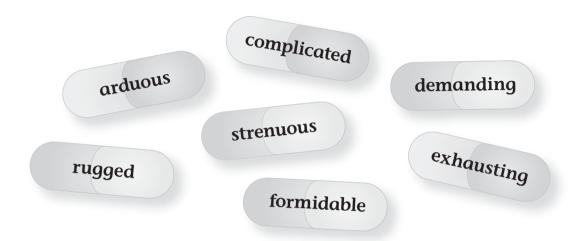


104 hard

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION difficult to do or accomplish; fatiguing; troublesome



cures for the common word

arduous	harsh	rugged
backbreaking	heavy	scabrous
ball-breaking	herculean	serious
bothersome	intricate	severe
burdensome	involved	slavish
complex	irksome	sticky
complicated	knotty	strenuous
demanding	laborious	terrible
distressing	mean	tiring
exacting	merciless	toilsome
exhausting	murderous	tough
fatiguing	onerous	troublesome
formidable	operose	unsparing
grinding	rigorous	wearing
hairy	rough	wearisome



In ballet a **complicated** story is impossible to tell. . . . We can't dance synonyms.

GEORGE BALANCHINE

DIAGNOSIS vague

The **hard** hike up Mount Tam took us the whole day.

We can't tell from the use of *hard* if the hike was more than we would have hoped for or a welcome challenge.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *hard*:

The _____ hike up Mount Tam took us the whole day. arduous The hike was laborious and steep and required great exertion. complicated The hike had aspects that were elaborate, complex, and intricate. demanding The hike called for more intensive effort, attention, and skill than we expected. exhausting By the end of the hike, we were extremely fatigued and weary. formidable The hike proved to be somewhat discouraging because of Mount Tam's intimidating size and difficulty. rugged The terrain was rocky or hilly, with jagged surfaces. strenuous The hike was characterized by vigorous exertion, but the connota-

tion is that it was a positive and enjoyable workout.



Golf seems to be an **arduous** way to go for a walk. I prefer to take the dogs out.

106

help

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to give aid; to be of service or advantage; to assist



cures for the common word

abet	cooperate	relieve
accommodate	encourage	root for
advocate	endorse	sanction
aid	further	save
assist	intercede	second
back	maintain	serve
ballyhoo	open doors	stand by
befriend	patronize	stimulate
benefit	plug	stump for
bolster	promote	succor
boost	prop	support
buck up	puff	sustain
cheer	push	uphold



We all of us need assistance. Those who **sustain** others themselves want to be **sustained**.

MAURICE HULST

DIAGNOSIS vague

Helga was kind enough to **help** me through a tough time.

Help can come in many ways, and *help* doesn't tell us much about the ways Helga's showed her kindness.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *help*:

Helga was kind enough to ______ me through a tough time.

assist Helga offered me aid—financially, emotionally, and in other ways.

befriend Helga and I weren't as close before this tough time, and now she's

become much more friendly.

bolster I was a little shaky, and Helga offered me her strength—she was

someone to lean on.

encourage Helga has inspired me with courage, spirit, and confidence.

stand by Even when things got really rough, I knew I could rely on Helga.

support Helga not only offered me financial aid but also held me up

emotionally.

sustain Helga helped me keep going without either of us giving way or

yielding to how tough the time was.



A government that robs Peter to pay Paul can always depend on the **support** of Paul.

important

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

substantial; of much or great significance or consequence



cures for the common word

big-league	grave	ponderous
chief	great	pressing
considerable	heavy	primary
conspicuous	imperative	principal
critical	importunate	relevant
crucial	influential	salient
decisive	large	serious
earnest	marked	signal
essential	material	significant
exceptional	meaningful	something
exigent	momentous	standout
extensive	notable	substantial
far-reaching	of note	urgent
foremost	of substance	vital
front-page	paramount	weighty



Only Irish Coffee provides in a single glass all four **essential** food groups: alcohol, caffeine, sugar, fat.

ALEX LEVINE

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Community approval of the new clinic is **important** to the developer.

We can't tell from the use of *important* in this sentence if the approval is something the developer cares about or if it's required for construction of the new clinic.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *important*:

Community approval of the new clinic is ______ to the developer.

essential The approval is necessary to the actual continuance of the project,

and without it, the project will not move forward.

imperative In addition to being absolutely necessary or required, the communi-

ty's input is unavoidable.

influential The community's input will influence the developer's plans.

meaningful This gives the impression that the developer cares about the wishes

of the community.

paramount The community's approval could have a chief impact on the devel-

oper's plans.

relevant The community's input should have significant and demonstrable

bearing on the issues.

significant The community's approval matters, but there's no indication the

approval—or not—will have any bearing on the developer's plan.



The most **influential** of all educational factors is the conversation in a child's home.

interesting

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

arousing the curiosity or engaging the attention



cures for the common word

absorbing	engrossing	magnetic
affecting	entertaining	pleasing
alluring	enthralling	pleasurable
amusing	entrancing	provocative
arresting	exceptional	refreshing
captivating	exotic	riveting
charismatic	fascinating	stimulating
compelling	gracious	stirring
curious	gripping	striking
delightful	impressive	suspicious
elegant	inspiring	thought-provoking
enchanting	intriguing	unusual
engaging	inviting	winning
	G	



I enjoyed the courtroom as a stage—but not so **amusing** as Broadway.

MAE WEST

DIAGNOSIS vaque

My mom and I saw a very **interesting** play.

It is hard to know exactly what this means—if the play was good, bad, or something else entirely.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for interesting:

My mom and I saw a very _____ play.

absorbing The play was engaging and engrossing and occupied our full atten-

tion or interest.

amusing The play was entertaining in a light, playful, or pleasant manner

and caused us to laugh.

compelling The play irresistibly kept our attention and urged, almost forced, us

to think about its message.

fascinating The play was irresistibly charming and captivating and caused us to

see a point with a different perspective.

intriguing The play aroused our interest—and our curiosity.

riveting The play held our attention and kept us engrossed in the action,

dialogue, or message.

stimulating The play was exciting and invigorating.

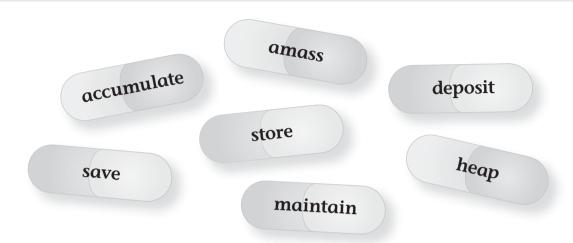


Good communication is as **stimulating** as black coffee, and just as hard to sleep after.

112 keep

PART OF SPEECH verb

DEFINITION to hold or retain in one's possession



cures for the common word

accumulate	enjoy	place
amass	garner	possess
cache	grasp	preserve
care for	grip	put up
carry	have	reserve
conduct	heap	retain
conserve	hold back	save
control	maintain	stack
deposit	manage	stock
detain	own	store
direct	pile	withhold



We **accumulate** our opinions at an age when our understanding is at its weakest.

G. C. (GEORG CHRISTOPH) LICHTENBERG

DIAGNOSIS vague

There's room for Chris to **keep** his entire antique ski collection in the new garage.

In this sentence, *keep* doesn't tell us precisely what Chris is doing with the collection and what the main advantage is of the new garage.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for keep:

There's room for Chris to ______ his entire antique ski collection in the new garage.

accumulate Chris will be able to collect his skis in gradual degrees.

amass Chris will have plenty of room to collect a large quantity of his skis.

deposit Choosing *deposit* implies that it's not Chris's garage, but that some-

one is letting Chris leave his collection there.

heap Chris is going to pile up his collection in the garage.

maintain The new garage gives Chris a place to work on and keep his collec-

tion in good condition.

Save Chris's collection will now be safe in the new garage.

store Chris may not get to enjoy his collection all the time, but now he

can place it in the new garage for future use.

CURED!

It is possible to **store** the mind with a million facts and still be entirely uneducated.

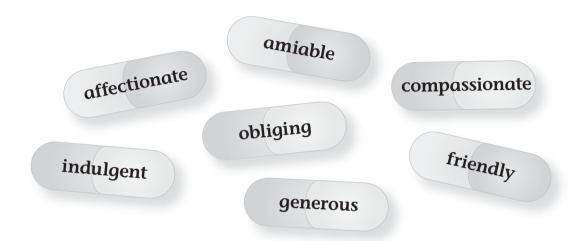
114 kind

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of a good or benevolent nature or disposition



cures for the common word

affectionate	considerate	lenient
all heart	cordial	loving
altruistic	courteous	mild
amiable	friendly	neighborly
amicable	generous	obliging
beneficent	gentle	philanthropic
benevolent	good-hearted	propitious
big	gracious	softhearted
bounteous	humane	sympathetic
charitable	humanitarian	tenderhearted
clement	indulgent	thoughtful
compassionate	kindhearted	tolerant
congenial	kindly	understanding



Always when I see a man fond of praise I always think it is because he is an **affectionate** man craving for affection.

J. B. YEATS

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Everyone likes the kind nanny.

There are many facets of being *kind*, and the following alternatives tell us more about the different ways in which she might be a great nanny.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for kind:

Everyone likes the ______ nanny.

affectionate She shows love and affection and is fondly tender.

amiable She is very agreeable and willing to accept the wishes, decisions, or

suggestions of others.

compassionate She is sympathetic and feels and shows compassion.

friendly She is kind and pleasant, not antagonistic or hostile.

generous She is unselfish and liberal in giving and sharing—of her time, cre-

ativity, and attention.

indulgent She's lenient and permissive; *indulgent* carries a somewhat negative

connotation of her giving in too much.

obliging She is often willing or eager to do favors for people and is very

accommodating.



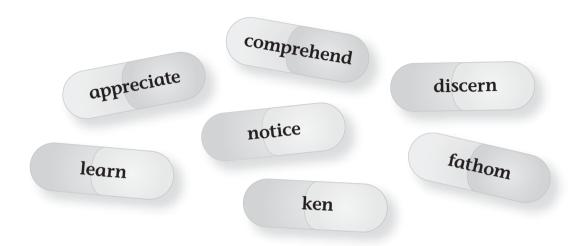
116 know

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to perceive or understand as fact or truth; to apprehend clearly and with certainty



cures for the common word

apperceive	comprehend	have
appreciate	differentiate	ken
apprehend	discern	learn
be acquainted	discriminate	notice
be cognizant	distinguish	perceive
be informed	experience	realize
be read	fathom	recognize
be versed	feel certain	see
cognize	grasp	understand



The movies are so rarely great art, that if we can't **appreciate** great trash, there is little reason for us to go.

PAULINE KAEL

DIAGNOSIS vaque

It took me a while to **know** the local customs.

Being familiar with local customs can be very helpful, but this sentence doesn't clearly indicate whether I understand or accept the customs.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for know:

It took me a while to ______ the local customs.

appreciate I became fully aware of the customs and was able to acknowledge

that they are true for the area.

comprehend Even though some of the customs were unfamiliar to me, I grasped

their nature and meaning.

discern By observing, I became able to recognize certain actions as local

customs—as opposed to unfamiliar individual behavior.

fathom I was finally able to comprehend and perceive the truth of the

customs.

ken I was already acquainted with some of the customs, because some-

one had told me about some of them, and now I understand them

even more.

learn I came to know about the customs from my own study and

experience.

notice It took me a while even to become aware of the local customs.

CURED!

Learn from the mistakes of others—you can never live long enough to make them all yourself.

JOHN LUTHER

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to depart from permanently; to quit



cures for the common word

abandon	flee	ride off
abscond	flit	run along
break away	fly	sally
cast off	forsake	scram
clear out	go away	set out
cut out	go forth	slip out
decamp	head out	split
defect	migrate	step down
desert	move out	take leave
disappear	part	take off
ditch	pull out	vacate
embark	push off	vamoose
emigrate	quit	vanish
escape	relinquish	walk out
exit	retire	withdraw

CUREDI

A poem is never finished, only abandoned.

PAUL VALERY

DIAGNOSIS vague

Darrel had to **leave** his car at the side of the road.

No doubt there was something wrong for Darrel to have to leave his car, but *leave* in this sentence doesn't give an indication of just why, and the following alternatives tell a bit more of the story.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *leave*:

Darrel ha	d to his car at the side of the road.
abandon	Darrel needed to leave and completely give up on the car, which was perhaps broken beyond repair.
desert	Darrel left the car without intending to return; the implication is that he left contrary to a promise or commitment not to.
ditch	This is an informal way to say that Darrel had to get rid of the car for some reason.
escape	Darrel got away from the car—after being confined or restrained in it for some reason—perhaps because of some impending danger.
exit	Darrel gave up possession of the car; the implication is that he was able to walk away calmly as opposed to hurrying away.
flee	Darrel quickly ran away from the car, but we still don't know why.
forsake	Darrel adored that classic car, but for some reason he sadly had to give it up.



Nobody grows old merely by living a number of years. We grow old by **deserting** our ideals. Years may wrinkle the skin, but to give up enthusiasm wrinkles the soul.

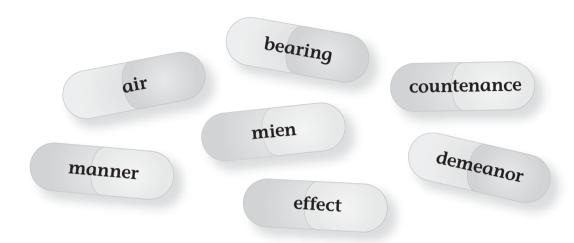
look

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

the way in which a person or thing appears to the eye or to the mind



cures for the common word

air	effect	mien
aspect	expression	mug
attitude	face	physiognomy
bearing	fashion	posture
cast	feature	presence
character	form	seeming
complexion	guise	semblance
countenance	image	shape
demeanor	manner	visage



A man's own **manner** and character is what most becomes him.

MARCUS TULLIUS CICERO

DIAGNOSIS limiting

The woman in the park had a sad **look** about her.

In this sentence, it's unclear exactly what gave us the sense that the woman was sad, and the alternatives give us a clearer explanation of how she is demonstrating her sadness.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *look*:

The woman in the park had a sad _____ about her.

air It was her appearance or manner that gave the impression of being

sad.

bearing Her posture and the way she conducted herself, maybe even her

gestures, made her appear sad.

countenance The look or expression on her face was sad.

demeanor Her conduct and behavior—perhaps crying—told us she was sad.

effect By her look or manner, she was causing those around her to be sad.

manner The way she was speaking with and treating others told us of her

sadness.

mien Some aspect of her manner revealed her inner state of sadness.



Excess on occasion is exhilarating. It prevents moderation from acquiring the deadening **effect** of a habit.

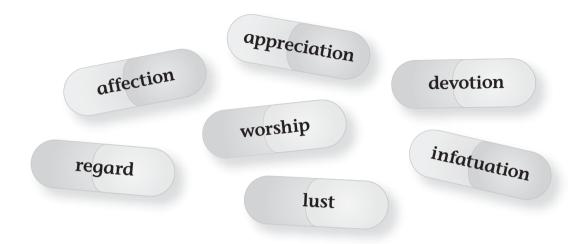
love

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

a profoundly tender, passionate affection for another person or an object



cures for the common word

adulation	enjoyment	passion
affection	fervor	rapture
allegiance	fidelity	regard
amity	fondness	relish
amour	friendship	respect
appreciation	hankering	sentiment
ardor	idolatry	soft spot
attachment	inclination	taste
crush	infatuation	tenderness
delight	involvement	weakness
devotion	liking	worship
emotion	lust	yearning
enchantment	partiality	zeal



After a semester or so, my **infatuation** with computers burnt out as quickly as it had begun.

ERIC ALLIN CORNELL

DIAGNOSIS confusing

Taylor realized that her feelings for Thorne were actually **love**.

Love can have a broad spectrum of meanings, and in this sentence, *love* doesn't give us much clarity on the level of Taylor's feelings.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for love:

Taylor realized that her feelings for Thorne were actually _____.

affection Taylor had a tender fondness for Thorne, but it wasn't really true

love.

appreciation Taylor felt great gratitude to Thorne, but not necessarily an affection

for him.

devotion Taylor was thankful to Thorne to a degree that caused an earnest

attachment to him.

infatuation Taylor had a foolish, all-absorbing passion for Thorne, which prob-

ably won't last.

lust Taylor realized she really only had an intense sexual desire for

Thorne.

regard Taylor had great respect for Thorne and held him in high esteem.

worship Taylor had an adoring reverence for Thorne.

CURED!

Perpetual **devotion** to what a man calls his business, is only to be sustained by perpetual neglect of many other things.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON

main

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

chief in size, extent, or importance; principal; leading



cures for the common word

capital cardinal central chief controlling critical crucial	foremost fundamental head leading major necessary outstanding	preeminent premier prevailing primary prime special star
dominant	paramount	stellar
essential	particular	supreme
first	predominant	vital



Start by doing what is **necessary**, then do what is possible, and suddenly you are doing the impossible.

SAINT FRANCIS OF ASSISI

DIAGNOSIS vague

The article's **main** point concerned increased global warming.

We know that *main* implies importance of some kind, but we're not sure in what way or on what the importance is based.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for main:

The article's ______ point concerned increased global warming.

dominant There were many points in the article, and increased global warm-

ing is the one that most influenced the information or perspective

of the article.

foremost Increased global warming was the article's most important point,

ahead of all others.

fundamental Increased global warming was the primary point upon which the

rest of the article was based.

leading Increased global warming was the first point of the article.

necessary The point of increased global warming was essential and requisite to

the entire article.

outstanding The point of increased global warming was most prominent and

striking; it stood out.

vital Getting across the truth of increased global warming was of critical

importance.

CURED!

Love and freedom are **vital** to the creation and upbringing of a child.

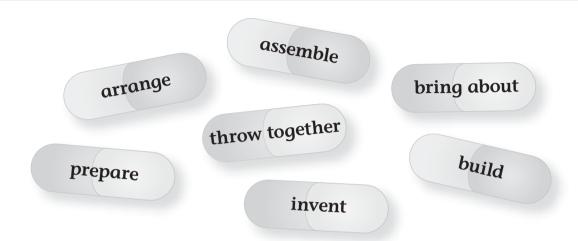
make

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to cause to exist or happen; to bring about; to create



cures for the common word

accomplish	dream up	mold
adjust	effect	occasion
arrange	engender	originate
assemble	fabricate	parent
beget	fashion	prepare
brew	father	procreate
bring about	forge	produce
build	form	put together
cause	frame	secure
compile	generate	shape
compose	hatch	sire
conceive	initiate	spawn
constitute	invent	synthesize
construct	knock out	throw together
cook up	manufacture	whip up

CURED!

The first qualification for a historian is to have no ability to **invent**.

STENDHAL [MARIE-HENRI BEYLE]

DIAGNOSIS vague

Jason is working to **make** a state-of-the-art veterinary clinic.

This is certainly a noble cause, but *make* doesn't clearly tell us what Jason's role will be in bringing the clinic into existence.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for make:

Jason is working to ______ a state-of-the-art veterinary clinic.

arrange Jason is bringing about an agreement to create the clinic, but we

don't know if he will be involved with putting together the clinic.

assemble Jason is going to bring together all the components needed for the

entire clinic.

bring about This is an informal way to say that Jason will do everything neces-

sary to accomplish the goal of bringing the clinic into existence.

build This could mean that Jason will actually help to construct the build-

ing, but it may mean that he will be instrumental in assembling all

the parts needed to establish the clinic.

invent This implies there has never been such a clinic and Jason is creating

it based on his own ingenuity—and maybe some experimentation.

prepare This implies a clinic is in existence and Jason is going to be sure it is

duly state-of-the-art equipped in proper condition and readiness.

throw together Jason is putting together the clinic in a hurried way, and although

this can have a connotation of being haphazard, in today's world it

can imply admiration for doing something so big so quickly.

CURED!

It takes twenty years to **build** a reputation and five minutes to ruin it. If you think about that, you'll do things differently.

WARREN BUFFET

mean mean

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

hostile, offensive, selfish, or unaccommodating; nasty; malicious



cures for the common word

bad-tempered	hard-nosed	rugged
bitchy	ignoble	scurrilous
callous	ill-tempered	shameless
cantankerous	infamous	sinking
churlish	knavish	snide
contemptible	liverish	sour
dangerous	lousy	the lowest
despicable	malicious	treacherous
difficult	malign	troublesome
dirty	nasty	ugly
disagreeable	perfidious	unfriendly
dishonorable	pesky	unpleasant
evil	rotten	unscrupulous
formidable	rough	vexatious
hard	rude	vicious



May the forces of evil become confused on the way to your house.

GEORGE CARLIN

DIAGNOSIS limiting

The wicked stepmother in Cinderella was downright mean.

Well, she sure was, but *mean* is too limiting when there are so many other words to use that describe the horrid ways she showed that meanness.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for mean:

The wicked stepmother in *Cinderella* was downright ______.

cantankerous She was constantly disagreeable and argumentative.

churlish She was rude, crude, ill-mannered, coarse, and contemptible in

behavior and appearance.

dangerous She caused Cinderella great physical and emotional injury, to say

the least.

dishonorable She was clearly unprincipled and disreputable.

evil Her entire personality was characterized by anger and spite.

formidable For years she managed to cause fear and apprehension—in everyone.

troublesome She caused trouble for everyone and was constantly annoying.



130 more

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION additional or further; in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number



cures for the common word

added	extended	larger
additional	extra	likewise
amassed	farther	major
another	fresh	massed
augmented	further	new
bounteous	greater	numerous
deeper	heavier	other
enhanced	higher	replenishment
exceeding	increased	supplementary
expanded	innumerable	wider

CUREDI

One should never criticize his own work except in a **fresh** and hopeful mood. The self-criticism of a tired mind is suicide.

CHARLES HORTEN COOLEY

DIAGNOSIS limiting

I need to conduct **more** research for my report.

In this sentence, *more* is clear in indicating additional research but doesn't tell us much about what kind of research.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *more*:

I need to conduct ______ research for my report.

deeper I need to continue my research extending far down from the surface

meaning of my topic.

expanded I need to look beyond the current scope of my research to increase

the length and detail of my report.

fresh I need to look at my topic in a novel and different way than I have

so far.

heavier I've been a little light on my research and need to do much more

than before.

major I haven't done any research so far, and I have a lot to do!

supplementary I need to add something to my research to make it complete—per-

haps to make up for a deficiency or to extend or strengthen the

whole report.

wider I need to look at a much greater variety of subjects or cases to give

me more thorough information.



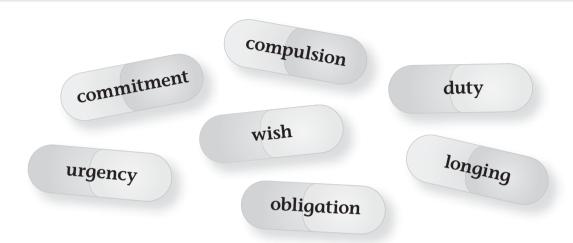
need need

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

urgent want, as of something required or wanted



cures for the common word

ache	duty	requirement
charge	exigency	requisite
commitment	extremity	right
committal	hunger	thirst
compulsion	itch	urge
craving	longing	urgency
demand	must	use
desire	obligation	weakness
devoir	occasion	wish



I write of the **wish** that comes true—for some reason, a terrifying concept.

JAMES M. CAIN

DIAGNOSIS vague

Parents may feel a **need** to protect even their adult children.

In this sentence, *need* doesn't give us a clear indication as to whether the desire to protect is appropriate or not.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *need*:

Parents may feel a ______ to protect even their adult children.

commitment Parents may feel bound emotionally to protect their children with a

sincere and steadfast pledge, which tends to give us a positive sense.

compulsion Some parents have an irresistible impulse to protect their children,

regardless of the rationality of the motivation; compulsion tells us

that the feeling is probably not appropriate.

duty Parents may feel they are doing what they are required to do by

moral or legal obligation.

longing Some parents have a strong, persistent desire or craving to protect

their adult children.

obligation Parents may feel bound by duty, custom, or law to protect their chil-

dren; the connotation is that perhaps they are doing so because they

have to rather than because they want to.

urgency There may be an earnest and pressing importance for the parents to

protect their children; the implication is that there is real danger.

wish Parents often have a continuing want and desire to protect their

children.

CUREDI

The **duty** of youth is to challenge corruption.

KURT COBAIN

134 new

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of recent origin, production, purchase, etc.



cures for the common word

dewy neoteric unlike different newfangled unseasoned dissimilar unskilled novel distinct now unspoiled edgy original untouched fashionable recent untrained fresh untried strange untrodden inexperienced topical just out ultramodern unused uncontaminated latest unusual unfamiliar modern up-to-date modernistic unique virgin modish unknown youthful



I think **modern** science should graft functional wings on a pig, simply so no one can ever use that stupid saying again.

ANONYMOUS

DIAGNOSIS vaque

The detergent manufacturer introduced a **new** formula.

In this example, *new* could have a host of different meanings—both positive and negative.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for new:

The detergent manufacturer introduced a ______ formula.

fresh The formula is newly made or obtained.

The formula may have been created at any time, and this is the most

recent formula the manufacturer is introducing.

modern The formula is characteristic or expressive of recent times.

novel The formula is of a new kind, different from anything seen or

known before.

unfamiliar The formula may have been around for some time but is not known

or well known.

unique This could have two slightly different meanings: the formula is the

only one of its kind, or it is not the typical formula.

untried The formula possibly has not ever been tried or at least has not been

adequately tested or proved.



Create your own visual style . . . let it be **unique** for yourself and yet identifiable for others.

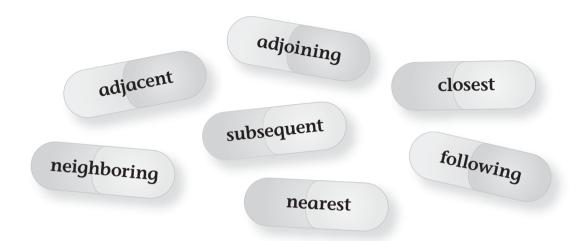
next

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

immediately following in time, order, importance, etc.



cures for the common word

abutting	closest	later
adjacent	coming	nearby
adjoining	connecting	nearest
after	consecutive	neighboring
alongside	consequent	proximate
attached	contiguous	subsequent
beside	ensuing	succeeding
bordering	following	thereafter
close	immediate	touching



Arrogance and snobbism live in **adjoining** rooms and use a common currency.

MORLEY SAFER

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Rosie's best friend lives in Brewster, the **next** town on Highway 1.

Choosing *next* here actually gives us sufficient information, but the following alternatives broaden our understanding of where Brewster is in relation to where Rosie lives.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *next*:

Rosie's best friend lives in Brewster, the ______ town on Highway 1.

adjacent Brewster is close to Rosie's town, but *adjacent* doesn't give us an indi-

cation of in which direction or if it's a bordering town or simply

nearby.

adjoining Brewster is bordering the town where Rosie lives, in direct contact at

some point.

closest There are several towns nearby, but Brewster is most near to Rosie's

town.

following Continuing on Highway 1, Brewster is a town we'll come to—

though it doesn't tell us how close or in which direction.

nearest Brewster is within the shortest distance or interval of time from

Rosie's house.

neighboring Since we're talking of towns, this is an ideal word for a nearby or

adjacent town.

subsequent On Highway 1, Brewster is the town that comes after Rosie's town—

again, though, it doesn't tell us in which direction or how far it is.

CUREDI

At a formal dinner party, the person nearest death should always be seated **closest** to the bathroom.

GEORGE CARLIN

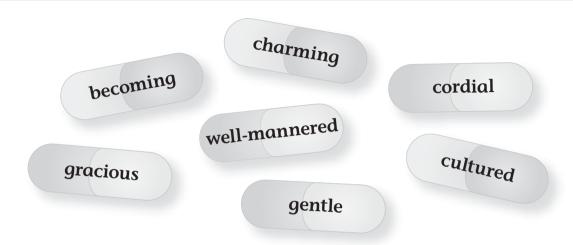
nice

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

pleasing and agreeable in nature



cures for the common word

delightful admirable nifty agreeable favorable obliging OK amiable friendly approved genial peachy pleasant attractive gentle becoming good pleasurable polite charming gracious commendable helpful seemly considerate hunky-dory swell copacetic ingratiating unpresumptuous

cordial inviting welcome courteous kind well-man

courteous kind well-mannered cultured kindly winning decorous lovely winsome

CURED!

Being **cultured** is the least expensive form of respectability.

MASON COOLEY

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Rich has a **nice** personality.

We know that this means something positive (unless being used facetiously), but we'd like to know more precisely what is pleasant about Rich.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *nice*:

Rich has a(n) ______ personality.

becoming Rich's personality is pleasing and appropriate, and he presents him-

self in the best light.

charming Rich is a delight and can induce an action using his strong attrac-

tiveness or personal skills.

cordial Rich is warm, sincere, and friendly.

cultured Rich is refined in his manner and enlightened and knowledgeable in

the arts.

gentle Rich is never severe or harsh in any way.

gracious Rich is kind and courteous and has a compassionate nature.

well-mannered Rich is polite and courteous and is considered to be socially "cor-

rect" in his behavior.



140 old

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

having lived or existed for a relatively long time; far advanced in years or life



cures for the common word

aged	geriatric	seasoned
ancient	getting on	senile
broken down	gray-haired	senior
debilitated	grizzled	skilled
decrepit	hoary	superannuated
deficient	impaired	tired
doddering	inactive	used
elderly	infirm	venerable
enfeebled	mature	versed
exhausted	matured	veteran
experienced	olden	wasted
fossil	patriarchal	worn



Imagination grows by exercise, and contrary to common belief, is more powerful in the **mature** than in the young.

W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM

DIAGNOSIS vague

lim is an **old** member of the cast.

When *old* is used in this context, it would probably be kinder to look for an alternative—one that has a more diplomatic and more precise connotation.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *old*:

Jim is a(n) _____ member of the cast.

aged We don't know how long Jim has been with the cast, but he is

advanced in age.

experienced Whether it's with this cast or just in the industry, Jim has gained a

level of skill or knowledge based on his past experience.

mature Jim—or at least his skills—are fully developed in body or mind.

seasoned Jim is competent because of his trial and experience.

senior Though this could relate to Jim's chronological age, it would more

often imply he is of higher or the highest rank or standing in the

cast.

skilled Jim's skill is either from experience or from training.

veteran Jim has long service with the cast.



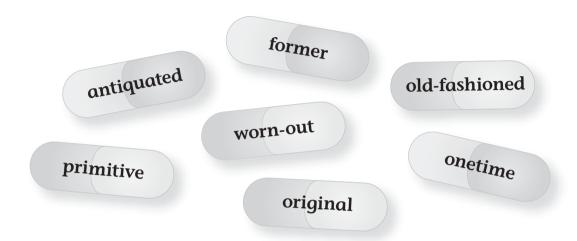
I was very, very naive for a **veteran** guy. I thought I was going to be a place where dissent could be heard.

old

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION obsolete; no longer in general use



cures for the common word

aboriginal age-old antediluvian antiquated antique archaic bygone cast-off crumbling dated decayed démodéd early erstwhile	hackneyed immemorial late moth-eaten of yore olden oldfangled old-fashioned old-time onetime original outdated outmoded passé	previous primeval primitive primordial quondam remote rusty stale superannuated time-worn traditional unfashionable unoriginal venerable
erstwhile former	passé past	venerable worn-out

CURED!

An **original** writer is not one who imitates nobody, but one whom nobody can imitate.

FRANÇOIS-RENÉ DE CHATEAUBRIAND

DIAGNOSIS vague

The manuscript files are on my **old** computer.

For a second printing of my book, I need the original manuscript files, and we can't tell from the use of *old* in this sentence whether I'm going to be able to get those files or not.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for old:

The manuscript files are on my _____ computer.

antiquated The files are on a computer that is so obsolete I no longer

use it.

former I'm referring to the computer I used before my current one, and it

doesn't necessarily mean there was or is anything wrong with it.

old-fashioned The computer is out of style but still may work just fine.

onetime The connotation is that the files are on the computer I used at one

time and may no longer have access to.

original The files are on my very first computer.

primitive The computer is rather simple and unsophisticated and probably

can't even perform the way I need it to today.

worn-out My beloved computer is no longer working; it is so damaged by use

that it's beyond repair.



Only two things are infinite, the universe and human stupidity, and I'm not sure about the **former**.

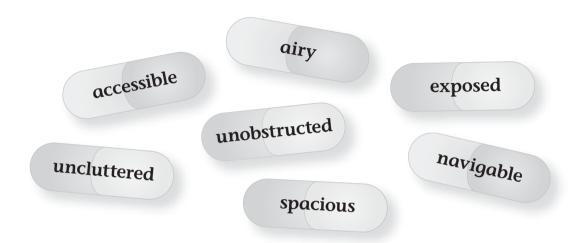
open

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

not closed or barred; relatively free of obstructions



cures for the common word

accessible	gaping	unbolted
agape	naked	unburdened
airy	navigable	uncluttered
ajar	patent	uncovered
bare	patulous	unfolded
clear	peeled	unfurled
cleared	revealed	unimpeded
dehiscent	rolling	unlocked
disclosed	spacious	unobstructed
emptied	spread out	unsealed
expansive	stripped	unstopped
exposed	susceptible	vacated
extended	unbarred	wide
free	unblocked	yawning



We're an ideal political family, as accessible as Disneyland.

MAUREEN REAGAN

DIAGNOSIS vaque

We're creating an **open** path from the house to the garden.

Because *open* as an adjective has almost eighty definitions, many of which could apply in this sentence, we definitely need to narrow our meaning to have a clearer picture about the path to the garden.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *open*:

We're creating a(n) ______ path from the house to the garden.

accessible We'll now have a path that can be easily reached and used.

airy The path may be covered, but it is open to a free current of fresh air.

exposed The path won't be sheltered from the elements.

navigable The path will now be wide enough to provide us easy passage to the

garden.

spacious Our path will have a great vast area.

uncluttered The path now will be orderly and neat.

unobstructed We're clearing any and all impediments or hindrances to create a

clear path.

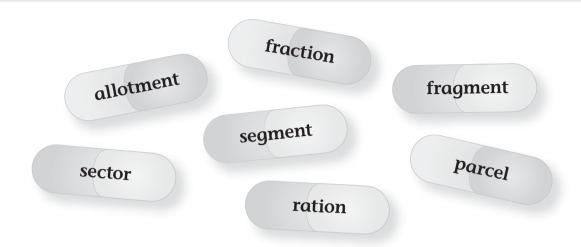


I would rather be **exposed** to the inconveniences attending too much liberty than to those attending too small a degree of it.

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION a portion or division of a whole that is separate or distinct



cures for the common word

allotment	helping	piece
apportionment	hunk	portion
articulation	ingredient	quantum
bit	installment	ration
branch	item	scrap
chunk	limb	section
component	lot	sector
constituent	measure	segment
department	member	share
detail	module	side
division	moiety	slice
element	molecule	sliver
factor	organ	splinter
fraction	parcel	subdivision
fragment	particle	unit



To me, photography is the simultaneous recognition, in a **fraction** of a second, of the significance of an event.

HENRI CARTIER-BRESSON

DIAGNOSIS vaque

A **part** of the population was evacuated early.

In this sentence, we aren't given enough information to know how many people were evacuated or if the early evacuation was a positive or negative situation.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for part:

A(n) ______ of the population was evacuated early.

allotment A predetermined number of people, or specific people, had been

chosen for early evacuation should the need arise.

fraction Only a minute number of people were evacuated early, and in this

case, the implication is that the number was far too few.

fragment Only a small, isolated group of people were evacuated early.

parcel The people in a specific geographic portion of the city were evacu-

ated early; *parcel* implies a relatively small geographic area.

ration Only a set amount of people were set apart for early evacuation; the

implication with ration is that it was a small number of people.

sector A geographic section or zone of the population was evacuated early,

though we have no indication how small or large that section was.

segment Though *segment* could refer to a geographic location, the connota-

tion is more that a certain group determined by some other factor (perhaps need or, unfortunately, economic status) was evacuated

early.



It is unconscionable that we **ration** health care by the ability to pay. . . . Your heart breaks. Health care should be a given.

perfect

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

entirely without any flaws, defects, or shortcomings



cures for the common word

absolute	faultless	skillful
accomplished	finished	sound
aces	flawless	splendid
adept	foolproof	spotless
beyond compare	ideal	stainless
blameless	immaculate	sublime
classical	impeccable	superb
consummate	indefectible	supreme
crowning	masterful	ten
culminating	masterly	unblemished
defectless	matchless	unequaled
excellent	paradisiacal	unmarred
excelling	peerless	untainted
experienced	pure	untarnished
expert	skilled	utopian



The advantage of a **classical** education is that it enables you to despise the wealth which it prevents you from achieving.

RUSSELL GREEN

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Susan is a **perfect** first-chair violinist.

Susan is an ideal choice, but this doesn't give us much information as to what specifically makes her so right for the position.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *perfect*:

Susan is a(n) ______ first-chair violinist.

accomplished Susan is highly skilled as a violinist; she is an expert.

classical Classical in this sentence could have two meanings: Susan's talents

are of the highest quality, or she plays more enduring types of

music.

consummate Susan can superbly perform a complete range of music.

experienced Susan is certainly skillful through her experience, but this may refer

instead to her experience at being first chair.

impeccable Susan's playing is considered faultless.

sound Susan is competent and reliable, which may be fine but doesn't indi-

cate an advanced skill.

unequaled Susan's talents as a violinist are matchless and cannot be surpassed.



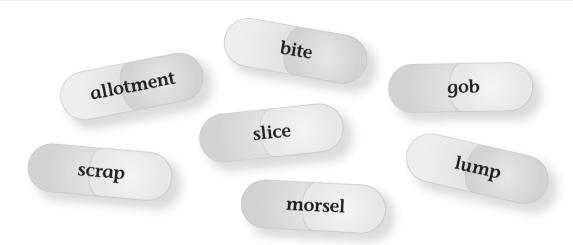
piece

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

a separate or limited portion or quantity of something



cures for the common word

allotment	hunk	portion
bit	instance	quantity
bite	interest	quota
case	item	sample
chomp	length	scrap
chunk	lot	section
cut	lump	segment
division	member	share
example	moiety	shred
fraction	morsel	slice
fragment	mouthful	smithereens
gob	parcel	snack
half	percentage	specimen



Sculpture is the art of the hole and the lump.

AUGUSTE RODIN

DIAGNOSIS vague

When I got home from work, I saw that the family had left me one **piece** of pie.

In this sentence, I'm not sure just how big—or small—a *piece* of pie I'm going to get to enjoy.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for piece:

When I got home from work, I saw that the family had left me one ______ of pie.

allotment There are five in the family and five pieces of pie, so they kindly set

aside my equal share.

bite Well, it's not a lot, but at least they left a mouthful.

gob Using *gob* here is an informal way to say they left me a huge quan-

tity of pie.

lump It was an irregularly shaped mass on the plate, so they probably had

all picked away at it.

morsel There was such a small portion left, I could barely get a good taste.

scrap Unfortunately, all that was left were bits and pieces of leftovers.

slice Ah, a standard cut of pie—in this case big enough to enjoy fully.



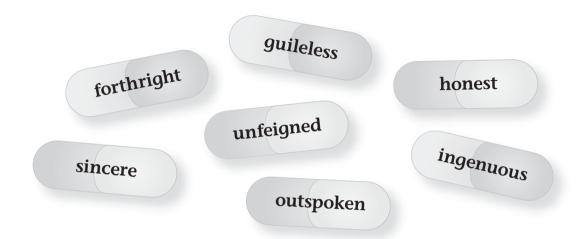
plain

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

straightforward; frank or candid



cures for the common word

abrupt	guileless	straightforward
artless	honest	true
blunt	impolite	unconcealed
candid	ingenuous	undisguised
direct	open	unfeigned
downright	outspoken	uninhibited
forthright	rude	unreserved
frank	sincere	unrestricted
genuine	straight arrow	unvarnished



Honest criticism is hard to take, particularly from a relative, a friend, an acquaintance, or a stranger.

FRANKLIN P. JONES

DIAGNOSIS vaque

Robert is known for his **plain** speaking.

We can't be sure what's meant by *plain* here nor whether Robert's speaking style is considered positive or negative.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *plain*:

Robert is known for his ______ speaking.

forthright Robert goes straight to the point, without any subtlety or evasion.

guileless What Robert says is free of deceit.

honest Robert always speaks with honorable, upright, and fair intentions.

ingenuous Robert speaks sincerely and without reservation.

outspoken This means Robert speaks with frankness and without reservation,

but *outspoken* has a connotation that this may be unwelcome or may

be considered inappropriate.

sincere Robert speaks in a genuine and earnest way—with the added conno-

tation that he speaks with emotion.

unfeigned Robert is genuine and says what he sincerely feels.



plan

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

a scheme or method of acting, doing, proceeding, making, etc.



cures for the common word

aim	intendment	project
angle	intention	proposal
animus	layout	proposition
arrangement	machination	purpose
big picture	means	scenario
contrivance	method	scheme
deal	outline	stratagem
design	pattern	strategy
device	picture	suggestion
disposition	platform	system
expedient	plot	tactic
game plan	policy	treatment
gimmick	procedure	undertaking
idea	program	way



Art and science have their meeting point in **method**.

EDWARD ROBERT BULWER-LYTTON

DIAGNOSIS limiting

For his extreme-sports training start-up company, Sam considered a bold marketing **plan**.

We expect something in a field like extreme sports to be bold, and the alternatives give us a much better feel for what Sam wants to accomplish with his marketing.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for plan:

For his extreme-sports training start-up company, Sam considered a bold marketing ______.

angle The plan is based on a certain viewpoint or attitude Sam has; angle

can imply there is some secret motive to the plan.

game plan Sam is considering a carefully thought-out course of action.

gimmick Sam is considering an ingenious or novel approach designed to

attract attention and increase appeal.

method Knowing that most basics of marketing apply to all industries, Sam

is considering techniques in accordance with traditional marketing

procedures.

platform Sam decided to base his approach on a body of principles in which

he believes.

stratagem Sam is thinking of an elaborate maneuver to gain an advantage over

his competitors.

strategy Sam is considering a series of maneuvers aimed at a specific goal.



We will never try to develop a **strategy** that wins on price. There is nothing unique about pricing.

JOSH S. WESTON

plan

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to think out; to arrange a method or scheme to accomplish an objective



cures for the common word

arrange	engineer	plot
bargain for	figure out	prepare
block out	fix to	project
blueprint	form	quarterback
brainstorm	formulate	ready
calculate	frame	reckon on
concoct	hatch	represent
conspire	intrigue	rough in
contemplate	invent	scheme
contrive	line up	set out
cook up	map	shape
craft	mastermind	sketch
design	meditate	steer
devise	organize	trace
draft	outline	work out



A man of personality can **formulate** ideals, but only a man of character can achieve them.

SIR HERBERT READ

DIAGNOSIS vague

The committee met to **plan** the next election campaign.

Choosing *plan* here is vague and limits our understanding of the committee's intentions.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *plan*:

The committee met to ______ the next election campaign.

craft The committee devoted great care and ingenuity to construct a suc-

cessful campaign.

devise The committee is aiming to elaborate on existing principles or ideas.

engineer The committee intends to arrange and manage the campaign by

some expedient scheme, which leans toward a negative

connotation.

formulate The committee is working to invent a method or system for a suc-

cessful campaign.

mastermind The committee wants to skillfully plan and also direct the cam-

paign, though *mastermind* can have a negative connotation.

outline The committee is in the beginning stages of summarizing and

sketching out the main features of the campaign.

shape The committee wants to give definite form and organization to the

campaign; shape has a positive connotation.



We continue to **shape** our personality all our life. If we knew ourselves perfectly, we should die.

pleasant

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

socially acceptable or adept; polite; amiable; agreeable



cures for the common word

affable	enchanting	lovely
agreeable	engaging	mild-mannered
amiable	enjoyable	nice
amusing	fine	obliging
bland	friendly	pleasing
charming	fun	pleasurable
cheerful	genial	polite
cheery	genteel	refreshing
civilized	good-humored	satisfying
congenial	gracious	social
convivial	gratifying	soft
copacetic	jolly	sweet
cordial	jovial	sympathetic
delightful	kindly	urbane
diplomatic	likable	welcome



The most **engaging** powers of an author are to make new things familiar, familiar things new.

WILLIAM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY

DIAGNOSIS limiting

My manager, Alexa, is always **pleasant**.

What a joy to work with a pleasant manager, so using the following alternatives allow me to elaborate on the degree of her good nature.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *pleasant*:

My manager, Alexa, is always ______.

affable Alexa is easy to approach and talk to, and she's warmly polite. **cheerful** Alexa is always in good spirits, inspiring us to also be cheerful.

congenial Alexa is agreeable, friendly, and sociable.

diplomatic Alexa is tactful and very skilled in dealing with sensitive matters

and people.

engaging Alexa is always willing to involve herself and participate—in conver-

sations or in what needs to be done.

polite Alexa is always courteous, showing good manners toward others.

sympathetic Alexa is compassionate and shows sympathy and understanding in a

wide range of issues and to many people.



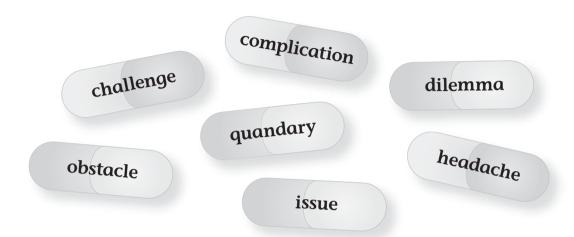
problem

PART OF SPEECH

noun

DEFINITION

situation, matter, or person that presents perplexity or difficulty



cures for the common word

box	doubt	obstacle
challenge	headache	pickle
complication	hitch	predicament
count	holy mess	quandary
crunch	hot potato	question
dilemma	hot water	scrape
disagreement	issue	squeeze
dispute	mess	trouble
disputed point	nut	worriment



I really resent being liked openly. I don't find any **challenge** in being liked.

JOHN CASSAVETES

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Our **problem** is whether to add a new room on a tight budget or wait.

This sentence doesn't make it clear how we are viewing the problem of whether to add on the new room now or be crowded for a while longer and wait until we have more money.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *problem*:

Our ______ is whether to add a new room on a tight budget or wait.

challenge Our tight budget is certainly a difficulty, but we consider the process

of figuring it out to be stimulating.

complication We thought we had enough money for the remodel, but unexpected

things happened to present a problem with the original situation.

dilemma The need to remodel and the tight budget pose a situation requiring

a choice between equally undesirable alternatives.

headache Headache in this example is an informal—but clear—way of saying

that not being able to reach a decision is annoying and bothersome

and gives us both a need to head for the aspirin.

issue Deciding which option is most important will determine our choice.

obstacle The tight budget is hindering our progress, but it won't stop us from

making a sound decision.

quandary We're in a state of uncertainty about what to do, caught between

equally unfavorable options.

CUREDI

The greatest **obstacle** to discovering the shape of the earth, the continents, and the oceans was not ignorance but the illusion of knowledge.

DANIEL BOORSTIN

prove

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to establish the truth or genuineness of, as by evidence or argument



cures for the common word

affirm	determine	result
analyze	document	settle
ascertain	end up	show
assay	establish	substantiate
attest	evidence	sustain
authenticate	evince	test
back	examine	testify
bear out	experiment	trial
certify	explain	try
check	find	turn out
confirm	fix	uphold
convince	justify	validate
corroborate	make evident	verify
declare	manifest	warrant
demonstrate	pan out	witness



Golfers have **analyzed** the game in order to find "the secret." There is no secret.

HENRY COTTON

DIAGNOSIS limiting

The defense attorney was determined to **prove** his client's story.

Even if we assume his client is being honest, *prove* doesn't give us much information as to how the attorney will show his client's story to be true.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for prove:

The defense attorney was determined to ______ his client's story.

analyze The attorney is going to examine the evidence critically, to bring

out the essential elements so as to identify causes and key factors.

authenticate The attorney is going to establish the story as genuine, with the help

of an expert in the field.

certify The attorney will present reliable information to attest to the truth

of the story.

corroborate The attorney has evidence, facts, or a person who can establish or

strengthen his client's story.

document The attorney will furnish specific references, citations, and so on, in

support of the statements his client made.

justify Even if his client might have broken a law, the attorney wants to

show that his client's actions were just or right.

verify The attorney will substantiate the truth of his client's story by use of

a combination of evidence and testimony.



The first thing any comedian does on getting an unscheduled laugh is to **verify** the state of his buttons.

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to move or place anything into or out of a specific location or position



cures for the common word

bring	insert	plop
concenter	install	plunk
concentrate	invest	quarter
deposit	lay	repose
embed	nail	rest
establish	park	rivet
fasten	peg	seat
fix	place	settle
fixate	plank	situate
focus	plant	stick



COFFEE.EXE missing. Insert cup and press any key.

ANONYMOUS

DIAGNOSIS vague

Safely **put** the battery in its correct engine compartment.

We know the battery needs to be in the appropriate engine compartment but not specifically how the battery needs to be placed.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for put:

Safely _____ the battery in its correct engine compartment. embed The battery needs to be placed in a compartment that completely surrounds it. fasten The battery needs to be attached securely to something else—like the compartment hatch. fix The battery needs to be stable in the compartment. insert The battery needs to be set into, between, or among the appropriate location in the engine compartment. install The battery needs to be placed in position and connected for proper place The battery needs to be put in the compartment in the proper position. situate We need to be sure the battery is put in the correct compartment.



Give me a lever long enough and a fulcrum on which to **place** it, and I shall move the world.

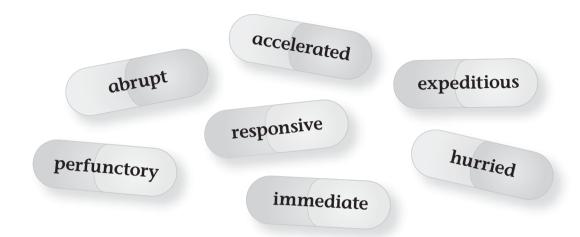
quick

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

done, proceeding, or occurring with promptness or rapidity



cures for the common word

abrupt	expeditious	perfunctory
accelerated	express	posthaste
active	fleet	prompt
agile	hasty	pronto
alert	headlong	rapid
animated	hurried	responsive
ASAP	immediate	snappy
breakneck	impatient	speedy
brief	impetuous	spirited
brisk	instantaneous	sprightly
cursory	keen	spry
curt	lively	sudden
double time	mercurial	swift
energetic	nimble	winged
		_



The difficult can be done **immediately**, the impossible takes a little longer.

ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

DIAGNOSIS limiting

We received a quick response from the loan committee—"declined."

Though we're not thrilled that the answer was no, the following alternatives give a clearer indication of how we felt about the committee's decision process.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *quick*:

We received a(n) ______ response from the loan committee— "declined."

abrupt The decision was fast and also delivered in a brusque manner, as if

from the surface facts, we didn't fit in a formula and they wouldn't

consider us beyond the easy formula.

accelerated The decision came in less time than required, and some of the detail

to be considered might have been eliminated.

expeditious Though the decision came with speed and efficiency, the connota-

tion is that the facts were considered thoroughly.

hurried We feel the committee was pushed—for some reason or by some-

one—to make a rapid decision and possibly did not give our request

its fully due review.

immediate The decision occurred without delay.

perfunctory The committee made a hasty decision without thorough attention

to detail.

responsive The committee readily reacted to our appeals and efforts.



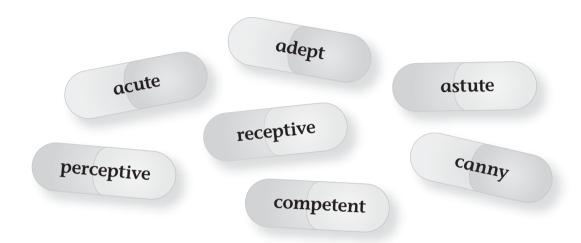
quick

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

prompt to understand, learn, etc.



cures for the common word

able	competent	prompt
active	deft	quick-witted
acute	dexterous	ready
adept	discerning	receptive
adroit	effective	savvy
all there	effectual	sharp
apt	intelligent	shrewd
astute	keen	skillful
bright	knowing	slick
canny	nimble-witted	vigorous
capable	perceptive	whiz
clever	perspicacious	wise



Any event, once it has occurred, can be made to appear inevitable by a **competent** historian.

LEE SIMONSON

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Caitlin is a quick learner.

She's always been fast at learning in several areas, but *quick* doesn't give us much specific information about her particular learning skills.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for quick:

Caitlin is a(n) ______ learner.

acute Caitlin has a sharp intellect, a keen sense of perception, or both.

adept Caitlin is very skilled in her method of learning.astute Caitlin is clever and observant in her learning.

canny Caitlin shows keen and sound judgment in what and how she stud-

ies or learns.

competent Caitlin learns adequately for whichever topic she's studying.

perceptive Caitlin shows keen insight, understanding, or intuition about the

topic she's studying.

receptive Caitlin has a wonderful ability to easily receive knowledge,

ideas, etc.



What helps me go forward is that I stay **receptive**, I feel that anything can happen.

ANOUK AIMEE

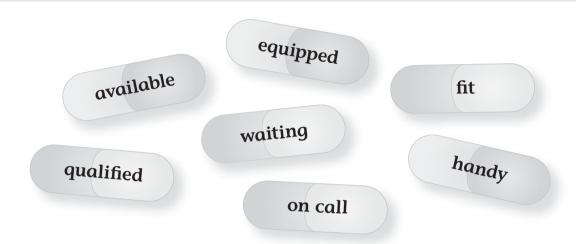
ready

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

prepared or available for service, action, or progress



cures for the common word

accessible	covered	on call
adjusted	equipped	on hand
all set	expectant	on tap
anticipating	fit	open to
apt	fixed for	organized
arranged	handy	primed
at hand	in line	qualified
available	in order	ripe
bagged	in place	set
completed	in position	waiting
convenient	near	wired



Television is the first truly democratic culture, the first culture **available** to everybody and entirely governed by what the people want. The most terrifying thing is what people do want.

CLIVE BARNES

DIAGNOSIS vaque

The boat is **ready** for launch.

This sentence doesn't give us clear information about the boat's readiness to launch.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for ready:

The boat is for launch. available Perhaps it's a rental boat, and now it's ready for our use. equipped The boat is supplied with the necessities, such as tools or provisions. fit I'm glad to know the boat is in good physical condition. handy The boat is within easy reach or conveniently available when I am. on call The boat is available on short notice—all I have to do is call. qualified The boat has all the qualities and features required by law or custom. waiting The boat is remaining inactive or stationary—in anticipation of



being ready when I am.

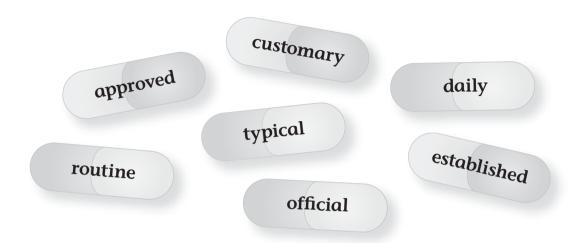
regular

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

usual; normal; customary; recurring at fixed times; periodic



cures for the common word

approved	general	proper
bona fide	habitual	routine
classic	lawful	run-of-the-mill
common	legitimate	sanctioned
commonplace	natural	standard
correct	normal	time-honored
customary	official	traditional
daily	ordinary	typical
established	orthodox	unexceptional
everyday	prevailing	unvarying
formal	prevalent	usual



It is dangerous to be right in matters on which the **established** authorities are wrong.

FRANÇOIS-MARIE AROUET VOLTAIRE

DIAGNOSIS vaque

The driver followed his **regular** route, despite the heavy snows.

There are several definitions for *regular*, so the alternatives tell us more precisely about the driver's route.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for regular:

The driver followed his ______ route, despite the heavy snows.

approved The driver followed the route that was agreed to by the company he

works for, his customers, or the laws—even though it isn't his pre-

ferred route.

customary The driver followed his usual, habitual route.

daily The driver took the same route he does every single workday.

established The driver followed a route that is not necessarily required but con-

forms to accepted standards.

official The driver took the route that was authorized and dictated by the

company he works for.

routine Like *customary, routine* indicates an unvarying and habitual route

but with the connotation of it being unimaginative or rote proce-

dure for the driver.

typical The driver can take different routes, and the route he takes is repre-

sentative or characteristic of the route most drivers take.

CUREDI

The FBI, to its credit in a self-serving sort of way, rejects the **routine** use of the polygraph on its own people.

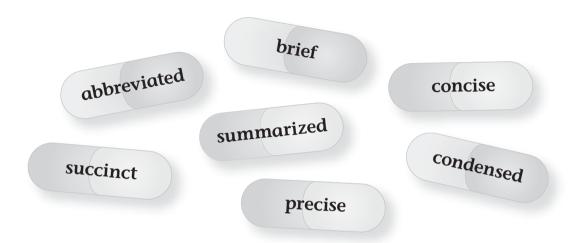
ALDRICH AMES

short

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION abridged; brief or concise



cures for the common word

abbreviated	curtate	pointed
aphoristic	cut short	precise
bare	decreased	sententious
boiled-down	decurtate	shortened
breviloquent	diminished	short-lived
brief	epigrammatic	short-term
compendiary	fleeting	succinct
compendious	laconic	summarized
compressed	lessened	summary
concise	little	terse
condensed	momentary	undersized
curtailed	pithy	unsustained



Vigorous writing is concise.

WILLIAM STRUNK JR.

DIAGNOSIS vaque

I had time before the meeting to read the **short** report.

We can't tell from the use of *short* if the report started out by being brief or was cut down—and if so, appropriately or not.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *short*:

I had time before the meeting to read the _____ report.

abbreviated The report has been shortened to a smaller version of the original—

and we don't know if important parts of it have been omitted.

brief The full report is of short duration.

concise The full report is successful in being comprehensive in scope while

using few words.

condensed The report has been reduced to a shorter form but retains all the

pertinent information.

precise The report is sharply exact and accurate, though *precise* doesn't give

any indication of its length.

succinct The report is characterized by its verbal brevity, with no wasted

words.

summarized The report includes all of the primary points of a larger report,

expressed in a concise form—with the connotation that none of the

vital information has been lost.



There is no more difficult art to acquire than the art of observation, and for some men it is quite as difficult to record an observation in **brief** and plain language.

simple

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

clear; easy to understand, deal with, use, etc.



cures for the common word

child's play	manageable	snap
clean	mild	straightforward
easy	no problem	transparent
effortless	no sweat	uncomplicated
elementary	picnic	understandable
facile	plain	uninvolved
incomplex	quiet	unmistakable
intelligible	royal	unmixed
light	self-explanatory	untroublesome
lucid	smooth	vanilla



Unless one is a genius, it is best to aim at being intelligible.

ANTHONY HOPE

DIAGNOSIS confusing

Daisy hoped the test questions would be **simple**.

In this sentence, it's not clear if Daisy might be worried that she didn't study sufficiently for the test or if her concern is based on the difficulty of the test subject itself.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for simple:

Daisy hoped the test questions would be ______.

child's playThis is an informal way to say that Daisy hopes she can easily

answer the questions, because the questions are easy or because

Daisy studied so well she knows the content.

effortless Daisy hopes the questions will require no effort to answer.

elementary Daisy hopes the questions relate to the fundamental or simplest

aspects of the subject.

intelligible Daisy hopes the questions are written in a clear way that she can

easily understand.

self-explanatory Daisy hopes that what the questions are asking for is obvious, need-

ing no further explanation.

straightforward Daisy hopes the questions are free from ambiguity.

uncomplicated Daisy hopes the questions are not complex or involved.



Nothing so completely baffles one who is full of trick and duplicity himself, than **straightforward** and simple integrity in another.

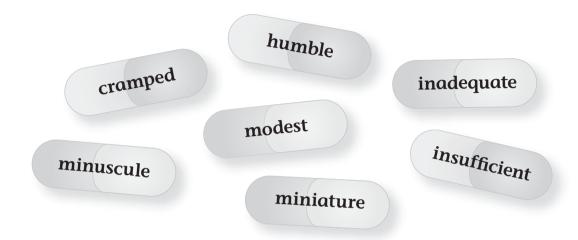
small

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of limited size; of comparatively restricted dimensions; not big



cures for the common word

baby	microscopic	puny
bantam	mini	pygmy
bitty	miniature	runty
cramped	minuscule	scanty
diminutive	minute	short
humble	modest	slight
immature	narrow	small-scale
inadequate	paltry	stunted
inconsequential	petite	teeny
inconsiderable	petty	toy
insignificant	picayune	trifling
insufficient	pint-sized	trivial
limited	pitiful	undersized
little	pocket-sized	wee
meager	poor	young



It's hard to be **humble**, when you're as great as I am.

MUHAMMAD ALI

DIAGNOSIS limiting

The **small** house down the block is for sale.

For some, *small* would be ideal, and for others it wouldn't be, and in this sentence we're not sure whether the house being small is positive or negative.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for small:

The _____ house down the block is for sale.

cramped The house is severely limited in space.

humble The house is not one considered high in quality—in reference to its

"rank" in relation to others in the neighborhood, as opposed to in

reference to its stability.

Inadequate The house doesn't offer us enough room or other features to be suit-

able for the wants of our family.

insufficient The house is lacking in what we absolutely require.

miniature This indicates the house is a small-scale representation of a full-sized

house.

minuscule It's a very tiny house, maybe just studio sized.

modest The house is a nice one, just free from ostentation or showy

extravagance.



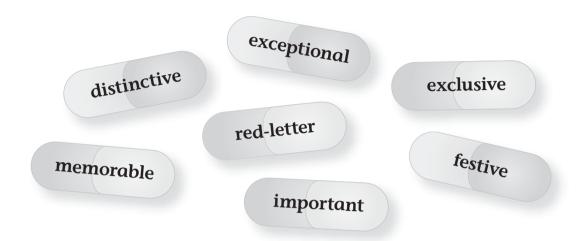
special

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION disti

distinguished or different from what is ordinary or usual



cures for the common word

certain	festive	primo
characteristic	first	proper
chief	gala	rare
choice	important	red-letter
defined	individual	reserved
definite	limited	restricted
designated	main	select
determinate	major	set
different	marked	significant
distinctive	memorable	smashing
earmarked	momentous	specialized
exceptional	particular	specific
exclusive	peculiar	uncommon
express	personal	unique
extraordinary	primary	unusual



Courage is not the absence of fear, but rather the judgement that something else is more **important** than fear.

AMBROSE REDMOON

DIAGNOSIS limiting

John and Tawni want to plan a **special** day together.

Special implies that John and Tawni are planning a wonderful day, but it doesn't tell us enough about in what way it will not be a typical day.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *special*:

John and Tawni want to plan a(n) _____ day together.

distinctive They want the day to have a unique and different quality, implying

in a positive way.

exceptional They are planning something for their day that will be a rare

instance and/or unusually excellent.

exclusive The connotation is that they want a day together alone—omitting

anyone else from their plans.

festive They are planning a day that's joyous, full of fun and gaiety.

Important They want to do something of great significance to them both.

memorable It will be a day worth remembering.

red-letter This is an informal way to say it will be a memorable day that is

especially important or happy for them.



stay

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to spend some time in a place, in a situation, with a person or group, etc.



cures for the common word

hang out	respite
hover	roost
lag	settle
last	sit tight
linger	sojourn
loiter	squat
nest	stand
outstay	stay out
pause	stay put
perch	stick around
procrastinate	stop
remain	sweat
reprieve	sweat it
reside	tarry
	hover lag last linger loiter nest outstay pause perch procrastinate remain reprieve



Now and then it's good to **pause** in our pursuit of happiness and just be happy.

GUILLAUME APOLLINAIRE

DIAGNOSIS vague

dally

sit tight

Bert wanted to **stay** at Ernie's house after school.

This sentence doesn't tell us much about why and for how long Bert wants to stay at Ernie's house.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for stay:

Bert wanted to ______ at Ernie's house after school. bunk Bert wants to sleep over at Ernie's. Bert may be having fun, but choosing dally means to waste time, so maybe he's supposed to be doing homework or chores. hang out Bert wants to spend time at Ernie's because he likes Ernie and the things they do there. linger Bert is reluctant to leave, so he's staying longer than expected. loiter Bert is lingering aimlessly at Ernie's—and Ernie isn't even home. pause Bert just wanted to stop for a short time at Ernie's on his way home.

for a while, biding his time and taking no action.

This is a slang expression meaning Bert has decided to stay at Ernie's



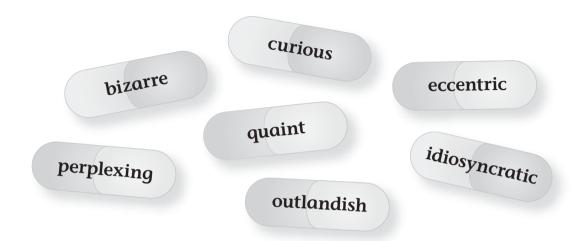
strange

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

deviating; unusual, extraordinary, or curious; odd



cures for the common word

aberrant
abnormal
astonishing
astounding
atypical
bizarre
curious
different
eccentric
erratic
exceptional
extraordinary
fantastic
far-out
funny

•
ignorant
inexperienced
irregular
marvelous
mystifying
new
newfangled
odd
oddball
off
offbeat
outlandish
out-of-the-way
peculiar
_

idiosyncratic

perplexing
quaint
queer
rare
remarkable
singular
unaccountable
unaccustomed
uncanny
uncommon
unfamiliar
unheard of
unseasoned
unusual
weird



Middle Age is that **perplexing** time of life when we hear two voices calling us, one saying, "Why not?" and the other, "Why bother?"

SYDNEY J. HARRIS

DIAGNOSIS vague

The man's **strange** clothes made him stand out.

There are a lot of different types of clothes that could be considered strange, partially determined by the viewer, and *strange* in this sentence doesn't indicate what about the man's clothes made him stand out.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *strange*:

The man's _____ clothes made him stand out.

bizarre His clothing was markedly unusual in appearance—in fact, outra-

geously or whimsically odd.

curious His clothes aroused attention, being inexplicable or highly

unusual—for example, a football uniform as he walked his dog.

eccentric His way of dressing deviated from the conventional—for example, a

top hat with his workout clothes.

idiosyncratic Though we don't have a clue as to why he's dressing that way, it

likely makes perfect sense to him.

outlandish His clothing was freakishly odd in appearance, but the connotation

is that it is simply wildly inappropriate for the occasion.

perplexing His clothing is confusing—for example, wearing a heavy wool coat

on a hot and sunny day.

quaint His clothing has an old-fashioned attractiveness or charm and is

oddly picturesque in a pleasing or amusing way.

CUREDI

Eccentric behavior is not routinely noticed around a movie set.

GENE TIERNEY

take

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to get into one's hold or possession by voluntary action or by force, skill, or artifice



cures for the common word

abduct	earn	obtain
accept	ensnare	overtake
acquire	entrap	pick up
arrest	gain possession	pull in
attain	gather up	reach
bag	glom	reap
capture	grab	receive
carry off	grasp	secure
carve out	grip	seize
catch	handle	select
choose	haul in	snag
clasp	have	snatch
clutch	hold	strike
collar	nab	take in
collect	nail	win



Happiness is like those palaces in fairy tales . . . we must fight in order to **obtain** it.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS

DIAGNOSIS vague

The investors will **take** control of the company next week.

Though *take* often has a very neutral meaning—neither positive or negative—in this sentence it gives the sense that the takeover may have been hostile; whereas, the following alternatives give us a truer picture.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *take*:

The investors will _____ control of the company next week.

acquire The investors will come into possession or ownership of the com-

pany, possibly simply by purchase.

earn The investors will deservedly have control.

obtain The investors will come into possession of the company either

through their efforts or by a request.

receive Possession of the company was offered to the investors—most likely

for a price or an exchange of some kind—and the investors have

agreed.

secure The investors thought they would be taking control, and now they

will be able to ensure this.

seize The investors have found a way to take possession by force; the con-

notation is that it may happen in an underhanded and partially

secretive way.

win The investors will gain control through their labor or through a

successful competition, such as winning a bidding war for the

company.

What a child doesn't **receive** he can seldom later give.

CTUREDA

188 **take**

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to accept, handle, or deal with in a particular way; to endure



cures for the common word

abide	hack	stand for
accept	hang in	stomach
accommodate	hang on	submit to
bear	hang tough	suffer
bear with	hold	swallow
brave	let in	take it
brook	live with	tolerate
contain	lump it	undergo
give access	receive	weather
go	ride out	welcome
go through	stand	withstand



I respect those who resist me; but I cannot tolerate them.

CHARLES DEGAULLE

DIAGNOSIS vague

My boyfriend can **take** the cold weather much better than I can.

We can't tell from this use of *take* much about his attitude toward cold weather—if he loves the cold or just puts up with it.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for take:

My boyfriend can _____ the cold weather much better than I can.

abide He can tolerate and withstand the cold without yielding or submit-

ting to freezing or to finding a way to get warm.

accommodate He manages to adapt to make being cold suitable for him.

brave He faces the cold courageously.

live with He can accept the cold weather perhaps as a trade-off for other

advantages that go with a cold-weather climate.

tolerate He can endure the cold without even being upset by being cold.

welcome He actually accepts the cold with pleasure.

withstand He successfully resists and endures the cold, whereas I just have to

find a fireplace or a heater.



190 thin

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of relatively slight consistency; scant; not abundant or plentiful



cures for the common word

attenuated	lightweight	slender
beanpole	meager	slight
bony	narrow	slim
cadaverous	peaked	small
delicate	pinched	spare
emaciated	puny	spindly
ethereal	rangy	starved
featherweight	rarefied	subtle
fine	rawboned	threadlike
fragile	reedy	twiggy
gangly	rickety	undernourished
gaunt	scrawny	underweight
haggard	shriveled	wan
lanky	skeletal	wasted
lean	skinny	wizened



A wise child pleases his father; a **skinny** dog shames his master.

CHINESE PROVERB

DIAGNOSIS vaque

As a teenager, Nicole was always thin.

Thin can very easily have either positive or negative connotations, so we want to be more specific—and perhaps more "gentle" when describing Nicole's appearance.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for thin:

As a teenager, Nicole was always _____

delicate Nicole had such a slight build that she looked fragile and might eas-

ily be susceptible to illness.

gangly Nicole was awkwardly tall and spindly.

lean Nicole didn't have much fat and looks healthy.

scrawny Nicole was so excessively thin, she looked like she was starving.

skinny is a less-than-flattering way of saying that Nicole is thin.

slender Nicole's slight figure gave the impression of her being light and

graceful.

wan Nicole's weight gave her the appearance of being ill, fatigued, and

even unhappy.



The **delicate** and infirm go for sympathy, not to the well and buoyant, but to those who have suffered like themselves.

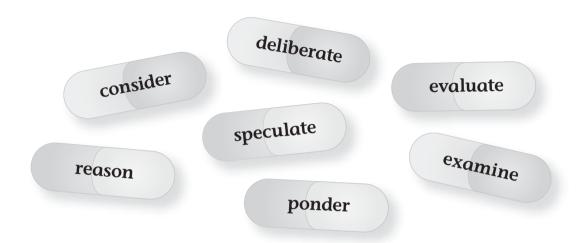
CATHERINE E. BEECHER

192 think

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION to contemplate; to employ one's mind rationally and objectively



cures for the common word

analyze	evaluate	noodle
appraise	examine	ponder
appreciate	figure out	rationalize
brood	ideate	reason
cerebrate	imagine	reflect
chew	infer	resolve
cogitate	intellectualize	ruminate
comprehend	judge	sort out
conceive	logicalize	speculate
consider	meditate	stew
deduce	mull	study
deliberate	mull over	turn over
estimate	muse	weigh



When in charge, **ponder**. When in trouble, delegate. When in doubt, mumble.

SOLWAY COMMUNITY PRESS

DIAGNOSIS limiting

Think long and hard about the consequences before you quit school.

Good advice, though choosing *think* for this sentence doesn't tell us how carefully and thoroughly you're considering the consequences.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *think*:

_____ long and hard about the consequences before you quit school.

consider It's important to reflect carefully about the decision you're about to

make; the connotation is that you're taking the situation seriously.

deliberate You will think carefully and slowly about the choice to be made and

may consult with another or others in the process of reaching a

decision.

evaluate You're judging the significance, worth, or quality of your decision.

examine You're taking time to carefully inspect, scrutinize, and investigate

the possible sequences.

ponder You're considering your decision deeply and thoroughly.

reason You are aiming to form conclusions based on the facts you know.

speculate You're casually talking over the consequences conjecturally without

sufficient reason to reach a conclusion.



194 **try**

PART OF SPEECH verb

DEFINITION to attempt to do or accomplish



cures for the common word

aim	endeavor	shoot for
aspire	essay	speculate
attack	exert oneself	strive
attempt	go after	struggle
bear down	hump it	tackle
buckle down	labor	undertake
compete	lay to	venture
contend	propose	vie for
contest	risk	work
drive for	seek	wrangle



Let us **endeavor** to live, so that when we die, even the undertaker will be sorry.

MARK TWAIN

DIAGNOSIS vague

I'm going to **try** to learn French before our family vacation.

Try doesn't indicate the strength of my commitment or say how hard I'm going to try or how successful I think I'll be.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for *try*:

I'm going to ______ to learn French before our family vacation.

aim The key point is that I'm directing my efforts to learning *before* our

vacation.

bear down I'm going to work harder than I have in the past to learn, intensify-

ing my efforts.

endeavor I'm going to dedicate real effort in attempting to learn, but the

implication is that I feel I may not be completely successful.

labor I'm going to work hard toward my goal of learning French.

struggle I'll be strenuously engaged in what I consider the problem of learn-

ing French.

undertake I'm going to take it upon myself to learn French for all of us, maybe

because they've left it to me to be the family translator.

venture I'm going to work to learn French, even if some of my friends doubt

I'll be successful.

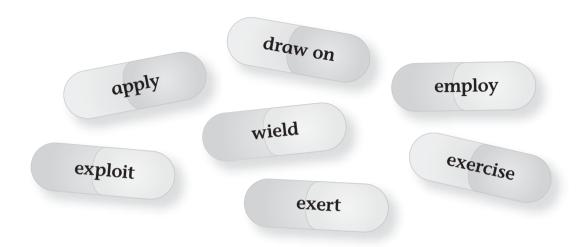


use 196

PART OF SPEECH

verb **DEFINITION**

to employ for some purpose; to put into service



cures for the common word

accept adopt apply bestow capitalize consume control do with draw on employ	exhaust expend exploit govern handle make do make use make with manage manipulate	ply practice put forth regulate relate run run through spend utilize waste
exercise exert	operate play on	waste wield work

CURED!

Under Capitalism, man exploits man. Under Communism, it's exactly the opposite.

JOHN KENNETH GALBRAITH

DIAGNOSIS vague

Mr. and Mrs. Doors **use** their influence when fund-raising.

We'd like to think their influence is used in a good way, but we can't be sure in this sentence, whereas the alternatives tell us more about their intentions.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for use:

Mr. and Mrs. Doors ______ their influence when fund-raising.

apply Their intention is to use their influence in a positive way when

engaging with potential donors, though apply can have somewhat of

a negative connotation.

draw on They consider their influence a source to encourage donors—per-

haps offering something in exchange for donations.

employ They consider their influence a tool to achieve their goal.

exercise They are putting their influence to use to have a desired effect.

exert The implication when choosing *exert* is that they may be using their

influence to try to force donors to contribute.

exploit There's no doubt when choosing *exploit* that they are using their

influence selfishly for their own ends.

wield It's for a good cause, but they're exercising their power in a domi-

nating way.

CURED!

The less people know about what is really going on, the easier it is to **wield** power and authority.

CHARLES, PRINCE OF WALES

usual

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION comi

commonplace; everyday



cures for the common word

accepted	frequent	prevalent
accustomed	garden variety	quotidian
average	general	regular
chronic	grind	rife
commonplace	groove	routine
constant	habitual	SO-SO
conventional	mainstream	standard
current	matter-of-course	stock
customary	natural	typical
everyday	normal	unremarkable
expected	ordinary	vanilla
familiar	plain	wonted
fixed	prevailing	workaday



Romance is the glamour which turns the dust of **everyday** life into a golden haze.

ELINOR GLYN

DIAGNOSIS vague

We discussed the **usual** problems at the meeting.

There's no way to tell from the use of *usual* in this sentence whether the problems are new or recurring, daunting or manageable.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for usual:

We discussed the ______ problems at the meeting.

chronic They are continuing and recurring problems we've been discussing

for a long time.

everyday They are problems that occur on a very regular basis.

expected They are problems we considered were likely or probable to occur.

familiar They are problems that are commonly known or seen.

frequent They are problems that occur either quite often or at close intervals.

normal The problems are the standard or common type.

routine The problems either are ordinary and unvarying or are often

repeated.



No one realizes how beautiful it is to travel until he comes home and rests his head on his old, **familiar** pillow.

LIN YUTANG

200 want

PART OF SPEECH

verb

DEFINITION

to feel a need or a desire for; to wish for



cures for the common word

ache	fancy	need
aspire	hanker	pine
be greedy	have ambition	prefer
choose	hunger	require
covet	incline toward	spoil for
crave	itch for	thirst
cream for	lech for	wish
desiderate	long	yearn
die over	lust	yen for



The last of the human freedoms is to **choose** one's attitude in any given set of circumstances.

VIKTOR E. FRANKL

DIAGNOSIS limiting

I want to get away from all computers and phones this weekend.

It's time for a break from technology, but want doesn't give a clear enough idea of the degree of my get-away urgency.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for want:

I ______ to get away from all computers and phones this weekend.

ache I'm very eager to get away; in fact, the thought of not getting away

is painful.

choose I have a number of possibilities for what to do this weekend, and I

pick getting away.

hanker I have a restless longing to get away.

long I have a heartfelt desire, stronger than hoping, to get away, but for

this weekend, it's probably beyond my reach.

need This is beyond a wish—I require relief!

prefer If given a choice for this weekend, I'd select going away.

yearn I have such a strong and earnest desire to get away, I'm practically

dreaming of it.



After four years at the United Nations I sometimes **yearn** for the peace and tranquillity of a political convention.

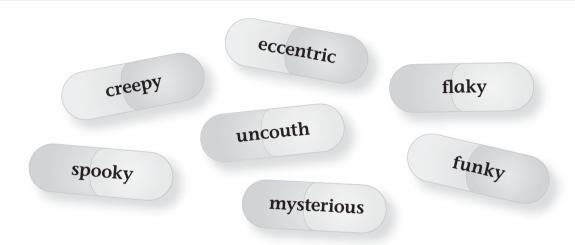
weird

PART OF SPEECH

adjective

DEFINITION

of a strikingly odd or unusual character, strange



cures for the common word

awful grotesque peculiar haunting creepy preternatural horrific curious queer dreadful kinky secret eccentric kooky singular eerie magical spooky far-out mysterious strange occult flaky supernatural freaky odd uncanny oddball funky uncouth ghastly ominous unearthly ghostly outlandish unnatural



That so few now dare to be **eccentric** marks the chief danger of the time.

IOHN STUART MILL

DIAGNOSIS vaque

I just met my weird new neighbors.

We know *weird* indicates that the neighbors are out of the ordinary, but we're not sure in what way or if *weird* here means they're good, bad, or neither—just different.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for weird:

I just met my ______ new neighbors.

creepy My neighbors give me a sensation of uneasiness or fear or seem

annoyingly unpleasant.

eccentric The neighbors' behavior is a bit odd and unconventional, departing

from an established "norm."

flaky My neighbors are nice enough but not very reliable.

funky They're unconventional but in a modish, humorous, tongue-in-

cheek way.

mysterious There's something about the neighbors that seems to elude explana-

tion, leaving me wondering and wanting to find out more.

spooky Ooh, these people are a little scary.

uncouth My neighbors' habits are unrefined, to say the least.



The most beautiful thing we can experience is the **mysterious**. It is the source of all art and science.

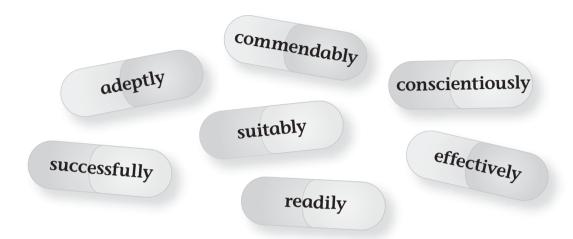
well well

PART OF SPEECH

adverb

DEFINITION

in a good, proper, commendable, or satisfactory manner; excellently; skillfully



cures for the common word

ably	conscientiously	profoundly
accurately	correctly	properly
adeptly	effectively	readily
adequately	efficiently	rightly
admirably	effortlessly	satisfactorily
agreeably	excellently	skillfully
attentively	expertly	smoothly
capably	famously	soundly
capitally	favorably	splendidly
carefully	fully	strongly
closely	irreproachably	successfully
commendably	nicely	suitably
competently	pleasantly	thoroughly
completely	proficiently	with skill
	= -	



People will accept your ideas much more **readily** if you tell them Benjamin Franklin said it first.

DAVID H. COMINS

DIAGNOSIS limiting

For a few months, the conservatives and the liberals worked **well** together.

Though it's clearly a positive way they were working together, *well* doesn't tell us what we consider good about this accomplishment, nor does it tell us much about what made their cooperation possible.

powerful remedies

Substitute an alternative remedy for well:

For a few months, the conservatives and the liberals worked ______ together.

adeptly They worked together in a very skilled and expert manner.

commendably They worked together in a way worthy of special praise.

conscientiously Guided by and in accordance with the dictates of their consciences,

they worked in a principled way.

effectively They worked together adequately to accomplish the intended or

expected result—but probably not much beyond that.

readily They actually worked together willingly.

successfully They worked together to a favorable outcome.

suitably They worked in an appropriate and fitting way.



The genius of a good leader is to leave behind him a situation which common sense, without the grace of genius, can deal with **successfully**.

Minicapsules

absolutely ADVERB 6

positively; certainly; having no restriction, exception, or qualification actually, categorically, completely, **conclusively**, **consummately**, **decidedly**, decisively, def, definitely, doubtless, **easily**, entirely, exactly, **fully**, ideally, positively, **precisely**, purely, really, right on, straight out, sure enough, surely, thoroughly, truly, unambiguously, **unconditionally**, unquestionably, utterly, wholly

activity noun 8

a specific deed, action, or function

act, avocation, bag, ball game, bit, deed, endeavor, enterprise, entertainment, exercise, game, hobby, interest, job, labor, occupation, pastime, project, pursuit, racket, scene, scheme, stunt, task, undertaking, venture, work

affect VERB 10

to produce a material influence upon or alteration in

act on, alter, change, disturb, impinge, impress, incline, induce, influence, inspire, interest, involve, moderate, modify, motivate, move, overcome, perturb, prevail, prompt, regard, relate, stir, sway, touch, transform, upset

amazing ADJECTIVE 12

causing great surprise or sudden wonder

affecting, **alarming**, astonishing, astounding, **bewildering**, blown away, bowled down, bowled over, dazing, dazzling, **dumbfounding**, **electrifying**, flabbergasting, **impressive**, moving, overwhelming, perplexing, put away, **remarkable**, **shocking**, staggering, startling, striking, stunning, stupefying, touching, unexpected

awesome adjective 14

very impressive; inspiring; terrific, extraordinary

alarming, astonishing, **awe-inspiring**, awful, beautiful, **breathtaking**, daunting, dreadful, exalted, fabulous, fearful, fearsome, formidable, frantic, frightening, grand, horrifying, **imposing**, **impressive**, intimidating, magnificent, **majestic**, mind-blowing, **moving**, nervous, outstanding, overwhelming, shocking, striking, stunning, stupefying, stupendous, terrible, terrifying, wonderful, **wondrous**

bad ADJECTIVE 16

of poor or inferior quality; defective; deficient

abominable, amiss, atrocious, awful, bad news, beastly, bottom out, bummer, careless, cheap, corrupt, crummy, defective, deficient, disagreeable, dissatisfactory, dreadful, erroneous, fallacious, faulty, harmful, imperfect, inadequate, incorrect, inferior, injurious, lousy, off, offensive, poor, repulsive, rough, sad, skuzzy, sleazy, slipshod, stinking, substandard, synthetic, unacceptable, unfavorable, unsatisfactory

basic ADJECTIVE 18

elementary; of, being, or serving as a starting point; fundamental

basal, beginning, capital, central, chief, easy, elemental, elementary, essential, foundational, fundamental, indispensable, inherent, intrinsic, introductory, key, main, necessary, primary, primitive, principal, radical, rudimentary, simplified, substratal, underlying, vital

beautiful ADIECTIVE 20

having qualities that give great pleasure or satisfaction to see, hear, think about: delighting the senses or mind

alluring, angelic, appealing, attractive, beauteous, bewitching, charming, classy, comely, cute, dazzling, delicate, delightful, divine, elegant, enticing, excellent, exquisite, fair, fascinating, fine, foxy, good-looking, gorgeous, graceful, grand, handsome, ideal, lovely, magnificent, marvelous, pleasing, pretty, radiant, ravishing, refined, resplendent, shapely, splendid, statuesque, stunning, sublime, superb, taking, wonderful

begin VERB 22

to perform the first or earliest part of some action; to commence; to start activate, actualize, break ground, bring about, cause, commence, create, effect, embark on, enter on, enter upon, establish, eventuate, found, generate, get going, give impulse, go ahead, go into, impel, inaugurate, induce, **initiate**, instigate, institute, introduce. launch, lead, make, make active, motivate, mount, occasion, open, originate, plunge into, prepare, produce, set about, set up, trigger, undertake

better ADIECTIVE 24

greater in excellence or higher in quality

bigger, choice, exceeding, exceptional, finer, fitter, greater, higher quality, improved, larger, more appropriate, more desirable, more fitting, more select, more suitable, more useful, more valuable, preferable, preferred, prominent, sophisticated, superior, surpassing, worthier

big ADJECTIVE 26

large, as in size, height, width, or amount

ample, brimming, bulky, burly, capacious, chock-full, colossal, commodious, considerable, copious, enormous, extensive, fat, full, gigantic, heavy-duty, heavy-weight, hefty, huge, hulking, humungous, husky, immense, jumbo, king-sized, mammoth, massive, monster, oversize, ponderous, prodigious, roomy, sizable, spacious, strapping, stuffed, substantial, thundering, vast, voluminous, walloping, whopping

boring ADJECTIVE 28

uninteresting and tiresome; dull

bomb, bromidic, characterless, colorless, commonplace, drab, drag, drudging, dull, flat, ho-hum, humdrum, insipid, interminable, irksome, lifeless, monotonous, platitudinous, plebeian, prosaic, repetitious, routine, spiritless, stale, stereotypical, stodgy, stuffy, stupid, tame, tedious, threadbare, tiresome, tiring, trite, unexciting, vapid, wearisome, well-worn, zero

bring VERB 30

to carry, convey, lead, or cause to go along to another place

accompany, attend, back, bear, carry, chaperone, companion, conduct, consort, convey, deliver, escort, fetch, gather, guide, heel, hump, import, lead, lug, pack, pick up, piggyback, ride, schlepp, shoulder, take, take along, tote, transfer, transport, truck,

certain ADJECTIVE 32

confident; free from doubt or reservation

absolute, assured, believing, calm, clear, conclusive, convinced, definite, evident, firm, fixed, guaranteed, incontrovertible, indubitable, infallible, irrefutable, known, plain, positive, predestined, real, reliable, safe, sanguine, secure, set, sound, sure, true, unambiguous, undeniable, unequivocal, unerring, unmistakable, unquestionable, verifiable

change VERB 34

to make different from what it is or from what it would be if left alone accommodate, adapt, adjust, alter, alternate, commute, convert, diminish, diverge, diversify, evolve, fluctuate, make innovations, make over, moderate, modify, modulate, mutate, naturalize, recondition, redo, reform, regenerate, remake, remodel, renovate, reorganize, replace, resolve, restyle, revolutionize, shape, shift, substitute, tamper with, transfigure, transform, translate, transmute, transpose, turn, vacillate, vary, veer, warp

choose VERB 36

to select from a number of possible alternatives; to decide on and pick out accept, adopt, appoint, cast, co-opt, crave, cull, decide on, designate, desire, determine, elect, embrace, excerpt, extract, fancy, favor, finger, fix on, glean, identify, judge, love, name, nominate, opt for, predestine, prefer, see fit, select, set aside, settle upon, sift out, single out, slot, sort, tag, take, tap, want, weigh, will, winnow, wish, wish for

common adjective 38

ordinary; widespread; general; of frequent occurrence; usual; familiar accepted, average, banal, bourgeois, casual, characteristic, colloquial, conventional, current, customary, daily, everyday, familiar, frequent, general, habitual, hackneyed, homely, humdrum, informal, mediocre, monotonous, natural, obscure, passable, plain, prevailing, prevalent, prosaic, regular, routine, run-of-the-mill, simple, stale, standard, stereotypical, stock, trite, typical, undistinguished, universal, unvaried, usual, wearisome, workaday

correct ADJECTIVE 40

free from error; especially conforming to fact or truth actual, amen, appropriate, equitable, exact, factual, faithful, faultless, flawless, for sure, impeccable, just, legitimate, nice, OK, on target, perfect, precise, proper, regular, right, righteous, rigorous, stone, strict, true, undistorted, unmistaken, veracious, veridical

correct VERB 42

to set or make true, accurate, or right; to remove the errors or faults from alter, ameliorate, amend, better, change, clean up, cure, debug, do over, doctor, edit, emend, fiddle with, fix up, go over, help, improve, launder, make over, make right, mend, pay dues, pick up, polish, reclaim, reconstruct, rectify, redress, reform, regulate, remedy, remodel, reorganize, repair, retouch, review, revise, right, set right, set straight, shape up, straighten out, touch up, turn around, upgrade

decent ADJECTIVE 44

respectable; suitable; conforming to a recognized standard of good taste adequate, appropriate, approved, becoming, befitting, chaste, clean, comely, conforming, continent, correct, decorous, delicate, ethical, fair, fit, fitting, good, honest, honorable, immaculate, mannerly, modest, moral, nice, noble, presentable, proper, prudent, pure, reserved, respectable, right, spotless, stainless, standard, straight, suitable, trustworthy, unblemished, undefiled, untarnished, upright, virtuous, worthy

develop VERB 46

to bring out the capabilities or possibilities of; to cause to grow or expand actualize, advance, amplify, augment, beautify, broaden, build up, cultivate, deepen, dilate, elaborate, enlarge, enrich, evolve, exploit, extend, finish, heighten, improve, intensify, lengthen, magnify, materialize, perfect, polish, promote, realize, refine, strengthen, stretch, unfold, widen, work out

difficult ADIECTIVE 48

not easily or readily done

ambitious, arduous, backbreaking, bothersome, burdensome, challenging, crucial, demanding, effortful, exacting, formidable, galling, gargantuan, hard, hard-won, heavy, herculean, immense, intricate, irritating, labored, laborious, onerous, painful, problem, problematic, prohibitive, rigid, severe, strenuous, titanic, toilsome, tough, troublesome. trying, unvielding, uphill, upstream, wearisome

difficult ADIECTIVE 50

complicated; hard to comprehend

abstract, abstruse, baffling, bewildering, complex, confounding, confusing, dark, deep, delicate, enigmatic, enigmatical, entangled, esoteric, formidable, hard, hidden, inexplicable, intricate, involved, knotty, labyrinthine, loose, meandering, mysterious, mystifying, obscure, obstinate, paradoxical, perplexing, problematical, profound, puzzling, rambling, subtle, tangled, thorny, ticklish, troublesome, unclear, unfathomable, unintelligible

direct ADJECTIVE 52

honest; straightforward; frank; candid

absolute, bald, blunt, candid, categorical, downright, explicit, express, forthright, frank, genuine, guileless, matter-of-fact, open, outspoken, plain, plain-spoken, pointblank, sincere, straight, straightforward, truthful, unambiguous, unconcealed, undisguised, unequivocal, unreserved

do VERB 54

to perform, execute, carry out

accomplish, achieve, act, arrange, bring about, cause, complete, conclude, cook, create, determine, discharge, effect, end, engage in, execute, finish, fix, fulfill, get ready, look after, make, make ready, move, operate, organize, perform, perk, prepare, produce, pull off, see to, succeed, take on, transact, undertake, wind up, work, wrap up

easy adjective 56

capable of being accomplished or acquired with ease; posing no difficulty accessible, apparent, basic, child's play, cinch, clear, comfortable, effortless, elementary, evident, facile, inconsiderable, light, little, manageable, manifest, mere, natural, no bother, no problem, no sweat, no trouble, obvious, painless, paltry, picnic, plain, plain sailing, pleasant, pushover, relaxed, royal, simple, slight, smooth, snap, straightforward, **uncomplicated.** undemanding, uninvolved, untroublesome, vielding

effective ADIECTIVE 58

producing the intended or expected result; adequate to accomplish a purpose able, active, adequate, capable, cogent, compelling, competent, convincing, direct, effectual, efficacious, efficient, emphatic, energetic, forceful, forcible, impressive, live, moving, operative, persuasive, potent, powerful, powerhouse, practical, producing, resultant, serviceable, serving, sound, striking, successful, sufficient, telling, trenchant, useful, valid, virtuous, yielding

emphasize VERB 60

to lay stress upon; to single out as important

accent, accentuate, affirm, articulate, assert, charge, dramatize, enlarge, enunciate, headline, highlight, impress, indicate, insist on, italicize, maintain, make clear, mark, pinpoint, play up, point out, press, prioritize, pronounce, punctuate, reiterate, repeat, rub in, spot, spotlight, underline, underscore, weight

end VERB 62

to come to a conclusion: to terminate or cease

abolish, abort, accomplish, achieve, **break off**, break up, call off, cease, close, close out, complete, **conclude**, consummate, crown, culminate, cut short, **delay**, determine, discontinue, dispose of, dissolve, drop, expire, **finish**, get done, give up, halt, **interrupt**, perorate, **postpone**, quit, relinquish, **resolve**, settle, sew up, shut down, stop, terminate, ultimate, wind up, wrap, wrap up

energy Noun 64

the capacity for vigorous activity; abundant available power animation, ardor, birr, dash, **drive**, dynamism, élan, **endurance**, enterprise, exertion, fire, force, forcefulness, fortitude, get-up-and-go, go, initiative, **intensity**, juice, life, **liveliness**, might, moxie, muscle, pep, **pizzazz**, pluck, potency, power, puissance, punch, spirit, spontaneity, **stamina**, steam, strength, toughness, tuck, vehemence, verve, vigor, vim, vitality, **zeal**, zest

enjoy verb 66

to experience joy or satisfaction from; to take pleasure in

adore, appreciate, be entertained, be pleased, delight in, dig, dote on, drink in, eat up, fancy, flip for, flip over, funk, go, groove on, have fun, like, love, luxuriate in, mind, pleasure in, rejoice in, relish, revel in, savor, savvy, take to

enough ADJECTIVE 68

adequate for the want or need; sufficient for the purpose or to satisfy desire abundant, acceptable, adequate, ample, bellyful, bounteous, bountiful, comfortable, competent, complete, copious, decent, fed up, full, had it, last straw, lavish, plenteous, plentiful, replete, satisfactory, satisfying, sufficient, sufficing, suitable, tolerable, unlimited

excellent ADIECTIVE 70

of the highest or finest quality; exceptionally good of its kind accomplished, admirable, attractive, champion, choice, desirable, distinctive, distinguished, estimable, exceptional, exemplary, exquisite, fine, first, first-class, first-rate, good, great, high, incomparable, invaluable, magnificent, meritorious, notable, noted, outstanding, peerless, premium, priceless, prime, remarkable, select, skillful, splendid, sterling, striking, superb, superior, superlative, supreme, tiptop, top-notch, transcendent, unsurpassed, wonderful

exciting ADJECTIVE 72

producing excitement or strong feeling in; stirring; thrilling; exhilarating animating, appealing, arousing, arresting, astonishing, bracing, breathtaking, dangerous, dramatic, electrifying, exhilarant, eye-popping, far-out, fine, flashy, heady, hectic, impelling, impressive, interesting, intoxicating, intriguing, lively, melodramatic, mind-blowing, moving, neat, overpowering, overwhelming, provocative, racy, riproaring, rousing, sensational, showy, spine-tingling, stimulating, stirring, thrilling, titillating, wild, zestful

fast adjective 74

quick; swift; moving or able to move, operate, function, or take effect quickly accelerated, active, agile, breakneck, brisk, chop-chop, dashing, double time, electric, expeditious, expeditive, flashing, fleet, fleeting, flying, hair-trigger, hasty, hot, hurried, hypersonic, instant, lickety-split, like crazy, mercurial, nimble, PDQ, posthaste, presto, pronto, quick, racing, rapid, ready, screamin', snap, snappy, swift, velocious, winged

feel VERB 76

to perceive or examine by touch

caress, clasp, clutch, explore, finger, fondle, frisk, fumble, grapple, grasp, grip, grope, handle, manipulate, maul, palm, palpate, paw, perceive, pinch, ply, poke, press, sense, squeeze, stroke, test, thumb, tickle, touch, try, twiddle, wield

fill VERB 78

to occupy to the full capacity

block, brim over, bulge out, charge, choke, clog, close, congest, cram, crowd, distend, fulfill, furnish, glut, gorge, heap, impregnate, inflate, jam-pack, lade, load, meet, occupy, overflow, pack, permeate, pervade, plug, pump up, ram, replenish, sate, satiate, satisfy, saturate, shoal, stock, store, stretch, stuff, suffuse, supply, swell, take up, top off

final ADJECTIVE 80

conclusive or decisive; coming to the end; last in place, order, or time absolute, bottom-line, closing, concluding, crowning, decided, decisive, definite, definitive, determinate, determinative, ending, eventual, finished, finishing, hindmost, incontrovertible, irrefutable, irrevocable, last-minute, latest, latter, settled, supreme, swan song, terminal, terminating, ultimate, unanswerable, unappealable

fine ADIECTIVE 82

of superior or best quality; excellent

accomplished, aces, admirable, attractive, beautiful, capital, choice, dandy, elegant, exceptional, expensive, exquisite, fashionable, first-class, first-rate, five-star, goodlooking, great, handsome, lovely, magnificent, ornate, outstanding, pleasant, rare, refined, select, showy, skillful, smart, spiffy, splendid, striking, subtle, superior, supreme, top-notch, well-made, wicked

finish VERB 84

to get done

accomplish, achieve, bag it, break up, carry through, cease, chuck, clinch, close, complete, conclude, consume, cool it, crown, culminate, deplete, determine, discharge, end, execute, exhaust, finalize, fold, fulfill, halt, make, mop up, perfect, round off, scratch, scrub, settle, sew up, shut down, shutter, stop, terminate, wrap, wrap up

funny adjective 86

humorous; causing amusement or laughter; comical

absurd, amusing, antic, a scream, bizarre, blithe, capricious, clever, comical, diverting, droll, entertaining, facetious, farcical, gay, good-humored, hilarious, humorous, hysterical, jocular, joking, jolly, killing, knee-slapping, laughable, ludicrous, merry, mirthful, playful, priceless, rich, ridiculous, riotous, risible, side-splitting, silly, slapstick, sportive, uncommon, unusual, whimsical, witty

get VERB 88

to come into possession or use of; to acquire as a result of action or effort access, accomplish, achieve, acquire, annex, attain, bag, build up, buy out, capture, clean up, come by, cop, draw, earn, educe, elicit, evoke, extort, extract, fetch, gain, glean, grab, inherit, land, lock up, make, net, obtain, parlay, pick up, **procure**, pull, rack up, realize, reap, receive, score, secure, snag, snap up, take, wangle, win

qive VERB 90

to impart or communicate

accord, **administer**, ante up, award, bequeath, **bestow**, cede, commit, **confer**, consign, convey, deed, deliver, dish out, **dispense**, distribute, **dole out**, donate, endow, entrust, fork over, furnish, grant, hand, **impart**, lease, let have, parcel out, part with, pass out, permit, pony up, present, **provide**, relinquish, remit, sell, shell out, subsidize, supply, throw in, transfer, transmit, vouchsafe, will

qo VERB 92

to move or proceed, especially to or from something

abscond, advance, approach, beat it, bug out, **cruise**, decamp, depart, **escape**, exit, fare, flee, fly, **get away**, get going, **hie**, hightail, **journey**, lam, leave, light out, mosey, move, pass, **proceed**, progress, pull out, push on, quit, repair, **retire**, run away, shove off, skip out, split, take flight, take off, tool, travel, vamoose, wend, withdraw

good adjective 94

pleasant; enjoyable

acceptable, ace, admirable, agreeable, bully, capital, choice, **commendable**, competent, congenial, deluxe, excellent, exceptional, favorable, first-class, functional, **gratifying**, great, **honorable**, marvelous, nice, pleasing, positive, precious, prime, reputable, **satisfying**, select, serviceable, shipshape, sound, spanking, splendid, sterling, stupendous, super, superb, superior, tip-top, **valuable**, **welcome**, **wonderful**

good ADJECTIVE 96

having the qualities that are desirable or distinguishing in a particular thing; skilled able, accomplished, adept, adroit, au fait, capable, clever, competent, dexterous, efficient, experienced, expert, first-rate, masterful, proficient, proper, qualified, reliable, responsible, satisfactory, serviceable, skillful, suitable, suited, talented, thorough, trained, trustworthy, useful, wicked

great ADJECTIVE 98

important; eminent; distinguished; remarkable or outstanding august, capital, celebrated, chief, commanding, dignified, distinguished, eminent, exalted, excellent, famous, glorious, grand, heroic, highly regarded, honorable, idealistic, illustrious, impressive, leading, lofty, lordly, magnanimous, major, noble, notable noted outstanding paramount primary principal prominent puissant regal

notable, noted, outstanding, paramount, primary, principal, prominent, puissant, regal, remarkable, renowned, royal, stately, sublime, superior, superlative, talented

grow VERB 100

to expand or increase gradually by concerted effort

abound, advance, age, amplify, arise, augment, breed, build, burgeon, cultivate, develop, dilate, enlarge, expand, extend, fill out, flourish, gain, germinate, heighten, increase, issue, luxuriate, maturate, mature, mount, multiply, originate, produce, propagate, pullulate, raise, ripen, rise, shoot, spread, sprout, stem, stretch, swell, thicken, thrive, turn, wax, widen

happy adjective 102

enjoying or showing joy or pleasure or good fortune

blessed, blissful, blithe, captivated, **cheerful**, chipper, content, convivial, delighted, **delightful**, ecstatic, elated, exultant, flying high, gay, glad, gleeful, gratified, hopped up, intoxicated, jolly, joyous, jubilant, laughing, light, **lively**, merry, **mirthful**, overjoyed, **peaceful**, peppy, perky, **playful**, pleasant, pleased, satisfied, sparkling, sunny, thrilled, tickled pink, up, **upbeat**

hard ADIECTIVE 104

difficult to do or accomplish; fatiguing; troublesome

arduous, backbreaking, ball-breaking, bothersome, burdensome, complex, complicated, demanding, distressing, exacting, exhausting, fatiguing, formidable, grinding, hairy, harsh, heavy, herculean, intricate, involved, irksome, knotty, laborious, mean, merciless. murderous, onerous, operose, rigorous, rough, rugged, scabrous, serious, severe, slavish, sticky, strenuous, terrible, tiring, toilsome, tough, troublesome, unsparing, wearing, wearisome

help VERB 106

to give aid; to be of service or advantage; to assist

abet, accommodate, advocate, aid, assist, back, ballyhoo, befriend, benefit, bolster, boost, buck up, cheer, cooperate, encourage, endorse, further, intercede, maintain, open doors, patronize, plug, promote, prop, puff, push, relieve, root for, sanction, save, second, serve, stand by, stimulate, stump for, succor, support, sustain, uphold

important ADJECTIVE 108

substantial; of much or great significance or consequence

big-league, chief, considerable, conspicuous, critical, crucial, decisive, earnest, essential, exceptional, exigent, extensive, far-reaching, foremost, front-page, grave, great, heavy, imperative, importunate, influential, large, marked, material, meaningful, momentous, notable, of note, of substance, paramount, ponderous, pressing, primary, principal, relevant, salient, serious, signal, significant, something, standout, substantial, urgent, vital. weightv

interesting ADJECTIVE 110

arousing the curiosity or engaging the attention

absorbing, affecting, alluring, amusing, arresting, captivating, charismatic, compelling, curious, delightful, elegant, enchanting, engaging, engrossing, entertaining, enthralling, entrancing, exceptional, exotic, fascinating, gracious, gripping, impressive, inspiring, intriguing, inviting, magnetic, pleasing, pleasurable, provocative, refreshing, riveting, stimulating, stirring, striking, suspicious, thought-provoking, unusual, winning

keep VERB 112

to hold or retain in one's possession

accumulate, amass, cache, care for, carry, conduct, conserve, control, deposit, detain, direct, enjoy, garner, grasp, grip, have, heap, hold back, maintain, manage, own, pile, place, possess, preserve, put up, reserve, retain, save, stack, stock, store, withhold

kind ADIECTIVE 114

of a good or benevolent nature or disposition

affectionate, all heart, altruistic, amiable, amicable, beneficent, benevolent, big, bounteous, charitable, clement, compassionate, congenial, considerate, cordial, courteous, friendly, generous, gentle, good-hearted, gracious, humane, humanitarian, indulgent, kindhearted, kindly, lenient, loving, mild, neighborly, obliging, philanthropic, propitious, softhearted, sympathetic, tenderhearted, thoughtful, tolerant, understanding

know VERB 116

to perceive or understand as fact or truth; to apprehend clearly and with certainty apperceive, appreciate, apprehend, be acquainted, be cognizant, be informed, be read, be versed, cognize, comprehend, differentiate, discern, discriminate, distinguish, experience, fathom, feel certain, grasp, have, ken, learn, notice, perceive, realize, recognize, see, understand

leave VERB 118

to depart from permanently; to quit

abandon, abscond, break away, cast off, clear out, cut out, decamp, defect, **desert**, disappear, **ditch**, embark, emigrate, **escape**, **exit**, **flee**, flit, fly, **forsake**, go away, go forth, head out, migrate, move out, part, pull out, push off, quit, relinquish, retire, ride off, run along, sally, scram, set out, slip out, split, step down, take leave, take off, vacate, vamoose, vanish, walk out, withdraw

look NOUN 120

the way in which a person or thing appears to the eye or to the mind air, aspect, attitude, bearing, cast, character, complexion, countenance, demeanor, effect, expression, face, fashion, feature, form, guise, image, manner, mien, mug, physiognomy, posture, presence, seeming, semblance, shape, visage

love NOUN 122

a profoundly tender, passionate affection for another person or an object adulation, affection, allegiance, amity, amour, appreciation, ardor, attachment, crush, delight, devotion, emotion, enchantment, enjoyment, fervor, fidelity, fondness, friendship, hankering, idolatry, inclination, infatuation, involvement, liking, lust, partiality, passion, rapture, regard, relish, respect, sentiment, soft spot, taste, tenderness, weakness, worship, yearning, zeal

main ADJECTIVE 124

chief in size, extent, or importance; principal; leading capital, cardinal, central, chief, controlling, critical, crucial, dominant, essential, first, foremost, fundamental, head, leading, major, necessary, outstanding, paramount, particular, predominant, preeminent, premier, prevailing, primary, prime, special, star, stellar, supreme, vital

make VERB 126

to cause to exist or happen; to bring about; to create

accomplish, adjust, arrange, assemble, beget, brew, bring about, build, cause, compile, compose, conceive, constitute, construct, cook up, dream up, effect, engender, fabricate, fashion, father, forge, form, frame, generate, hatch, initiate, invent, knock out, manufacture, mold, occasion, originate, parent, prepare, procreate, produce, put together, secure, shape, sire, spawn, synthesize, throw together, whip up

mean ADJECTIVE 128

hostile, offensive, selfish, or unaccommodating; nasty; malicious bad-tempered, bitchy, callous, cantankerous, churlish, contemptible, dangerous, despicable, difficult, dirty, disagreeable, dishonorable, evil, formidable, hard, hardnosed, ignoble, ill-tempered, infamous, knavish, liverish, lousy, malicious, malign, nasty, perfidious, pesky, rotten, rough, rude, rugged, scurrilous, shameless, sinking, snide, sour, the lowest, treacherous, troublesome, ugly, unfriendly, unpleasant, unscrupulous, vexatious, vicious

more ADJECTIVE 130

additional or further; in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number added, additional, amassed, another, augmented, bounteous, deeper, enhanced, exceeding, expanded, extended, extra, farther, fresh, further, greater, heavier, higher, increased, innumerable, larger, likewise, major, massed, new, numerous, other, replenishment, supplementary, wider

need NOUN 132

urgent want, as of something required or wanted

ache, charge, commitment, committal, compulsion, craving, demand, desire, devoir, duty, exigency, extremity, hunger, itch, longing, must, obligation, occasion, requirement, requisite, right, thirst, urge, urgency, use, weakness, wish

new ADIECTIVE 134

of recent origin, production, purchase, etc.

dewy, different, dissimilar, distinct, edgy, fashionable, fresh, inexperienced, just out, latest, modern, modernistic, modish, neoteric, newfangled, novel, now, original, recent, strange, topical, ultramodern, uncontaminated, unfamiliar, unique, unknown, unlike, unseasoned, unskilled, unspoiled, untouched, untrained, untried, untrodden, unused, unusual, up-to-date, virgin, youthful

next adjective 136

immediately following in time, order, importance, etc.

abutting, adjacent, adjoining, after, alongside, attached, beside, bordering, close, closest, coming, connecting, consecutive, consequent, contiguous, ensuing, following, immediate, later, nearby, nearest, neighboring, proximate, subsequent, succeeding, thereafter, touching

nice ADIECTIVE 138

pleasing and agreeable in nature

admirable, agreeable, amiable, approved, attractive, becoming, charming, commendable, considerate, copacetic, cordial, courteous, cultured, decorous, delightful, favorable, friendly, genial, gentle, good, gracious, helpful, hunky-dory, ingratiating, inviting, kind, kindly, lovely, nifty, obliging, OK, peachy, pleasant, pleasurable, polite, seemly, swell, unpresumptuous, welcome, well-mannered, winning, winsome

old ADIECTIVE 140

having lived or existed for a relatively long time; far advanced in years or life aged, ancient, broken down, debilitated, decrepit, deficient, doddering, elderly, enfeebled, exhausted, experienced, fossil, geriatric, getting on, gray-haired, grizzled, hoary, impaired, inactive, infirm, mature, matured, olden, patriarchal, seasoned, senile, senior, skilled, superannuated, tired, used, venerable, versed, veteran, wasted, worn

old adjective 142

obsolete; no longer in general use

aboriginal, age-old, antediluvian, antiquated, antique, archaic, bygone, cast-off, crumbling, dated, decayed, démodéd, early, erstwhile, former, hackneyed, immemorial, late, moth-eaten, of yore, olden, oldfangled, old-fashioned, old-time, onetime, original, outdated, outmoded, passé, past, previous, primeval, primitive, primordial, quondam, remote, rusty, stale, superannuated, time-worn, traditional, unfashionable, unoriginal, venerable, worn-out

open ADJECTIVE 144

not closed or barred; relatively free of obstructions

accessible, agape, airy, ajar, bare, clear, cleared, dehiscent, disclosed, emptied, expansive, exposed, extended, free, gaping, naked, navigable, patent, patulous, peeled, revealed, rolling, spacious, spread out, stripped, susceptible, unbarred, unblocked, unbolted, unburdened, uncluttered, uncovered, unfolded, unfurled, unimpeded, unlocked, unobstructed, unsealed, unstopped, vacated, wide, yawning

part Noun 146

a portion or division of a whole that is separate or distinct

allotment, apportionment, articulation, bit, branch, chunk, component, constituent, department, detail, division, element, factor, fraction, fragment, helping, hunk, ingredient, installment, item, limb, lot, measure, member, module, moiety, molecule, organ, parcel, particle, piece, portion, quantum, ration, scrap, section, sector, segment, share, side, slice, sliver, splinter, subdivision, unit

perfect ADJECTIVE 148

entirely without any flaws, defects, or shortcomings

absolute, accomplished, aces, adept, beyond compare, blameless, classical, consummate, crowning, culminating, defectless, excellent, excelling, experienced, expert, faultless, finished, flawless, foolproof, ideal, immaculate, impeccable, indefectible, masterful, masterly, matchless, paradisiacal, peerless, pure, skilled, skillful, sound, splendid, spotless, stainless, sublime, superb, supreme, ten, unblemished, unequaled, unmarred, untainted, untarnished, utopian

piece Noun 150

a separate or limited portion or quantity of something

allotment, bit, bite, case, chomp, chunk, cut, division, example, fraction, fragment, gob, half, hunk, instance, interest, item, length, lot, lump, member, moiety, morsel, mouthful, parcel, percentage, portion, quantity, quota, sample, scrap, section, segment, share, shred, slice, smithereens, snack, specimen

plain ADJECTIVE 152

straightforward; frank or candid

abrupt, artless, blunt, candid, direct, downright, forthright, frank, genuine, guileless, honest, impolite, ingenuous, open, outspoken, rude, sincere, straight arrow, straightforward, true, unconcealed, undisguised, unfeigned, uninhibited, unreserved, unrestricted, unvarnished

plan NOUN 154

a scheme or method of acting, doing, proceeding, making, etc.

aim, angle, animus, arrangement, big picture, contrivance, deal, design, device, disposition, expedient, game plan, gimmick, idea, intendment, intention, layout, machination, means, method, outline, pattern, picture, platform, plot, policy, procedure, program, project, proposal, proposition, purpose, scenario, scheme, stratagem, strategy, suggestion, system, tactic, treatment, undertaking, way

plan VERB 156

to think out; to arrange a method or scheme to accomplish an objective arrange, bargain for, block out, blueprint, brainstorm, calculate, concoct, conspire, contemplate, contrive, cook up, craft, design, devise, draft, engineer, figure out, fix to, form, formulate, frame, hatch, intrigue, invent, line up, map, mastermind, meditate, organize, outline, plot, prepare, project, quarterback, ready, reckon on, represent, rough in, scheme, set out, shape, sketch, steer, trace, work out

pleasant ADJECTIVE 158

socially acceptable or adept; polite; amiable; agreeable

affable, agreeable, amiable, amusing, bland, charming, cheerful, cheery, civilized, congenial, convivial, copacetic, cordial, delightful, diplomatic, enchanting, engaging, enjoyable, fine, friendly, fun, genial, genteel, good-humored, gracious, gratifying, jolly, jovial, kindly, likable, lovely, mild-mannered, nice, obliging, pleasing, pleasurable, polite, refreshing, satisfying, social, soft, sweet, sympathetic, urbane, welcome

problem NOUN 160

situation, matter, or person that presents perplexity or difficulty

box, challenge, complication, count, crunch, dilemma, disagreement, dispute, disputed point, doubt, headache, hitch, holy mess, hot potato, hot water, issue, mess, nut, obstacle, pickle, predicament, quandary, question, scrape, squeeze, trouble, worriment

prove VERB 162

to establish the truth or genuineness of, as by evidence or argument affirm, analyze, ascertain, assay, attest, authenticate, back, bear out, certify, check, confirm, convince, corroborate, declare, demonstrate, determine, document, end up, establish, evidence, evince, examine, experiment, explain, find, fix, justify, make evident, manifest, pan out, result, settle, show, substantiate, sustain, test, testify, trial, try, turn out, uphold, validate, verify, warrant, witness

put verb 164

to move or place anything into or out of a specific location or position

bring, concenter, concentrate, deposit, embed, establish, fasten, fix, fixate, focus, insert, install, invest, lay, nail, park, peg, place, plank, plant, plop, plunk, quarter, repose, rest, rivet, seat, settle, situate, stick

auick ADIECTIVE 166

done, proceeding, or occurring with promptness or rapidity

abrupt, accelerated, active, agile, alert, animated, ASAP, breakneck, brief, brisk, cursory, curt, double time, energetic, expeditious, expeditive, express, fleet, flying, harefooted, hasty, headlong, hurried, immediate, impatient, impetuous, instantaneous, keen, lively, mercurial, nimble, perfunctory, posthaste, prompt, pronto, rapid, responsive, snappy, speedy, spirited, sprightly, spry, sudden, swift, winged

quick adjective 168

prompt to understand, learn, etc.

able, active, acute, adept, adroit, all there, apt, astute, bright, canny, capable, clever, competent, deft, dexterous, discerning, effective, effectual, intelligent, keen, knowing, nimble-witted, perceptive, perspicacious, prompt, quick-witted, ready, receptive, savvy, sharp, shrewd, skillful, slick, vigorous, whiz, wise

ready ADJECTIVE 170

prepared or available for service, action, or progress

accessible, adjusted, all set, anticipating, apt, arranged, at hand, available, bagged, completed, convenient, covered, equipped, expectant, fit, fixed for, handy, in line, in order, in place, in position, near, on call, on hand, on tap, open to, organized, primed, qualified, ripe, set, waiting, wired

regular ADJECTIVE 172

usual; normal; customary; recurring at fixed times; periodic

approved, bona fide, classic, common, commonplace, correct, customary, daily, established, everyday, formal, general, habitual, lawful, legitimate, natural, normal, official, ordinary, orthodox, prevailing, prevalent, proper, routine, run-of-the-mill, sanctioned, standard, time-honored, traditional, typical, unexceptional, unvarying, usual

short ADJECTIVE 174

abridged; brief or concise

abbreviated, aphoristic, bare, boiled-down, breviloquent, **brief**, compendiary, compendious, compressed, **concise**, **condensed**, curtailed, curtate, cut short, decreased, decurtate, diminished, epigrammatic, fleeting, laconic, lessened, little, momentary, pithy, pointed, **precise**, sententious, shortened, short-lived, short-term, **succinct**, **summarized**, summary, terse, undersized, unsustained

simple adjective 176

clear; easy to understand, deal with, use, etc.

child's play, clean, easy, **effortless**, **elementary**, facile, incomplex, **intelligible**, light, lucid, manageable, mild, no problem, no sweat, picnic, plain, quiet, royal, **self-explanatory**, smooth, snap, **straightforward**, transparent, **uncomplicated**, understandable, uninvolved, unmistakable, unmixed, untroublesome, vanilla

small adjective 178

of limited size; of comparatively restricted dimensions; not big baby, bantam, bitty, **cramped**, diminutive, **humble**, immature, **inadequate**, inconsequential, inconsiderable, insignificant, **insufficient**, limited, little, meager, microscopic, mini, **miniature**, **minuscule**, minute, **modest**, narrow, paltry, petite, petty, picayune, pint-sized, pitiful, pocket-sized, poor, puny, pygmy, runty, scanty, short, slight, small-scale, stunted, teeny, toy, trifling, trivial, undersized, wee, young

special ADJECTIVE 180

distinguished or different from what is ordinary or usual

certain, characteristic, chief, choice, defined, definite, designated, determinate, different, distinctive, earmarked, exceptional, exclusive, express, extraordinary, festive, first, gala, important, individual, limited, main, major, marked, memorable, momentous, particular, peculiar, personal, primary, primo, proper, rare, red-letter, reserved, restricted, select, set, significant, smashing, specialized, specific, uncommon, unique, unusual

stay VERB 182

to spend some time in a place, in a situation, with a person or group, etc. abide, bide, bunk, continue, dally, delay, dillydally, endure, establish oneself, halt, hang, hang about, hang around, hang in, hang out, hover, lag, last, linger, loiter, nest, outstay, pause, perch, procrastinate, remain, reprieve, reside, respite, roost, settle, sit tight, sojourn, squat, stand, stay out, stay put, stick around, stop, sweat, sweat it, tarry

strange adjective 184

deviating; unusual, extraordinary, or curious; odd

aberrant, abnormal, astonishing, astounding, atypical, bizarre, curious, different, eccentric, erratic, exceptional, extraordinary, fantastic, far-out, funny, idiosyncratic, ignorant, inexperienced, irregular, marvelous, mystifying, new, newfangled, odd, oddball, off, offbeat, outlandish, out-of-the-way, peculiar, perplexing, quaint, queer, rare, remarkable, singular, unaccountable, unaccustomed, uncanny, uncommon, unfamiliar, unheard of, unseasoned, unusual, weird

take VERB 186

to get into one's hold or possession by voluntary action or by force, skill, or artifice abduct, accept, acquire, arrest, attain, bag, capture, carry off, carve out, catch, choose, clasp, clutch, collar, collect, earn, ensnare, entrap, gain possession, gather up, glom, grab, grasp, grip, handle, haul in, have, hold, nab, nail, obtain, overtake, pick up, pull in, reach, reap, receive, secure, seize, select, snag, snatch, strike, take in, win

take VERB 188

to accept, handle, or deal with in a particular way; to endure

abide, accept, accommodate, bear, bear with, brave, brook, contain, give access, go, go through, hack, hang in, hang on, hang tough, hold, let in, live with, lump it, receive, ride out, stand, stand for, stomach, submit to, suffer, swallow, take it, tolerate, undergo, weather, welcome, withstand

thin ADJECTIVE 190

of relatively slight consistency; scant; not abundant or plentiful

attenuated, beanpole, bony, cadaverous, delicate, emaciated, ethereal, featherweight, fine, fragile, gangly, gaunt, haggard, lanky, lean, lightweight, meager, narrow, peaked, pinched, puny, rangy, rarefied, rawboned, reedy, rickety, scrawny, shriveled, skeletal, skinny, slender, slight, slim, small, spare, spindly, starved, subtle, threadlike, twiggy, undernourished, underweight, wan, wasted, wizened

think VERB 192

to contemplate; to employ one's mind rationally and objectively

analyze, appraise, appreciate, brood, cerebrate, chew, cogitate, comprehend, conceive, consider, deduce, deliberate, estimate, evaluate, examine, figure out, ideate, imagine, infer, intellectualize, judge, logicalize, meditate, mull, mull over, muse, noodle, ponder, rationalize, reason, reflect, resolve, ruminate, sort out, speculate, stew, study, turn over, weigh

try VERB 194

to attempt to do or accomplish

aim, aspire, attack, attempt, bear down, buckle down, compete, contend, contest, drive for, endeavor, essay, exert oneself, go after, hump it, labor, lay to, propose, risk, seek, shoot for, speculate, strive, struggle, tackle, undertake, venture, vie for, work, wrangle

use VERB 196

to employ for some purpose; put into service

accept, adopt, apply, bestow, capitalize, consume, control, do with, draw on, employ, exercise, exert, exhaust, expend, exploit, govern, handle, make do, make use, make with, manage, manipulate, operate, play on, ply, practice, put forth, regulate, relate, run, run through, spend, utilize, waste, wield, work

usual adjective 198

commonplace; everyday

accepted, accustomed, average, chronic, commonplace, constant, conventional, current, customary, everyday, expected, familiar, fixed, frequent, garden variety, general, grind, groove, habitual, mainstream, matter-of-course, natural, normal, ordinary, plain, prevailing, prevalent, quotidian, regular, rife, routine, so-so, standard, stock, typical, unremarkable, vanilla, wonted, workaday

want VERB 200

to feel a need or a desire for; wish for

ache, aspire, be greedy, choose, covet, crave, cream for, desiderate, die over, fancy, hanker, have ambition, hunger, incline toward, itch for, lech for, long, lust, need, pine, prefer, require, spoil for, thirst, wish, yearn, yen for

220 Minicapsules

weird ADIECTIVE 198

of a strikingly odd or unusual character, strange awful, creepy, curious, dreadful, eccentric, eerie, far-out, flaky, freaky, funky, ghastly, ghostly, grotesque, haunting, horrific, kinky, kooky, magical, mysterious, occult, odd, oddball, ominous, outlandish, peculiar, preternatural, queer, secret, singular, spooky, strange, supernatural, uncanny, uncouth, unearthly, unnatural

well ADVERB 200

in a good, proper, commendable, or satisfactory manner; excellently; skillfully ably, accurately, adeptly, adequately, admirably, agreeably, attentively, capably, capitally, carefully, closely, commendably, competently, completely, conscientiously, correctly, effectively, efficiently, effortlessly, excellently, expertly, famously, favorably, fully, irreproachably, nicely, pleasantly, proficiently, profoundly, properly, readily, rightly, satisfactorily, skillfully, smoothly, soundly, splendidly, strongly, successfully, suitably, thoroughly, with skill